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| | e Allowed : 2 Hours] | | | (10 | | | • | | | (200 |
| Num | ber of Pages in this Booklet : 16 | Nu | mber of | Ques | stion | ns in | this | Bool | slet : | 100 |
| 1. 2. 3. | Instructions for the Candidates Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided on the top of this page. This paper consists of 100 objective type questions. Each question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper II will be compulsory. At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as follows: (i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet. (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted. (iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet. (iii) Each of the store atternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item. | 1. 2. 3. 4. | सील (ii) पहि तसे पृष्ठे अस 5 मि घ्यार वाढ (iii) वरी | स दिलेल्प त्रकेत 10 रनपत्रिकेत बाल्यावर ये आपण यात. पत्रिका उ न नसलेर्ल ल्या पृष्ठ व प्रश्नपा कमी अ लेली किंग वून मिळा एप्रमाणे एम.आर. साठी (A), ल योग्य करावा. | या उत्तरप 0 बहुप तील सद विद्याथ्य सदर 1 उघडण्या वा इतर 1 पर्यवेक्ष सलेली/ वा इतर 1 पर्यवेक्ष सर्व प उत्तरपति , (B), (C उत्तराच | मंत्रिकेचा र्यायी प्रश् ई प्रश्न स् र्माला प्रश्- प्रश्नपत्रिय सील उष् स् सील उष् स् केल्य प्रिका य काला पर पत्रिका व ो याची वृ पडताळू- प्रकेचा नं ()) आणि ा रकाना | क्रमांक न आहेत गेडिविणे गपत्रिका का उघड नपत्रिके प्रश्नाच प्रश्नाच ल अस्त् ते देऊन बदलून जिम्पया वि जिम्पया वि जिम्पया वि जिम्प्या के जिन्त् जिम्प्या वि जिन्त्र जिम्प्या वि जिन्त्र जे जिन्त्र जे जे जिन्त्र जे जिन्त्र जे जे जा जा जा जा जा जा | त्याखाली अत्विवायं दिली ज दिली ज दून खाल वर लावत प्रश्नपत्रि प्रश्नपत्रि प्रश्नपत्रि प्रश्नपत्रि दुसरी प्र चार्थ्यांनी त्यानंतर- वा. गी चार गि | । लिहावा प्रश्नास ो आहे. 1ईल. सु. 1ईल. सु. 1ले बार्ब केची ए पडताळू भनपत्रिक नांदी तसे नांद घ्या व प्रश्न व करूप उ | दोन गुण रुवातीच्य ते अवश्य त उघडावे. करूण पृष्टे न पहावी. ते मागवू- वेळही वी. पत्रिकेवर उत्तरे दिर्ल |
| 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. | Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated. Read instructions given inside carefully. Rough Work is to be done at the end of this booklet. If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification. You have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. | 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. | या प्रश्नपत्रिके इतर ठिकाणी f आत दिलेल्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्ट जर आपण अ नाव, आसन केलेली आढढ अवलंब केल्य परीक्षा संपल्य परीक्षा संपल्य परीक्षा संपल्य फक्त निळ्या | (A) उतील प्रश्- लहिलेली सूचना व सूचना व रा, एम.आ क्रमांक, प ठून आल्य पास विद्या गतर विद्य वश्यक अ ापल्याबर किंवा का | मांची उत्त उत्तरे तप ठाळजीपृ जोडलेल र. वर न कोन नंब श्र्याला श्र्याला श्रार्थ्यानि स अथव श्र्याला श्रार्थ्यानि क्या बॉ | रो ओ.एम् सिली जाप ्र्वक वाच्च त्या कोऱ्य मामूद केले मा कोऱ्य परीक्षे स मूळ ओ.ए पि, प्रश्नप पा स विद्य ल पेनचा | म.आर. उ जगर नाहीव जाव्यात. 11 पानावन ल्या ठिव आळख 4 भाषेचा अपात्र ठ 3 पम.आर. 4 त्रिका व 18यांना प् च वापर | त. रच कच्चे काणार्व्या पटेल अग वापर कि रविण्यात उत्तरपत्रि । ओ.एम. । ओ.एम. गरवानगी करावा. | ा काम क तेरिक्त इत शी कोण वा इतर चेईल. का पर्यवे आर. उत्त आहे. | रावे. तर कोठेई तीही खूण गैरमार्गांच 1क्षकांकडे |
| 11. | Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited. | 11. | कॅलक्युलेटर जकीच्या उच | | | | | | đ. | |
| 12. | There is no negative marking for incorrect answers. | 12. | चुकीच्या उत्त | રાસાઠા મુ | ण कपील | া কলো অ | गणार न | 61. | | |

