Test Booklet Code & Serial No. प्रश्नपत्रिका कोड व क्रमांक Paper-II

# EARTH, ATMOSPHERIC, OCEAN AND PLANETARY SCIENCE

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Sign	nature and Name of Invigilator	Seat No.							
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	e Allowed : 2 Hours]							rks :	
Nun	nber of Pages in this Booklet : 24	Number of	Que	stion	ıs in	this	Book	klet:	100
1. 2. 3.	Instructions for the Candidates  Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided on the top of this page.  This paper consists of 100 objective type questions. Each question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper II will be compulsory. At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as follows:  (i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet.  (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet should be obtained from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted.  (iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.  Each question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.  Example: where (C) is the correct response.	सीत (ii) पहि तसे पृष्टे अस 5 ि घ्या बाढ (iii) वरी ओ: 4. प्रत्येक प्रश्ना आहेत. त्यार्त काळा/निळा व	भापला अ  स दिलेल  त्रकेत 10  श्नपत्रिके  साल्यावर  नपत्रिका  न सलेल  ल्या पृष्ट  च प्रश्नप  अभापण सर्व  नपत्रिका  न सलेल  ल्या पृष्ट  च प्रश्नप  सालेली कि  निटातच्  वी  ल्पामाणे  एम  आर.  साठी (A)  लेल योग्य  करावा	ासन क्रम् या उत्तरप् 0 बहुप् तील स्व विद्यार्थ्या दर प्रश्नप् उघडण्या तिकंवा अवर नम् तिकंवी वा इतर ह पर्यवेक्ष्य तर प्रश्न णार नाह सर्व प उत्तरप्रि , (B), (C	गंक या पृ तित्रकेचा र्यायी प्रश् र्वा प्रश्न स् ला प्रश्न साठी प्रश् साठी प्रश् कमी प्रश् कमी प्रश् सुटी असल माठी वृ मडताळून मकेचा नं ट) आणि । स्काना	क्रमांक त न आहेत गेडिविणे पित्रका वि घडून खा नपित्रकेव उडलेली प्रमाणे प्रश्नांची ज असले त देऊन अदलून वि ज्या विल पाहिल अस्ति विहास (D) अश्	ा वरच्या त्याखाली . प्रत्येक अनिवार्यं दली जाई लील बाग् प्रश्नपत्रि प्रश्नपत्रि प्रश्नपत्रि च्यानंतरच्यानंतरच्यानंतरच्यानंतरच्या ती. चार वि	लिहावाः प्रश्नासः आहे. ल. सुरुव बी अवश्य नेले सील का स्विव केची एः पडताळूः राचा चुक रित्रका सुरुव रादी तसे नींद घ्या व प्रश्नप	दोन गुण गतीच्या 5 प तपासून उघडावे. क्रारू नये. क्रूण पृष्ठे प पहावी. तीचा क्रम व्वातीच्या प मागवून च वेळही वी. जिस्केवर
5.	Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR	<b>उदा. :</b> जर ((	C) है योग् <b>A</b>	य उत्तर ३ ) (B	\ <b>4</b>	į. (	D		
	Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.	<ol> <li>या प्रश्नपत्रिवे</li> </ol>						केतच दश	र्गवावीत.
6.	Read instructions given inside carefully.	इतर ठिकाणी वि							
7.	Rough Work is to be done at the end of this booklet.  If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put	6. आत दिलेल्या	। सूचना ०	મા <b></b> જનાપૃ	୍ବଳ ବାଦ	ાવ્યાત.	<		
8.	any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space	7. प्रश्नपत्रिकेच	या शवटा	जाडलल	या काऱ्य	ा पानावर	च कच्च	्काम क	राव.
	allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your	8. जर आपण अ							
	identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair	नाव, आसन							
	means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.	केलेली आढ							रमागाचा
9.	You have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the	अवलंब केल							o <del></del>
	end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed	9. परीक्षा संपल्य							
	to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on	परत करणे अ द्वितीय प्रत अ							.पात्रकची
	conclusion of examination.							পাচ়.	
10.	Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.	10. फक्त निळ्या 11. कॅलक्युलेटर						<del>}</del>	
11.	Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited.	11. फलक्युलटर 12. चुकोच्या उत्त						U.	
12.	There is no negative marking for incorrect answers.	12. 99/19/10/1	44101	1 7/7/	1 7/511 6	007.10	61.		

