प्रश्नप	Booklet C त्रिका कोड <b>per-II</b> NTAL Seat No. Seat No.	व क्रमांक A SCIF	ENC:	C E ures a				
(Name)	OMR Sh	neet No.						
MAR - 31223			(To b	e filled	l by th	ie Ca	ndid	ate)
Time Allowed : 2 Hours]				[Maxi	imum	Ma	rks :	200
Number of Pages in this Booklet : <b>20</b>	Nu	mber of	Quest	tions in	n this	Bool	klet :	100
Instructions for the Candidates         1.       Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provides on the top of this page.         2.       This paper consists of 100 objective type questions. Each question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper II will be compulsory         3.       At the commencement of examination, the question bookle will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you ar requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it a follows :         (i)       To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off th paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accep a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet.         (ii)       Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cove page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/question or questions repeated or not in serial order or an other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will b given. The same may please be noted.         (iii)       After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Numbe should be entered on this Test Booklet.         4.       Each question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B) (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below or the correct response against each item.         Example : where (C) is the correct response.       (A)	n n 2. 2. 4. 2. 3. 2. 4.	सील (ii) पहि तसेग पृष्ठे अस 5 मि घ्याव वाढ (iii) वरी	गापला आस स दिलेल्या त्रकेत 100 रनपत्रिकेतीय गाल्यावर वि ये आपण स यात. पत्रिका उघ त नसलेली तिल्या पृष्ठाव व प्रश्नपत्रि लमी किंवा पत्रि नमेळणा ल प्रमेज स साठी (A), (1) ल योग्य उ रुरा से योग्य र	उत्तरपत्रिके बहुपर्यायी १ ल <b>सर्व</b> प्रश्न ाद्यार्थ्याला प्र तदर प्रश्नपा किंवा सील र नमूद के केतील एकृ लेली/कमी इतर त्रुटी अ यंवेक्षकाला प्रश्नपत्रिक र नाही यार्च स्व पडतात तराचा रका उत्तर असेल	ा पृष्ठावरीत चा क्रमांक प्रश्न आहेत । सोडविणे । सनपत्रिका प्रश्नपत्रिका उघडलेली ल्याप्रमाणे ए प्रश्नांच सलेली सर्व जून पाहित नंबर लिहा णे (D) अश् ाना खाली	त वरच्या त्याखाली 1. प्रत्येक अनिवायं दिली ज दूला खाल कर लावर प्रश्नपत्रि रे संख्या तेली/प्रश्न् रे संख्या तेली/प्रश्न् दे सरी प्र दे सरी प्र दे सरी प्र त्यान तर- वा. दर्शविल्य	। लिहावा े प्रश्नास र्भ आहे. गईल. सुग गिल बार्ब लेले सील केची एर पडताळू पडताळू मांचा चुक प्रिका सु श्नपत्रिक नॉद घ्या व प्रश्नप व क्रस्प उ	दोन गुण रुवातीच्या ो अवश्य ो उघडावे. कारू नये. करूण पृष्ठे न पहावी. जेमा कूम रुवातीच्या क मागवून च वेळही वी. मत्रिकेवर
<ol> <li>Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMI Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated</li> <li>Read instructions given inside carefully.</li> <li>Rough Work is to be done at the end of this booklet.</li> <li>If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or pu any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose you identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfai means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.</li> <li>You have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at th end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allower to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet or environment.</li> </ol>	e 5. 6. t 7. e 8. r r e 9. d	या प्रश्नपत्रिके इतर ठिकाणी ति आत दिलेल्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्ट जर आपण अं नाव, आसन केलेली आढठ अवलंब केल्य परीक्षा संपल्य परीक्षा संपल्य परीक्षा संपल्य प्रितीय प्रत अ	लेहिलेली उत्त सूचना काव 11 शेवटी जो 11.एम.आर. क्रमांक, फो ठून आल्यास पूर आल्यास वश्यक आहे 1पल्याबरोब	तरे तपासली 5 ठ्रजीपूर्वक व डलेल्या को वर नमूद व न नंबर किंग 1 अथवा अस् र्थाने मूळ अ 5. तथापि, प्रस् र नेण्यास वि	जाणार नाहीत त्राचाव्यातः -ऱ्या पानावन केलेल्या ठिव त्रा ओळख स आपत्र ठ तो.एम.आर. रनपत्रिका व त्रद्यार्थ्यांना प	त. रच कच्चे काणार्व्या पटेल अ वापर कि रविण्यात उत्तरपत्रि । ओ.एम. गरवानगी	ो काम क तेरिक्त इत शी कोणत जंवा इतर <sup>दं</sup> येईल. ाका पर्यवे आर. उत्त	रावे. ार कोठेही तीही खूण गैरमार्गांचा 1क्षकांकडे
<ul> <li>conclusion of examination.</li> <li>10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.</li> <li>11. Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited.</li> <li>12. There is no negative marking for incorrect answers.</li> </ul>	10. 11. 12.	फक्त निळ्या 1 कॅलक्युलेटर चुकीच्या उत्तर	किंवा लॉग	टेबल वापर	ण्यास परव	ानगी नाई	î <b>.</b>	