Earth, Atmospheric, Ocean and Planetary Science Paper II

Time Allowed : 120 Minutes][Maximum Marks : 200Note : This Paper contains Hundred (100) multiple choice questions. Each questioncomming Time (2) morely Attempt All questions

carrying **Two (2)** marks. Attempt *All* questions.

| supe (A) (B) (C) | e correct order of succession of ercontinent formation amongst following is : Rodinia–Pangea–Gondwana Columbia–Arctica–Atlantica Columbia–Rodinia–Pannotia | 5. | The first appearance datum (FAD) of which fossil species demarcate the Cambrian-Ordovician boundary ? (A) FAD Trichophycus pedum (B) FAD Oryctocephalus indicus (C) FAD Lapetognathus fluctivagus | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------|--|--|--|
| 2. The class (A) (B) (C) | Columbia-Gondwana-Rodinia e value of SAR is used in ssifying the water for : Domestic use Irrigation use Industrial use (A) and (B) | 6. 7. | (D) FAD Tetragraptus approximates Trace fossil Repichnia indicates which strategy ? (A) Feeding (B) Grazing (C) Locomotion (D) Escaping Which sponge species has spicules | | |
| pale Kas (A) (B) (C) | ich stratigraphic unit of the eozoic succession of Lidar Valley, shmir Basin is unfossiliferous ? Hapatnar Group Muth Formation Zewan Formation Fenestella shales | 8. | composed of silicic acid ? (A) Euplectella (B) Sycon (C) Leucosolenia (D) Petrosoma The term 'coprolite' is applied to (A) Fossil shell (B) Fossil excreta (C) Fossil traces (D) Fossil bones | | |
| a go Bios (A) (B) (C) | ich of the following is considered ood index fossil for the Mesozoic stratigraphy ? Forominifera Conodont Ammonite Echinoderm | 9. | (D) Fossil bolles Which of the following is not a body fossil ? (A) Ptilophyllum (B) Neogloboquadrina (C) Valcourea (D) Ceratites | | |

- 10. Short range forecasting refers to forecasting the weather valid for :
 - (A) 1 week to 2 weeks
 - (B) 3 weeks to 4 weeks
 - (C) 1 to 3 days
 - (D) 4 to 5 days
- 11. The average electrical conductivity of the Earth is about :
 - (A) 10 s/meter
 - $(B) \ 1 \ s/meter$
 - (C) 10^{-3} s/meter
 - (D) 10^{-9} s/meter
- 12. Stationary front occurs when :
 - (A) Surface position of a front moves so that warm air occupies territory formerly covered by cooler air
 - (B) Cold continental polar air actively advances into a region occupied by warm air
 - (C) An active cold front overtakes a warm front
 - (D) Air flow on both sides of a front is neither towards the cold air mass nor towards the warm air mass
- 13. The Coriolis force at the equator is :
 - (A) negative (B) positive
 - (C) infinite (D) zero

- 14. The electric potential of the electrosphere is positive with respect to Earth and its magnitude is about:
 (A) 1000 kV
 (B) 3000 kV
 (C) 300 kV
 (D) 30 kV
- 15. In regions when there is a net outflow of air, a situation referred to as :
 - (A) Convergence (B) Advection(C) Convection (D) Divergence
- 16. The dominant mechanism of heat transfer in a hot spring is :(A) Radiation (B) Convection(C) Conduction (D) Transmission
- 17. The three principal stresses S_v , S_H and S_h represent the magnitudes of vertical component of stress, maximum horizontal stress and minimum horizontal stress. According to Anderson's faulting theory, a strike-slip fault movement may be inferred if :