# APR - 35224/II—B

# Earth, Atmospheric, Ocean and Planetary Science Paper II

Time Allowed: 120 Minutes] [Maximum Marks: 200

**Note:** This paper contains **Hundred** (100) multiple choice questions. Each question carrying **Two** (2) marks. Attempt *All* questions.

- 1. The triple junction between African, Indo-Australian and Antarctic plates is of the type:
  - (A) RTR
  - (B) RTF
  - (C) RRR
  - (D) FTR
- - (A) Remains same with distance
  - (B) Decreases with distance
  - (C) Decreases logarithmically
  - (D) Becomes infinity
- 3. The mineral assemblage Larnite-Merwinite-Spurrite-Ranikinite is typical of:
  - (A) Zeotite facies
  - (B) Blue schist facies
  - (C) Sanidinite facies
  - (D) Granulite facies

- 4. The Acheulean hand axes begin to appear at around:
  - (A) 4.6 Ma
  - (B) 1.76 Ma
  - (C) 0.78 Ma
  - (D) 50,000 years BP
- 5. The amino acid formation is dextro
  i.e. right rotating after an organism
  dies then, which one of the following
  is true?
  - (A) The amount of dextro rotations can be counted for age
  - (B) Dextro to Levo ratio can be determined for age
  - (C) There is no use for age calculation
  - (D) Amino acids complete the rotation by 10000 years

- 6. During quaternary, the magnetostratigraphy boundary; Brunhes/ Matuyam occur presicely at:
  - (A) 2.56 Ma
  - (B) 0.78 Ma
  - (C) 3.58 Ma
  - (D) 1.78 Ma
- 7. The average movement of glacial ice in the glaciers are of the order of :
  - (A) 10 to 300 m/year
  - (B) 10 to 300 km/year
  - (C) 1.5 to 250 cm/year
  - (D) 100 to 200 m/day
- 8. The intrinsic strength parameters of a soil are c' = 0,  $\phi' = 30^{\circ}$ . Assuming that in an element of this soil failure has been reach on a plane at 45° to the horizontal, with a value  $\sigma'_f = 10$  kPa. Find the shear stress at failure  $\tau_f$ :
  - (A) 9.76 kPa
  - (B) 8.26 kPa
  - (C) 7.90 kPa
  - (D) 5.77 kPa

9. Features given below are diagnostic to which sedimentary environment?

## Tectonic setting:

Mostly found in rifting continental grabens, foreland basin, overthrust mountain belts undergoing rapid uplift.

# Geometry:

Wedge-shaped, limited in lateral extend upto few meters to kilometers, thickness can be tremendous if subsidence is persistent.

## **Typical Sequence:**

Coarsing upward of cross-bedded sandstone channel lag conglomerates, unsorted debris-flow deposits.

# **Sedimentology:**

Extreme range in grain size boulders to clay, fanglomerate and cross-bedded sandstone common unsorted debris-flow, reverse grading, sieve deposit, sediment immature and angular with rock fragments and feldspar.

#### Fossils:

Fossils and organic matter are rare.

- (A) Lacustrine
- (B) Meandering fluvial
- (C) Alluvial fans
- (D) Braded fluvial

- 10. .....is shallow diagensis stage occurring shortly after burial.
  - (A) Paragensis
  - (B) Eodiagensis
  - (C) Mesodiagensis
  - (D) Telodiagensis
- 11. Pettijohn proposed the "Fluidity
  Index" based on :
  - (A) Matrix-Rich Wacke Versus

    Matrix-Poor Arenite
  - (B) Ratio of Rock Fragments to Feldspar
  - (C) Perentage of Quartz or Ratio ofQuartz to Feldspar + RockFragments
  - (D) Accessory Mineral Versus Mica and Clay Minerals