# Environmental Science Paper II

Time Allowed : 120 Minutes][Maximum Marks : 200Note : This Paper contains Hundred (100) multiple choice questions. Each question<br/>carrying Two (2) marks. Attempt All questions.

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1.	<ul> <li>Sludge from sewage treated plant is</li> <li>used to get methane using :</li> <li>(A) Sludge digester</li> <li>(B) Sludge vacuum filtration</li> <li>(C) Sludge drying beds</li> <li>(D) Sludge as compost</li> </ul>	4.	<ul> <li>Which air pollution control equipment works on the principle of centrifugal separation ?</li> <li>(A) Electrostatic precipitation</li> <li>(B) Cyclone</li> <li>(C) Wet scrubber</li> <li>(D) Bag filter</li> </ul>
2.	<ul> <li>Intertidal zone is :</li> <li>(A) A zone of deep water</li> <li>(B) A zone of sediment</li> <li>(C) A zone of open sea</li> <li>(D) A zone between low and high tides</li> </ul>	5.	<ul> <li>On 1: 50,000 scale survey of India, toposheet, 2 cm corresponds to</li> <li>(A) 1 km</li> <li>(B) 10 km</li> <li>(C) 20 km</li> <li>(D) 5 km</li> </ul>
3.	<ul> <li>Role of detritus food chain in an ecosystem is :</li> <li>(A) Grazing</li> <li>(B) Transfer of food</li> <li>(C) Recycling of resources</li> <li>(D) Assimilation</li> </ul>	6.	<ul> <li>An impermeable geologic formation that neither contains nor transmits water is called :</li> <li>(A) Aquifer</li> <li>(B) Aquiclude</li> <li>(C) Aquifuge</li> <li>(D) Aquitard</li> </ul>

- A water body with low concentration

   to 30%) saturation of dissolved
   oxygen is called ......
  - (A) hypoxic
  - (B) hyper anoxic
  - (C) anoxic
  - (D) hyperoxic
- 8. ..... is one of the natural hazards that involves mass movement of soil and/or rock down the slope.
  - (A) Lanslide
  - (B) Subduction
  - (C) Obduction
  - (D) Snowfall
- 9. What is the standard limit of pH of treated effluent ?
  - (A) between 6.5 7.5
  - (B) between 5.5 9.0
  - (C) between 6.0 8.0
  - (D) between 6.5 8.5

- 10. Living vegetation appears ...... on false colour Infrared images.
  - $(A) \ red$
  - (B) black
  - (C) white
  - (D) blue
- 11. ..... streams are the streams that are neither controlled by dip nor by strike of rock formation but flows haphazardly.
  - (A) Insequent
  - (B) Resequent
  - (C) Obsequent
  - (D) Consequent
- 12. The spectral region of electromagnetic radiation that passes through the atmosphere without much attenuation is known as :
  - (A) ozone hole
  - (B) atmospheric window
  - (C) ozone window
  - (D) black hole