- 18. The half-life of radioactive decay of ${}^{14}C$ is 5730 years. An archaeological artifact containing wood had only 80% of the ${}^{14}C$ found in a living tree. The estimated age of the artifact would be :
 - (A) 3208 years(B) 5730 years(C) 1846 years(D) 2303 years

- 19. Which of the following statements is *correct* ?
 - (i) Seismic reflection method depends on acoustic impedance contrast
 - (*ii*) Gravity method is sensitive to lateral density variations
 - (*iii*) Magnetic method is sensitive to susceptibility contrast
 - (*iv*) Electrical method depends on electrical resistivity variations
 - (A) Only (i) is correct
 - (B) Only (ii) and (iii) are correct
 - (C) Only (*iv*) is correct
 - (D) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct
- 20. A cross-plot between which two well logs show "football" effect/presence of free gas ?
 - (A) Neutron-Sonic
 - (B) Neutron-density
 - (C) Density-Sonic
 - (D) NMR-Neutron
- 21. A single tone 5 kHz message signal is sampled with 12 kHz, 8 kHz and 5 kHz. "Aliasing" effect will be observed in the reconstructed signal, when the 5 kHz signal is sampled with :
 - $(A) \ 12 \ kHz$
 - (B) Both 12 kHz and 8 kHz
 - (C) Both 8 kHz and 5 kHz
 - (D) Aliasing will not be observed in any case

- 22. The segments of oceanic crust between island arcs and continents are termed :
 - (A) Fore-arc basins
 - (B) Island arc margins
 - (C) Back-arc basins
 - (D) Sea mounts
- 23. The stress regime at the mid-ocean ridges is tensional in character. This is supported by earthquakes due to :
 - (A) Normal faulting
 - (B) Strike-slip faulting
 - (C) High angle reverse faulting
 - (D) Opening of rift at the ridge crest
- 24. The focal mechanism solution of an earthquake depicts quadrants of :
 - (A) Dilatation
 - (B) Compression
 - (C) Compression and dilatation
 - (D) Amount of energy released
- 25. Evidence for the Earth's liquid outer core comes from the fact that :
 - (A) S-waves do not travel through the core
 - (B) A shadow zone for S-waves exists beyond 103° from the earthquakes focus
 - $(C) \ Both \ (A) \ and \ (B)$
 - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
- 26. How many total number of pixel values will a 8-bits satellite image have ?
 - (A) 64(B) 128(C) 256(D) 7856

- 27. The 'boundary model' is sometimes also called as :
 - (A) Topological data model
 - (B) Temporal data model
 - (C) Topological discrete model
 - (D) Temporal discrete model
- 28. In the process of image classification which of the following methods result in a greater accuracy of classes within an image actually matching land use patterns on the ground ?
 - (A) Automated
 - (B) Unsupervised
 - (C) Supervised
 - (D) Robotic
- 29. Satellite data stores pixel information band by band for each line, or row, of the image is data format.
 - (A) BIL (B) BIP
 - (C) BSQ (D) BQR
- 30. Which of the following is small scale Aerial photo ?
 - (A) 1 : 10000 (B) 1 : 25000
 - $(C) \ 1 : 50000 \qquad (D) \ 1 : 250000$
- 31. What is the wavelength of ultraviolet spectrum ?
 - (A) 0.3 to 0.4 micrometer
 - (B) 1 to 300 millimeter
 - (C) 0.4 to 0.7 micrometer
 - (D) > 300 centimeter

- 32. Which of the following statements are *correct* with respect to transportation of matter by stream?
 - (i) Dissolved matter is transported in the form of chemical ions
 - (*ii*) Sand, gravel and larger particles move as bed load
 - (*iii*) Clay and silt are carried as suspended load
 - (*iv*) Generally, the bed load is the largest