- 12. An engineering mechanics soil project, a stratigraphic column below the horizontal ground level of a wide valley is formed by 3 m of coarse gravels over a 12 m clay deposit. Below the clay layer a highly permeable fractured sandstone. The water table in the gravel bed is 0.6 m below ground surface. The sandstone bed has aretesian condition having piezometric height of 6 m above ground level and the gravel bed is very parmeable and assumbed to be hydrostatic. Determine the hydraulic gradient.
  - (A) 0.04
  - (B) 0.55
  - (C) 0.70
  - (D) 0.96

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13. A large landfill is planned on 10 m of normally consolidated clays with an underlying rock stratum. The water table is at ground surface. Clay samples extracted from the stratum at an intermediate point at a depth of 5 m indicated following soil properties: saturated unit weight,  $r_{\rm sat} = 20 \ \rm kN/m^3$ , void ratio,  $e_0 = 0.8$  and compression index  $C_c = 0.15$ .

Determine the settlement of the clay layer if the increase in vertical stress due to the landfill load is  $\Delta\sigma = 80 \text{ kPa}:$ 

- (A) 05 cm
- (B) 33 cm
- (C) 97 cm
- (D) 106 cm

14. The foundation footing for a viaduct are to be sunk into sand and gravel alluvium. According to the borehole data the water table is at considerable depth, below the foundation area of influence. The unit weight of the ground is  $r = 20 \text{ kN/m}^3$  and the effective angle of internal friction, as deduced from penetrometer test is  $\phi' = 35^\circ$ .

Find the effective ultimate bearing capacity for the footing of the viaduct, 4 m wide and 8 m long on the ground plan, if they are sunk 2 m below ground level.

- (A) 1105 kPa
- (B) 3313 kPa
- (C) 5002 kPa
- (D) 8017 kPa
- 15. The zone of transition between a continent and an ocean basin is known as:
  - (A) Continental slope
  - (B) Continental shelf
  - (C) Continental margin
  - (D) Abyssal floor

- 16. Abyssal hills covers approximately how much area in seafloor?
  - (A) 20-25%
  - (B) 40-50%
  - (C) 80-85%
  - (D) 30-40%
- 17. Which of the following statements about seafloor hydrothermal vents are correct?
  - (i) They are most common near passive continental margin.
  - (ii) They are so hot and deepseated, the environment prevents organisms from living there.
  - (iii) They form when dissolved minerals in the hot fluid form solid precipitates when exposed to cold seawater.
  - (iv) They form when seawater percolates into the oceanic crust and gets superheated by magma chamber.
  - (A) (i) and (ii)
  - (B) (i) and (iii)
  - (C) (iii) and (iv)
  - (D) (ii) and (iv)

- 18. The highest salinity is observed between:
  - (A) 0-5° N latitude
  - (B) 5-10° N latitude
  - (C) 20-40° N latitude
  - (D) 10-20° N latitude
- 19. The average annual temperature of surface seawater at the equator is:
  - (A) 35.45 °C
  - (B) 37.5 °C
  - (C) 26.7 °C
  - (D) 24.5 °C
- 20. Primary reason of current flowing from Atlantic ocean to the Mediterranean Sea is:
  - (A) Gibralter strait
  - (B) Salinity difference
  - (C) Temperature difference
  - (D) Density difference
- 21. The height of tropopause decreases rapidly in :
  - (A) Intertropical convergence zone
  - (B) Subtropical and polar front zone
  - (C) The tropics from east to west
  - (D) The tropics from west to east

- 22. In general, electrical methods are commonly employed for :
  - (A) Relatively shallow subsurface exploration
  - (B) Deep subsurface exploration
  - (C) Very deep subsurface exploration
  - (D) Groundwater exploration only
- 23. In Wenner configuration the electrodes are :
  - (A) Equally spaced
  - (B) Unequally spaced
  - (C) Space between current electrodes is more than the potential electrodes
  - (D) Space between current electrodes is less than the potential electrodes
- 24. Coal which burns like a candle when ignited is called:
  - (A) Boghead coal
  - (B) Cannel coal
  - (C) Lignite
  - (D) Anthracite