- 13. The first EIA notification was promulgated in India during :
  - (A) 1986
  - (B) 1994
  - (C) 2006
  - (D) 1973
- 14. Which committee reviews EIA & EMP reports in Ministry of Environment Forests and Climate Change ?
  - (A) Expert Appraisal Committee
  - (B) Expert Assessment Committee
  - (C) Project Evaluation Committee
  - (D) Peer and Core Committee
- 15. Which method for impact identification in EIA uses GIS ?
  - (A) Checklists
  - (B) Matrices
  - (C) Overlays
  - (D) Network

- 16. Which one of the following is *not* a part of the EIA scoping process ?
  - (A) Describe the project area and area of project influence
  - (B) Description of environmental impacts and creation of contingency plans
  - (C) Defining a set of criteria to assess the project
  - (D) Create a set of environmental and socio-economic areas that will be used in assessment
- 17. The provision to establish or recognize laboratories for analysis is mentioned in :
  - (A) The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
  - (B) The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
  - (C) The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
  - (D) All of the above

- Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991
   provides relief for :
  - (A) Victims of natural disasters
  - (B) Victims of terrorist attacks
  - (C) Victims of accidents occurring from handling of hazardous substances
  - (D) Victims of accidents occurring from nuclear reactor failures
- 19. Basel convention is related to :
  - (A) Transboundary movement of hazardous waste
  - (B) Safe disposal of nuclear waste
  - (C) Animal trafficking
  - (D) Marine pollution control
- 20. What does (P & CP) stand for in Air (P & CP) Act and Water (P & CP) Act ?
  - (A) Protection and control of pollution
  - (B) Prevention and conservation practices
  - (C) Prevention and control of pollution
  - (D) Protection and conservation program

- 21. What is the first stage in EMS process ?
  - (A) Assign environmental responsibility
  - (B) Establish environmental policy
  - (C) Set environmental objectives and targets
  - (D) Review the implementation
- 22. Part B of Environment Statement Report in Form V consists of :
  - (A) Water and raw material consumption
  - (B) Pollution discharged to environment
  - (C) Hazardous waste
  - (D) Solid waste
- 23. Grit removal in a waste water treatment plant :
  - (A) Prevents wear and tear of pumps
  - (B) Reduces potential for pip plugging
  - (C) Settles heavy inert material in waste water
  - (D) All of the above

- 24. What type of micro-organisms are found useful in activated sludge process ?
  - (A) Chemoautotrophs
  - (B) Photoautotrophs
  - (C) Chemoheterotrophs
  - (D) Photoheterotrophs
- 25. The typical characteristics of tropical evergreen rainforest is .....
  - (A) Grasses with few hardwood trees
  - (B) Short, softwood trees
  - (C) Tall, hardwood evergreen trees
  - (D) Short, hardwood trees
- 26. The logo for 'Eco-mark' scheme in India is :
  - (A) Plastic Jar
  - (B) Rubber Pot
  - (C) Earthen Pot
  - (D) Earthen Jar

- 27. Foliated and non-foliated categories are given for :
  - (A) Sedimentary rock classification
  - (B) Igneous rock classification
  - (C) Metamorphic rock classification
  - (D) Schist rock classification

#### 28. GRIHA stands for :

- (A) Green Rating for International Housing Assessment
- (B) General Rating for Integrated Housing Assessment
- (C) Green Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment
- (D) General Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment
- 29. Which layer of the soil horizon is rich in inorganic nutrients as well as humus ?
  - (A) D
  - (B) C
  - (C) B
    - (D) A