Codes :

- (A) (i) and (ii) only
- (B) (ii) and (iii) only
- (C) (i), (ii) and (iii) only
- (D) (iii) and (iv) only
- 33. Match the following :

List-I (River)

- (a) Indus
- (b) Ganga
- (c) Brahmaputra
- (d) Cauvery

List-II (Tributary)

- (i) Raga Zangbo
- (ii) Herangi
- (iii) Shiger
- (iv) Alaknanda

Codes :

| | (a) | (<i>b</i>) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| (A) | (iii) | (ii) | <i>(i)</i> | (iv) |
| (B) | (iii) | (iv) | <i>(i)</i> | (ii) |
| (C) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (<i>i</i>) |
| (D) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |

- 34. Which one of the following statements is not *correct* about soils of Extra-Peninsular India ?
 - (A) These soils are mainly found in river valleys and deltas
 - (B) These soils have been formed by the decomposition of rock in situ
 - (C) They are deep and constitute some of the most fertile tracts of the country
 - (D) These soils are often referred to as transported or azonal soils
- 35. Amongst the listed ecosystems, which one has the highest net primary production ?
 - (A) Estuaries (tidal)
 - (B) Midlatitude forest
 - (C) Midlatitude grassland
 - (D) Lakes and streams
- 36. If the surface temperature of the air parcel is 30 degree Celsius and the moist adiabatic lapse rate 7 degree Celsius/km, what will be the temperature of the air parcel at 4 km altitude for a lifting condensation level of 2 km ?
 - (A) -6 degree Celsius
 - (B) -4 degree Celsius
 - (C) 0 degree Celsius
 - (D) 6 degree Celsius

- 37. Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements carefully and choose the correct answer from the codes given below :
 - (A) Ozone is concentrated in stratosphere at the height of about 30 km.
 - (R) At 30 km height in the atmosphere there is enough microwave radiation necessary to produce atomic hydrogen.

Codes :

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and(R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true
- 38. Given below are two statements Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements carefully and choose the correct codes from those given below :
 - (A) Raised shorelines are common along the continental and island coasts of Pacific Ocean.
 - (R) In these regions tectonic processes are active along the mountain and island arcs.

Codes :

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and(R) is the correct explanation of(A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and(R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true

- 39. Where the shoreline is straight for many kilometers littoral drift moves the sand along the beach resulting in the formation of :
 - (A) Pocket beach
 - (B) Sandspit
 - (C) Abrasion platform
 - (D) Stack
- 40. Which one of the following schist belt does not belong to Dharwar craton?
 - (A) Shimoga schist belt
 - (B) Nuggihalli schist belt
 - (C) Gangpur schist belt
 - (D) Sargur schist belt
- 41. Which of the following schist belt is the youngest ?
 - (A) Dharwar
 - (B) Sargur
 - (C) Wynad
 - (D) Sathyamangalam
- 42. Global scale events at ~1.8 Ga and 0.9 Ga refer to :
 - (A) Amalgamation of supercontinents Columbia and Rodinia
 - (B) Amalgamation of supercontinent Columbia and fragmentation of Rodinia
 - (C) Fragmentation of supercontinents Columbia and Rodinia
 - (D) Fragmentation of supercontinent Columbia and amalgamation of Rodinia
- 43. Which of the following is *not* true for Komatiites ?
 - (A) They are associated with greenstone belts
 - (B) They are of Archaean age
 - (C) They are ultramafic lavas
 - (D) They are characterized by ophitic texture