- 25. Which method is used for detailed exploration of oil and gas?
  - (A) Gravity method
  - (B) Magnetic method
  - (C) Seismic reflection method
  - (D) Electrical resistivity method
- 26. Which of the following minerals is best suited for fluid inclusion thermometry?
  - (A) Magnetite
  - (B) Ilmenite
  - (C) Fluorite
  - (D) Chalcopyrite
- 27. Minerals that form natural solutions in each other and at determined lower temperature unmix to form distinguishable mineral intergrowths called:
  - (A) Colloform
  - (B) Colloidal
  - (C) Exsolution
  - (D) Replacement

- 28. Lake Superior type of deposits are related to :
  - (A) Sedimentary BIF
  - (B) VHMS
  - (C) Greisens
  - (D) Skarns
- 29. Match the following:

#### T

- (1) Magmatic dissemination
- (2) Magmatic segregation
- (3) Residual liquid segregation
- (4) Residual liquid injection

#### II

- (i) Chromite deposits of Keonjhar, Odisha
- (ii) Titaniferous magnetite deposits of Adirondack region of New York
- (iii) Diamond deposit of Panna, Madhya Pradesh
- (iv) Titaniferous magnetite bands of Bushveld Complex, South Africa

#### Codes:

- (1) (2) (3) (4)
- (A) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (B) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (C) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (D) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)

- 30. The association of serpentinites, radiolarian cherts and podiform chromites is found in:
  - (A) Mid oceanic ridges
  - (B) Layered igneous complexes
  - (C) Continental rift zones
  - (D) Suture zones
- 31. Which of the following is *not* a type of carbonate hosted strata-bound deposit?
  - (A) Mississippi valley-type
  - (B) Irish-type
  - (C) Appalachian-type
  - (D) Kiruna-type
- 32. The government defines less than ...... cubic meters per person per year as water scarcity.
  - (A) 1000
  - (B) 2000
  - (C) 2500
  - (D) 3000

- 33. Just prior to a Tsunami coming ashore, sea level appears to fall quickly. This phenomenon is called:
  - (A) Sea level drop
  - (B) Draw fall
  - (C) Draw down
  - (D) Dip in sea level
- 34. The embankments constructed parallel to river for flood protection are called:
  - (A) Terraces
  - (B) Groynes
  - (C) Levees
  - (D) Guide banks
- 35. The saline water-fresh water interface in coastal aquifers was thoroughly studied by:
  - (A) Darcy
  - (B) Dupuit
  - (C) Ghyben-Herzberg
  - (D) Bousinesq

- 36. The boundary between vadoze and phreatic zone is called as .............
  - (A) Water Depth
  - (B) Water Table
  - (C) Ground Table
  - (D) Water Line
- 37. Which water remains in the soil after gravitational water is drained out and that is in the form of a film around the soil grains?
  - (A) Gravitational
  - (B) Hydroscopic
  - (C) Capillary
  - (D) Pellicular
- 38. In Dharwar craton, amphibolite to granulite facies transition that takes place from north to south across the orthopyroxene isograd is popularly known as:
  - (A) Moyar-Bhavani Shear Zone
  - (B) Fermor Line
  - (C) Palghat-Cauvery Shear Zone
  - (D) Achankovil Shear Zone

39.	Which	of	the	following	is	not	a
	craton	?					

- (A) Singhbhum
- (B) Dharwar
- (C) Bastar
- (D) Eastern ghats
- 40. Which one of the following schist belt *does not* belong to Dharwar craton?
  - (A) Sonakhan schist belt
  - (B) Holenarasipur schist belt
  - (C) Sandur schist belt
  - (D) Wayanad schist belt
- 41. Which one of the following belong to Purana sedimentary basins of peninsular India ?
  - (A) Krishna-Godavari basin
  - (B) Khariar-Indravati basin
  - (C) Cambay basin
  - (D) Cauvery basin