- 30. The most abundant element on the Earth's crust is .....
  - (A) Aluminium
  - (B) Silicon
  - (C) Oxygen
  - (D) Iron
- 31. The range of the diameter of sand particles is :
  - $(A) \ 2.00 \ \ 0.06 \ mm$
  - $(B) \ 0.05 \ \ 0.002 \ mm$
  - (C) < 0.002 mm
  - (D) > 2.0 mm
- 32. The equilibrium model of an ecosystem states that :
  - (A) An ecosystem does not tend towards stability
  - (B) An ecosystem does not return to its original state
  - (C) An ecosystem will perish due to external environmental change
  - (D) An ecosystem always tends towards stability

- 33. Species that occur in different geographical regions or separated by a spatial barrier are called as :
  - (A) Sympatric
  - (B) Allopatric
  - (C) Ecological equivalents
  - (D) Ecotypes
- 34. "White Alkali" soils are :
  - (A) Saline soil
  - (B) Acid soil
  - (C) Sodic soil
  - (D) Saline sodic soil
- 35. Organisms predominantly found on, in or near bed sediment of freshwater resources are known as :
  - (A) Neuston
  - (B) Plankton
  - (C) Benthic
  - (D) Nekton

36. The term ISWM	refers to :	38. The sound waves collected by inner					
(A) Internationa Management	al Solid Waste	ear are transmitted to the middle ear					
management		by					
(B) Integrated Management	Solid Waste	(A) Semicircular canals					
(C) Integrated	Solid Waste	(B) Sensory cells					
Mechanism		(C) Tympanic membrane					
(D) Integrated Machine	Solid Waste	(D) Tiny bones					
37. Match the followi	ing:	39. Match the following :					
Composition	% by weight	Area	Day Time				
of Garbage			Limits dBC(A)				
(a) Vegetables &	( <i>i</i> ) 3.8	(a) Industrial	( <i>i</i> ) 55				
leaves		(b) Commercia	l ( <i>ii</i> ) 75				
(b) Paper	( <i>ii</i> ) 0.62	(c) Residential	( <i>iii</i> ) 65				
(c) Glass	( <i>iii</i> ) 40.2	(c) Residential	(111) 05				
(d) Plastics	( <i>iv</i> ) 0.81	(d) Silent	( <i>iv</i> ) 50				
Codes :		(a) (b	) $(c)$ $(d)$				
( <i>a</i> ) ( <i>b</i> )	(c) $(d)$	(A) ( <i>i</i> ) ( <i>ii</i>	( <i>iii</i> ) ( <i>iv</i> )				
(A) ( <i>i</i> ) ( <i>ii</i> )	( <i>iii</i> ) ( <i>iv</i> )	(B) ( <i>ii</i> ) ( <i>iii</i>	( <i>i</i> ) ( <i>iv</i> )				
(B) ( <i>iii</i> ) ( <i>iv</i> )	( <i>i</i> ) ( <i>ii</i> )	(C) ( <i>iii</i> ) ( <i>ii</i>	( <i>iv</i> ) ( <i>i</i> )				
(C) ( <i>iv</i> ) ( <i>iii</i> )	( <i>ii</i> ) ( <i>i</i> )	$(\mathbf{D})$ $(\mathbf{in})$ $(\mathbf{in})$	) ( <i>i</i> ) ( <i>ii</i> )				
(D) ( <i>iii</i> ) ( <i>ii</i> )	( <i>iv</i> ) ( <i>i</i> )	(D) $(iv)$ $(iii)$	i) ( <i>i</i> ) ( <i>ii</i> )				
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- 40. Which of the following energy transmitted through vacuum ?
  - (A) Sound
  - (B) Light
  - (C) Electric
  - (D) Heat
- 41. Which of the following situations represent the discharge of surplus water as surface runoff ?
  - (A) Precipitation > Evapotrans-piration (PT > ET)
  - (B) Precipitation < Evapotranspiration (PT < ET)</li>
  - (C) Precipitation = Evapotranspiration (PT = ET)
  - (D) Effective precipitation =Evapotranspiration (EPT = ET)
- 42. Which component of EIA is significant throughout life-cycle of a project ?
  - (A) Impact identification
  - (B) Baseline studies
  - (C) Impact prediction
  - (D) Impact evaluation