- 44. An is a layer or layered sequence of rock or sediment comprising one or more geological formations that contains water and is able to transmit significant quantities of water under an ordinary hydraulic gradient.
 - (A) Aquitard (B) Aquiclude
 - (C) Aquifer (D) Aquifuge
- 45. In which zone groundwater fills all the interstices ?
 - (A) Capillary zone
 - (B) Soil zone
 - (C) Vadoze zone
 - (D) Zone of saturation
- 46. What is the residence time of water in Atmosphere ?
 - (A) 20 days (B) 30 days
 - (C) 9 days (D) 50 days
- 47. A detension basin for flood control is the one which is provided with :
 - (A) Uncontrolled outlet and spillway
 - (B) Uncontrolled outlet but uncontrolled spillway
 - (C) Controlled outlet but uncontrolled spillway
 - (D) Controlled outlet and spillway
- 48. Intensity of an earthquake is measured by :
 - (A) Seismograph
 - (B) Richter scale
 - (C) Modified Mercalli scale
 - (D) Derivatograph

- 49. Read the following statements and choose the *correct* answer from the codes given below :
 - (i) The movement of mineral nutrients in an ecosystem is unidirectional in nature
 - (*ii*) The movement of energy in an ecosystem is cyclic in nature

Codes :

- (A) Both (i) and (ii) are true
- (B) Both (i) and (ii) are false
- (C) (i) is true but (ii) is false
- (D) (i) is false but (ii) is true
- 50. Placers formed upon hill slopes or along the foot hills from minerals released from a nearby source rock are called :
 - (A) Alluvial placers
 - (B) Eluvial placers
 - (C) Beach placers
 - (D) Aeolian placers
- 51. Nickel-Copper sulphide deposits of Insizwa, South Africa and Sudbury, Ontario, Canada are the examples of :
 - (A) Early magmatic dissemination
 - (B) Early magmatic segregation
 - (C) Residual liquid segregation
 - (D) Immiscible liquid segregation
- 52. Volcanic hosted massive sulphide (VMS) deposits mostly associated with felsic volcanic rocks are called as :
 - (A) Kuroko-type (B) Besshi-type
 - $(C) \ Cyprus-type \ (D) \ Noranda-type$

- 53. Porphyry copper deposits are associated with
 - (A) Mid-oceanic ridges
 - (B) Subduction zones
 - (C) Continental rifts
 - (D) Back arc basins
- 54. Which one of the following is an ore of platinum group of elements (PGE)?
 - (A) Sperrylite (B) Digenite
 - (C) Dioptase (D) Bornite
- 55. Commercial banded iron formations of India are mostly of :
 - (A) Palaeozoic age
 - (B) Mesozoic age
 - (C) Proterozoic and Archaean age
 - (D) Cenozoic age
- 56. Match the following :

Ι

- (1) Cumulus texture
- (2) Exsolution texture
- (3) Caries texture
- (4) Cockade texture

II

- (*i*) Banding and crustification in open space
- (*ii*) Protuberances of replacing minerals with replaced host
- (*iii*) Spindles or lamellae of one mineral in another
- (*iv*) Aggregates of minerals with non-penetrative mineral boundaries

Codes :

| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|-----|-------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| (A) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (<i>i</i>) |
| (B) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (<i>i</i>) |
| (C) | (ii) | (iii) | (<i>i</i>) | (iv) |
| (D) | (iii) | (ii) | (<i>i</i>) | (iv) |

[**P.T.O**.

- 57. Which of the following is the best mineral for fluid inclusion thermometry ?
 - (A) Chalcopyrite (B) Magnetite
 - (C) Wolframite (D) Quartz
- 58. Which of the following states of India is the largest producer of Lignite ?
 - (A) Gujarat (B) Tamil Nadu
 - (C) Rajasthan (D) Assam
- 59. Copper in a calcareous environment is :
 - (A) Mobile
 - (B) Immobile
 - (C) Sometimes mobile and sometimes immobile
 - (D) Partially mobile
- 60. Saturation vapour pressure in air :
 - (A) Increases linearly with temperature
 - (B) Increases non-linearly with temperature
 - (C) Decreases linearly with temperature
 - (D) Decreases non-linearly with temperature
- 61. A significant proportion of solar rays cannot penetrate in the Ocean upon depth of :
 - (A) 50 m (B) 15 m
 - (C) 20 m (D) 200 m