42. Match the following:

### List-I

- (a) Palamau Tiger Reserve
- (b) Sultanpur Bird Sanctuary
- (c) Shikari Devi Wildlife Sanctuary
- (d) Bandipur National Park

### List-II

- (i) Haryana
- (ii) Karnataka
- (iii) Jharkhand
- (iv) Himachal Pradesh

#### Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (B) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (C) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
- (D) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)

- 43. Which of the following statement/s is/are not correct with respect to positive southern Oscillation Index ?
  - (i) Port Darwin pressure exceeds
    Tahiti
  - (ii) Pressure high over Indian Ocean and low over east pacific
  - (iii) Low rainfall over eastern pacific and prospects of good monsoon rain over India and Indian ocean.

### Codes:

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (i) and (ii) only
- (C) (ii) and (iii) only
- (D) (iii) only
- 44. The absolute humidity of a rising air parcel is 20 grams per cubic meter. The volume of the air parcel is one cubic meter. If the volume of air parcel increases four times of its initial size, what will be the absolute humidity?
  - (A) 80 grams per cubic meter
  - (B) 10 grams per cubic meter
  - (C) 8 grams per cubic meter
  - (D) 5 grams per cubic meter

- 45. Which of the following statements correctly describes barchan?
  - (i) This type of dune has the outline of a crescent and the points of crescent are directed downwind.
  - (ii) On the upwind side of the crest,the sand slope is steep.
  - (iii) On the downwind side of the dune, within the crescent the stope is gentle.

#### Codes:

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (i) and (ii) only
- (C) (iii) only
- (D) (ii) and (iii) only
- 46. The earth wobbles slowly as it spins on its axis. This is known as:
  - (A) Precession
  - (B) Variability
  - (C) Obliquity
  - (D) Eccentricity

- 47. Amongst the given states, in India tropical thorn forests occur in :
  - (i) Maharashtra
  - (ii) Nagaland
  - (iii) Karnataka
  - (iv) Arunachal Pradesh

## Codes:

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) and (iii) only
- (C) (i) and (iii) only
- (D) (iv) only
- 48. Read the following statements carefully and select the correct answer from the codes given below:
  - (i) When sand arrives at a particular section of a beach more rapidly than it is carried away, the beach is widened and built oceanward, causing retrogradation.
  - (ii) When sand leaves a section of a beach more rapidly than it is brought in, the beach is narrowed and the shoreline moves landward, causing progradation.

#### Codes:

- (A) Both (i) and (ii) are true
- (B) Both (i) and (ii) are false
- (C) (i) is true but (ii) is false
- (D) (i) is false but (ii) is true

- 49. In terms of area which landforms dominate the terrestrial environment?
  - (A) Landforms made by waves and currents
  - (B) Landforms made by wind action
  - (C) Landforms made by glacial ice
  - (D) Landforms made by fluvial action
- 50. Which is the point on the ground vertically beneath the center of the camera lens at the time the aerial photograph was taken?
  - (A) Fudicial mark
  - (B) Camera lens center
  - (C) Isocenter
  - (D) Gound Nadir

- 51. Which of the following statements regarding remote sensing is correct?
  - (A) The interaction of EMR with target
  - (B) The emission of EMR from the target
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
- 52. Which of the following rock type show light tone?
  - (A) Marble
  - (B) Basalt
  - (C) Dolerite
  - (D) Magnetite quartzite
- 53. Which of the following is not a radiometric correction used in image processing when there is interference with the radiance measured by an instrument?
  - (A) Noise removal
  - (B) Ozone depletion correction
  - (C) Sun angle correction
  - (D) Haze correction

- 54. By 'Spatial Data' we mean that data that has:
  - (A) Complex values
  - (B) Positional values
  - (C) Graphic values
  - (D) Decimal values
- 55. What is the correct set of combination in radio waves ?
  - (A) Shorter wavelength: high frequency
  - (B) Shorter wavelength: less frequency
  - (C) Longer wavelength : less frequency
  - (D) Longer wavelength : high frequency
- 56. Thermal maturation of sedimentary organic matter to hydrocarbons is driven by :
  - (A) Temperature only
  - (B) Time only
  - (C) Both temperature and time
  - (D) Temperature and pressure