- 43. Which one of the following components of solid waste has the highest heating value ?
  - $(A) \ Food$
  - (B) Plastics
  - (C) Paper
  - (D) Wood
- 44. Coliform bacteria in water are the indicators of the presence of :
  - (A) Radioactive wastes
  - (B) Excess fertiliser
  - (C) Decaying organic matter
  - (D) Human faeces
- 45. Low BOD and high COD value for a waste-water sample is the indication of :
  - (A) higher content of biodegradable matter in waste-water
  - (B) higher content of nonbiodegradable matter in wastewater
  - (C) higher content of chemical matter in waste-water
  - (D) higher content of matter of biological origin

46. The following are the plant nutrients :

P, B, Cu, Mg, Mn, N

Select the micronutrients out of the list given below :

- (A) P, B, Cu, N
- (B) B, Cu, Mn
- (C) B, Cu, Mg
- (D) Cu and Mn only
- 47. Analysis to assess burden created by a product or process on the environment is :
  - (A) Life-cycle assessment
  - (B) Toxicity studies
  - (C) Chronic toxicity
  - (D) Acute toxicity
- 48. A committee of 4 people is to be appointed from 3 officers of the production department, 4 officers of the purchase department, 2 officers of the sales department and one chartered accountant. What is the probability of forming the committee that there must be one from each category ?

(A)	$\frac{2}{70}$
(B)	$\frac{4}{70}$
(C)	$\frac{6}{70}$
(D)	$\frac{8}{70}$

70

49. If a certain species, say fish, reproduces only during the third year and then dies. Let an initial population of  $n^{\circ} = n = (1000, 0, 0)$ that is of 1000 newborns, and no other fishes. Now during the first year, 25% of fish survived and then 50% of those make it to reproduction age. Then the Leslie's matrix of this situation is :

(A) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} f_1 & f_2 & f_3 \\ 0.25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
  
(B) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & f_1 & f_3 \\ 0.25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
  
(C) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & f_3 \\ 0.25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
  
(D) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & f_3 \\ 0 & 0.25 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

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- 50. The forecasts on the basis of a time series are :
  - (A) 100% true
  - (B) True to some extent
  - (C) Never true
  - (D) All of the above
- 51. Asbestos refers to a family of naturally occurring :
  - (A) Fibrous selenium
  - (B) Silicon-based minerals
  - (C) Carbon-based minerals
  - (D) Telerium-based minerals
- 52. Which of the following is *not* an example of non-sampling risk ?
  - (A) Failing to evaluate results properly
  - (B) Use of an audit procedure inappropriate to achieve to a given audit objective
  - (C) Obtaining an unrepresentative sample
  - (D) Failure to recognize an error

- 53. Which species of mosquito is responsible for the spread of dengue ?
  - (A) Aedes
  - (B) Anopheles
  - (C) Culex
  - (D) Plasmodium
- 54. The variance of a Chi-square distribution with n degrees of freedom is :
  - (A) 2n
  - (B) *n*
  - (C)  $n^2$
  - (D)  $\sqrt{n}$
- 55. If two dice are thrown, what is the probability that the sum is greater than 10 ?

(A)  $\frac{1}{6}$ (B)  $\frac{1}{36}$ (C)  $\frac{2}{12}$ (D)  $\frac{1}{24}$ 

- 56. A continuous random variable X follows the probability law :
  - $f(x) = E \cdot x^2; \ 0 \le x \le 1$

What is the value of E ?