- 62. Which of the following statements is/are true for the major principal layers of oceanic water ?
 - (i) a thin upper layer of warm, well-stirred water
 - (*ii*) a thick mass of deeper, colder water that is relatively calm and slow-moving
 - (*iii*) a thick upper layer of warm well-stirred water
 - (*iv*) a thin mass of deeper, colder water which is well-stirred water
 - (A) (ii) and (iii)
 - (B) (i) and (ii)
 - (C) (i) and (iii)
 - (D) (ii) and (iv)
- 63. About how much concentration of dissolved salt (NaCl) present in the open ocean ?
 - (A) 10 g of dissolved salt per kg of water
 - (B) 20 g of dissolved salt per kg of water
 - (C) 30 g of dissolved salt per kg of water
 - (D) More than 100 g of dissolved salt per kg of water
- 64. What should be the height of the submarine volcanic mountain to be called as seamount ?
 - (A) Minimum 1000 m
 - (B) Between 1000 m 500 m
 - (C) Between 100 m 500 m
 - (D) Less than 100 m

- 65. Which of the following given statements is/are correct ?
 - (i) Exclusive economic zone extent seaward upto 200 nautical miles from the baseline
 - (ii) Contiguous zone extends seaward upto 24 nautical miles from the baselines
 - (*iii*) Territorial sea extend seaward upto 10 nautical miles from the baseline
 - (A) (i) and (iii)
 - (B) (i) and (ii)
 - (C) (ii) and (iii)
 - (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- 66. What is the spreading rate of slow spreading ridge ?
 - $(A) \ \ \text{8-16 cm/year}$
 - (B) 40-80 mm/year
 - (C) 10-40 mm/year
 - (D) 16-24 cm/year
- 67. Adding to lime or cement reduces swelling and improve engineering properties of expansive soils.
 - (A) Bitumen (B) Anhydrite
 - (C) Bauxite (D) Fly ash

68. The ground beneath a large lake consists of a 50 m thick deposit of clay with a rock substratum. The bed of the lake is flat and 20 m depth. The action of geological processes generates clay in suspension which in a very short time form a 2 m thick layer of sediments that completely covers the bottom of the lake.

> Assuming the free water surface remains unchanged, determine the total vertical stress in the original situation.

> Given : The saturated unit weight of the clay is constant and equal to $r_{sat} = 20 \text{ kN/m}^3$.

> The unit weight of water is $r_w = 10 \text{ kN/m}^3$.

The rock substratum is impervious for practical purpose. The surface of the water in the lake is taken as the origin of the depth axis z.

- (A) 400 kPa (B) 810 kPa
- (C) 1200 kPa (D) 1600 kPa
- 69. Clay with of iron oxides when burnt produces brick of buff colour.

(A) 2 to 3%
(B) 3 to 6%
(C) 6 to 8%
(D) 8 to 12%

70. Features given below are diagnostic to which sedimentary environment? **Tectonic setting**: Formed in very deep water basin, trench, along ophiolites, epicratonic basins or as starved of clastic debris, accumulated thick sequences of chalk, cherts or black shales.

> **Geometry** : Form vast, thin, tabular sheets, in fault--bounded basins it can reach thousands of meters in thickness

> **Typical sequence** : Homogeneous, thin bedded, laminated chalk, chert or shales.

> **Sedimentology** : Chalks, opaline silica, clay minerals are predominant, Minor authigenic minerals, volcanic and eolian dust, phosphatic fragment. Extensive bioturbation and burrowing.

> **Fossils** : Planktonic microfossil, siliceous or phosphatic microfossils.