- 57. The location of an earthquake's epicentre can be determined from the arrival times of the P and S waves at a seismograph station. The exact position of the epicentre can be determined from data at:
  - (A) One station
  - (B) Two stations
  - (C) Three or more stations
  - (D) One near and one far station
- 58. If P-wave and S-wave were to go from a solid to a liquid medium, what would happen to their velocity?
  - (A) Velocity of P-wave and S-wave would increase
  - (B) Velocity of P-wave and S-wave would decrease
  - (C) Velocity of P-wave would decrease and velocity of S-wave would decrease to zero
  - (D) P-wave and S-wave velocities would not change

- 59. Plate boundary zones are characterized by the presence of :
  - (A) High heat flow
  - (B) High seismic and magmatic activity
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
- 60. Continental convergent zones may be related with:
  - (A) Compression and thin crust
  - (B) Compression and thick crust
  - (C) Extension and thin crust
  - (D) Extension and thick crust
- 61. Earth acts as a:
  - (A) Low pass filter, which attenuates the high frequency signals
  - (B) High pass filter, which attenuates the high frequency signals
  - (C) High pass filter, which attenuates the low frequency signals
  - (D) Low pass filter, which attenuates the low frequency signals

### APR - 35224/II—B

- 62. Which of the following logs is used for depth matching and well to well correlation while running other logs?
  - (A) Natural gamma
  - (B) Gamma-gamma
  - (C) Neutron log
  - (D) S.P. log
- 63. How much time will be required for a sample of hydrogen-3 to lose 75% of its radioactivity? Half life of tritium is 12.26 years:
  - (A) 36.8 years
  - (B) 24.5 years
  - (C) 49 years
  - (D) 20.6 years

- 64. If the geothermal gradient is  $0.02\,\frac{\mathrm{K}}{m}$  and the corresponding rock thermal conductivity is  $3\,\mathrm{W/m/K}$ , the estimated heat flow would be :
  - (A) 6 milli Watt/m<sup>2</sup>
  - (B) 60 milli Watt/m<sup>2</sup>
  - (C) 600 milli Watt/m<sup>2</sup>
  - (D) 0.06 milli Watt/m<sup>2</sup>
- 65. The greater the distance between the seismic event and a recording seismograph station, the .............. is the time it takes for the first wave to arrive, and the ............. the interval between the arrival of P and S waves.
  - (A) Shorter, longer
  - (B) Greater, longer
  - (C) Longer, shorter
  - (D) Shorter, shorter

- 66. ENSO is a complex interannual tropical oscillation due to the unstable coupling of the :
  - (A) Ocean and the atmosphere
  - (B) Ocean and the land
  - (C) Land and the ocean
  - (D) The atmosphere and the land
- 67. Long-range or seasonal forecasting aims to predict weather at lead times of:
  - (A) 3 to 5 days
  - (B) 7 days to 3 weeks
  - (C) annual
  - (D) a month or a season
- 68. The effects of gravity acting on perturbations to a density gradient in vertical are referred as:
  - (A) Rossby waves
  - (B) Kelvin waves
  - (C) Gravity waves
  - (D) Inertia waves

- 69. Anticyclones in the wind plots are:
  - (A) Clockwise circulations north of the equator
  - (B) Clockwise circulations south of the equator
  - (C) Anticlockwise circulations south of the equator
  - (D) Clockwise circulations of the equator
- 70. The chemical composition of the planktic foraminifera's shell/test is:
  - (A) CaCO<sub>3</sub>
  - (B) MgSO<sub>4</sub>
  - (C) SiO<sub>2</sub>
  - $\mathrm{(D)}\ \mathrm{Ca_3(PO)_4}$
- 71. Widely spaced isobars indicate a:
  - (A) Steap pressure gradient and strong winds
  - (B) Weak pressure gradient and light winds
  - (C) Steap pressure gradient and light winds
  - (D) Weak pressure gradient and strong winds