- (A) Tidal
- (B) Pelagic
- (C) Continental shelf
- (D) Deltas
- 71. A galena grain of diameter 0.5 mm falls in water with a settling velocity of 8.27 in/s. Calculate the Froude Numbers for the galena grain.

$$P_{s} = 7.5 \text{ g/cm}^{3}$$

g = 981 cm/sec²
$$P_{f} = 1 \text{ g/cm}^{3}$$

 $\mu = 0.01 \text{ g cm}^{-1} \text{ sec}^{-1}$
(A) 6.99 (B) 7.09

(C) 8.99 (D) 6.01

72. Using Stokes equation for settling velocity estimate the maximum diameter of silica grain that exhibit laminar flow in water at 20°C assuming that silica grain Reynolds' number is < 1. Given :

Density of silica = 2.65 g/cm^3

Density of water = 1.0 g/cm^3

Viscosity of water = 0.01 g/cm/sec

Acceleration due to gravity = 981 cm/sec^2

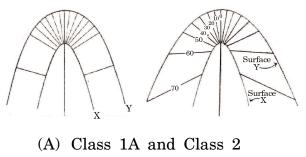
- (A) 103.2 μm
 (B) 204.1 μm
 (C) 402.1 μm
 (D) 322 μm
- 73. A rock with < 1 mm separation in the joint gouge with 4 rating is termed as, that can be excavated with very hard ripping as per the Rippability Chart of Weaver (1975).
 - (A) Very good rock
 - (B) Good rock
 - (C) Fair rock
 - (D) Poor rock
- 74. The marine isotope stage 5 problem refers to the timing of penultimate interglacial which appears to have begun 10 thousand years in advance of :
 - (A) Younger Dryas
 - (B) Last interglacial
 - (C) Last glaciation
 - (D) Solar forcing
- 75. The little Ice Age cold event during Holocene was abruptly followed by :
 - (A) Holocene cooling
 - (B) Mesopotemia
 - (C) Medieval Warming
 - (D) Younger Dryas

- 76. The final closure of the seaway between North and South Americas may have laid to strengthening of the Gulf stream delivering more moisture to feed snow accumulation at the northern high latitude leading to :
 - (A) Ice Age
 - (B) Interglacial Warming
 - (C) Cooling of Pacific
 - (D) Heating of Indian Ocean
- 77. Mark the correct order of stages from older to younger during the Holocene period :
 - (A) Boreal–Pre-Boreal–Subboreal
 - (B) Subatlantic–Atlantic–Subboreal
 - (C) Boreal–Atlantic–Subboreal
 - (D) Subatlantic-Subboreal-Preatlantic
- 78. The negative Bouger anomaly across the Mid-Oceanic ridges is due to :
 - (A) Ridge Topography
 - (B) Hot mantle convergence
 - (C) Hot mantle surrounded by cold mantle
 - (D) Ridge push mechanism
- 79. The Yilgarn shield and Pilbara shield comprises significant part of the older cratonic shields of the continent :
 - (A) Australia
 - (B) Africa
 - (C) South America
 - (D) Canada

- 80. The heights and widths of the midoceanic ridges with reference to the abyssal plane is of the order :
 - (A) 6 km and 1500 km, respectively
 - (B) 2.5 km and 3000 km, respectively
 - (C) 3 km and 500 km, respectively
 - (D) 3000 km and 1000 km, respectively
- 81. The heat flux in the 'X' direction (9X) is proportional to the magnitude of temperature change across a unit distance in 'X' direction. If 'K' is thermal conductivity of the material, then the heat flux can be expressed as :
 - (A) 9X = (dT/dx)/K

(B)
$$9X = -K(dT/dx)$$

- (C) 9X = (dT/dx)
- (D) 9x = dT(dx/K)
- 82. A fold with interlimb angle of zero is :
 - (A) Gentle (B) Open
 - (C) Tight (D) Isoclinal
- 83. Identify the Ramsay fold type :



- (B) Class 1B and Class 2
- (C) Class 1C and Class 1A
- (D) Class 1A and Class 1B

- 84. Vertical faults have throw but do not have
 - (A) Heave (B) Strike slip
 - (C) Dip slip (D) Rake
- 85. In an S-tectonite the strain ellipsoid will be :
 - (A) Prolate finite strain
 - (B) Plane strain
 - (C) Oblate finite strain
 - (D) Infinite plane strain
- 86. A rock having composition-Nepheline-olivine-clinopyroxeneplagioclase known as :
 - (A) Tephrites (B) Basanite
 - (C) Troctolite (D) Olivinenorite
- 87. The reaction : Tremolite + Calcite + Quartz = Diopside + $H_2O + CO_2$ is a :
 - (A) Net-Transfer reaction
 - (B) Mixed volatile reaction
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) Exchange reaction
- 88. The presence of galucophane and jadeite indicate :
 - (A) High pressure and low temperature
 - (B) Low pressure and high temperature
 - (C) Low pressure and low temperature
 - (D) High pressure and high temperature
- 89. The snowball garnet are the product of :
 - (A) Dynamic metamorphism
 - (B) Cataclastic metamorphism
 - (C) Dynamothermal metamorphism
 - (D) Plutonic metamorphism

- 90. The characteristic of common orogenic belts (Barrovian type), where the sequence is Zeolite facies → Prehnite-pumpellite facies → Greenschist facies → Amphibolite facies → Granulite facies are formed represent the metamorphic series :

 (A) Medium P/T series
 - (B) High P/T series
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) Low P/T series
- 91. The process by which a solid melts to a liquid and another solid, both of different composition than the original is known as :
 - (A) Congruent melting
 - (B) Incongruent melting
 - (C) Eutectic melting
 - (D) Equilibrium melting
- 92. If the groundmass of a porphyritic texture in a rock is hemicrystalline, the texture is known as :
 - (A) Vitrophyric
 - (B) Felsophyric
 - (C) Glomerophyritic
 - (D) Mesostasis
- 93. Which of the following rocks is dominantly composed of clinopyroxene and garnet, mafic in bulk composition and equilibrated under high pressure and low geothermal gradient conditions in the lithospheric mantle ?
 - (A) Eclogite (B) Tinguaite
 - (C) Pyroxenite (D) Alkali Basalt

- 94. This trace element is mostly concentrated in the crust and substitute for a major element in feldspar, muscovite, biotite and sodic plagioclase.
 - (A) Nickel (B) Neodymium
 - (C) Rubidium (D) Calcium
- 95. Consider the following statements : Statement-1 : The ratio of Ni : Mg is highest in early formed crystals like olivine and shows a steady decline in late formed minerals.

Statement-2: The nickel ion has essentially the same radius as magnesium.

Which of the following is *correct* with respect to the above statements ? Codes :

- (A) Both statement-1 and statement-2 are true and statement-1 is the correct explanation of statement-2
- (B) Both statement-1 and statement-2 are true and statement-1 is not the correct explaination of statement-2
- (C) Statement-1 is true but statement-2 is false
- (D) Statement-1 is false but statement-2 is true
- 96. ²⁰⁶Pb/²³⁸U versus ²⁰⁷Pb/²³⁵U ratios when plotted yield concordant ages, also indicate :
 - (A) Pb loss event
 - (B) Alteration event
 - (C) Loss or gain of radiogenic lead
 - (D) No loss or gain of radiogenic lead

- 97. Which of the following statements is true ?
 - (A) Oxidation of Mn (II) to Mn (IV) is required for manganese ore precipitation
 - (B) Reduction of Mn (IV) to Mn (II) is required for manganese ore precipitation
 - (C) Manganese ore precipitation is independent of redox conditions
 - (D) Both (A) and (B) are correct
- 98. Higher amounts of which of the following isotopes indicate plume related enriched mantle origin of early Deccan volcanic rocks.
 - (A) $^{87}Sr/^{86}Sr$
 - (B) 87 Rb/ 86 Rb
 - (C) $^{3}\text{He}/^{4}\text{He}$
 - (D) 187Os/188Os
- 99. Solid angle is an angle between at least :
 - (A) Two lines (B) Three lines
 - (C) Two facies (D) Three facies
- 100. Which of the following have curved crystal facies ?
 - (A) Hypersthene (B) Actinolite
 - (C) Siderite (D) Lepidolite

ROUGH WORK