72.	Which brachiopod genus has a	75.	Which foraminifera is used as an			
	straight hinge line?		index fossil for the Eocene and			
	(A) Gryphus		Oligocene ?			
	(B) Spirifer		(A) Miogypinid			
	• ,		(B) Globotruncanella			
	(C) Terebratula		(C) Lepidocycilina			
	(D) Lingula		(D) Fusulinid			
73.	The feeding body of bryozoan is	76.	Which Global Stratigraphic Section			
	called:		and Point (GSSP) stage boundary is			
	(A) Cystid		marked in a speleothem ?			
	(B) Coelom		(A) Northgrippian stage			
74.	C) Polypide		(B) Meghalayan stage			
	(D) Operculum		(C) Gelesian stage			
	Trace fossil pascichnia indicate which strategy?		(D) Zanclean stage			
		77.	The age of Takche Formation, Spiti			
	(A) Crawling		Valley, Himachal is:			
			(A) Ordovician			
	(B) Grazing		(B) Cambrian			
	(C) Resting		(C) Jurassic			
	(D) Escaping		(D) Palaeocene			

- - (A) Initial soil moisture condition
  - (B) Physical properties of the soil
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
- 79. The gravity measurements over the oceans indicate that generally the free-air anomaly is nearly zero. This is because:
  - (A) The ocean basins are poorly sedimented
  - (B) Ocean basins are in isostatic equilibrium
  - (C) Mantle below oceans are isostatic
  - (D) Free-air anomaly is invalid due to ocean waters
- 80. Low concentration of Fe in surface ocean waters after the Late Archaean may be linked to:
  - (A) Less submarine volcanism
  - (B) Great carbon event
  - (C) Great oxidation event
  - (D) Decreased sea floor spreading

- 81. Which of the following minerals contains Barium ?
  - (A) Corundum
  - (B) Apatite
  - (C) Gypsum
  - (D) Celsian
- 82. New metamorphic mineral due to chemical reaction changes its:
  - (A) Phase
  - (B) Texture
  - (C) Form
  - (D) Size
- 83. What is a concentration of Ni in an olivine crystal, in equilibrium with a melt having 150 ppm Ni and

$$^{\rm Ni}D_{\rm 01-liq.}=12$$

- (A) 0.18 wt%
- (B) 12.5 wt%
- (C) 18 wt%
- (D) 1.25 wt%

- 84. Pb isotopic data from southern hemisphere shows compositional similarity to EM type of mantle reservoir is known as:
  - (A) HIMU
  - (B) NHRL
  - (C) FOZO
  - (D) DUPAL
- 85. Higher ratios of <sup>87</sup>Sr/<sup>86</sup>Sr and lower values of epsilon Nd (εNd) are observed in continental flood basalts because of:
  - (A) Its derivation from deeper mantle source
  - (B) Due to lower amounts of partial melting
  - (C) Entrainment of mantle material
  - (D) Assimilation of continental crust
- 86. Which one of the following Uranium isotopes is not occurring in the nature?
  - $(A)\ U^{235}$
  - (B)  $U^{234}$
  - (C)  $U^{238}$
  - (D) U<sup>232</sup>

- 87. Composition of the resultant partial melts is different from the composition of original rock primarily because of:
  - (A) Melt induced buoyancy
  - (B) Varying amounts of fractional crystallization
  - (C) The difference in melting temperatures of minerals
  - (D) Similarity in melting temperatures of minerals
- 88. Crystallization of new phlogopite mineral in the existing mantle peridotite is an example of which of the following process?
  - (A) Cryptic metasomatism of Dawson (1984)
  - (B) Patent Metasomatism of Harte (1983)
  - (C) Sulphide metasomatism
  - (D) Mantle depletion

- 89. Consider the following statements:

  Statement-1: The radius of Cr<sup>+3</sup>
  ion is close to Fe<sup>+3</sup> ion but chromium
  show a high degree of preferential
  concentration relative to ferric ion.
  - **Statement–2**: Cr<sup>+3</sup> ion has strong crystal field stabilisation energy relative to that of Fe<sup>+3</sup> ion.

Which of the statement is correct with respect to the above statements?

- (A) Both Statement-1 and Statement-2 are true and Statement-1 is the correct explanation of Statement-2
- (B) Both Statement-1 and Statement-2 are true and Statement-1 is not the correct explanation of Statement-2
- (C) Statement-1 is true but Statement-2 is false
- (D) Statement-1 is false but Statement-2 is true

- 90. Which of the following processes is responsible for the incorporation of sulphides in the komatiite magmas?
  - (A) Very low amounts of partial melting
  - (B) Assimilation of crustal material
  - (C) Extreme fractionation of magma
  - (D) Higher amounts of partial melting
- 91. Amba Dongar in India is known for which of the following?
  - (A) Carbonatite complex
  - (B) Anorthosite complex
  - (C) Chromite complex
  - (D) Kimberlite complex
- 92. The maximum permissible limit of fluoride in drinking water as per WHO guidelines is:
  - (A) 1.5 mg/L
  - (B) 1.0 mg/L
  - (C) 2.5 mg/L
  - (D) 3.0 mg/L

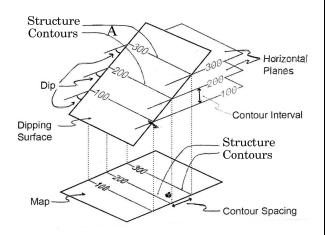
93. Complete the reaction:

Gedrite + Quartz = Hypersthene +  $H_2O$ 

- (A) Cordierite
- (B) Kyanite
- (C) Both (A) and (B)
- (D) Plagioclase
- 94. Choose the *correct* sequence of deformation and metamorphism:
  - (A) Shale  $\rightarrow$  Slate  $\rightarrow$  Phyllite  $\rightarrow$  Schist  $\rightarrow$  Gneiss
  - (B) Shale  $\rightarrow$  Slate  $\rightarrow$  Phyllite  $\rightarrow$  Gneiss  $\rightarrow$  Schist
  - (C) Shale  $\rightarrow$  Phyllite  $\rightarrow$  Schist  $\rightarrow$  Slate  $\rightarrow$  Gneiss
  - (D) Gneiss  $\rightarrow$  Phyllite  $\rightarrow$  Slate  $\rightarrow$  Schist  $\rightarrow$  Shale
- 95. Orthopyroxene occurs in high temperature anhydrous granitoids is known as:
  - (A) Plagiogranite
  - (B) Charnockite
  - (C) Enderbite
  - (D) Tonalite

- 96. Which amongst the following are true characteristics of simple shear?
  - (1) Lines along the shear plane deform or rotate
  - (2) Physical lines rotate faster than the axes of the strain ellipse
  - (3) In the Schmidt net, lines rotate along great circle outward from the shearing direction
  - (4) The sense of line rotation is the same for any line orientation
  - (A) (1) and (3) are true; (2) and (4) are false
  - (B) (2) is true; (1), (3) and (4) are false
  - (C) (2) and (4) are true; (1) and (3) are false
  - (D) (1), (2), (3) and (4) are true
- 97. X = Y > Z = 1 indicates :
  - (A) Uniaxial contraction
  - (B) Uniaxial extension
  - (C) Biaxial contraction
  - (D) Biaxial extension

- 98. Plotting pitch is useful when rocks contain:
  - (A) Lineation
  - (B) Foliation
  - (C) Gneissosity
  - (D) Parting
- 99. In the given diagram below, the dip of the plane A is:



- (A)  $30^{\circ}$
- (B)  $60^{\circ}$
- (C)  $45^{\circ}$
- (D) 24°

- 100. Despite being older, the Aravali
  rocks from the type area are lower
  grade than the juxtaposed Delhi
  metasediments:
  - (A) The two units experienced different metamorphism at same place
  - (B) The two units were temporally apart then accreted
  - (C) Delhi experience thermal metamorphism due to Lava flow
  - (D) The Aravalis deposited latter than Delhi

# APR - 35224/II—B

# **ROUGH WORK**