(A) 1

- (B) 6
- (C) 2
- (D) 3
- 57. Let the value of correlation coefficient is greater than zero, the arithmetic mean of the regression coefficient is :
  - (A) Greater than the correlation coefficient
  - (B) Less than the correlation coefficient
  - (C) Equal to the correlation coefficient

(D) All of the above

- 58. Wetlands occurring between terrestrial (land) on one side and deep water on another side is an example of :
  - (A) Ecotone
  - (B) Ecological pyramid
  - (C) Ecological race
  - (D) Ecological niche
- 59. Kaziranga National Park is in the state of :
  - (A) Assam
  - (B) Meghalaya
  - (C) Arunachal Pradesh
  - (D) Uttarakhand
- 60. How much will be the increase in noise when two equal intensity sound mix together ?

 $(A) \ 2 \ dB(A)$ 

(B) 5 dB(A)

(C) 3 dB(A)

(D) 6 dB(A)

- 61. Arrange these precipitation types in increasing order of their drop size :
  - (A) Rain drizzle shower
  - (B) Drizzle rain shower
  - (C) Shower rain drizzle
  - (D) Drizzle shower rain
- 62. Aeroallergens result in manifestation of allergic reactions ...... group of antibodies attach to these allergens and release inflammable chemicals such as histamine from mast cells.
  - (A) IgM
  - (B) IgG
  - (C) IgE
  - (D) IgA
- 63. Arrange the following gases in decreasing order of their concentration in atmosphere :
  - (A)  $CH_4$   $CO_2$   $O_3$ (B)  $CO_2$   $CH_4$   $O_3$
  - (C)  $O_3$   $CO_2$   $CH_4$
  - (D)  $CH_4 O_3 CO_2$
- 64. 'Superbug' was a term coined for micro-organism engineered for :
  - (A) Antibiotic production
  - (B) Probiotic production
  - (C) Hydrocarbon degradation
  - (D) Insulin production

- 65. The tropopause is located at the lowest level over (height) :
  - (A) Equator
  - (B) Subtropics
  - (C) High latitude and polar region
  - (D) Mid-latitude
- 66. Equation of state for dry atmosphereis given by :

(A) 
$$p = \frac{\rho R}{m} T$$
  
(B)  $p = \frac{\alpha R}{m} T$ 

(C) 
$$p\alpha = \frac{R}{m}$$

- (D)  $p = \alpha RT$
- 67. During winter season (Jan.-Feb.) the rainfall due to NE monsoon is confined to ...... of India.
  - (A) SE Peninsula and Kerala
  - (B) Konkan
  - (C) Gujarat and Rajasthan
  - (D) Bihar and U.P.

- 68. Western disturbances which move in west to east direction affect the temperature, rainfall and weather of India in the following areas :
  - (A) J & K and Himachal Pradesh
  - (B) Konkan
  - (C) Karnataka
  - (D) Kerala
- 69. Monsoon depression travelling in a N Wly direction from the Bay of Bengal produce high rainfall ?
  - (A) In NW sector of the track
  - $(B) \ In \ SW \ sector \ of \ the \ track$
  - (C) West of the track
  - $(D) \ East \ of \ the \ track$
- 70. The gases responsible for greenhouse effect resulting in global warming are :
  - (A) Nitrogen and Ozone
  - (B) Oxygen and Ammonia
  - (C) Methane and Carbon dioxide
  - (D) Carbon monoxide

- 71. Tropical Easterly Jet stream is :
  - (A) Present throughout the year in tropics
  - (B) Present only during Northern Summer season over subtropics
  - (C) Present during Northern winter season over subtropics
  - (D) Present during summer monsoon season over SE Asia and India
- 72. Why does one need protection of ozone layer in the Stratosphere ?
  - (A) To reduce UV radiation reaching earth
  - (B) To enhance UV radiation reaching ground
  - (C) To reduce visible radiation received
  - (D) To enhance visible radiation received

- 73. Reaction  $O_3 + h\nu \rightarrow O_2 + O(D)$  is called as :
  - (A) First order reaction
  - (B) Second order reaction
  - (C) Third order reaction
  - (D) All of the above
- 74. Psychrometer is an instrument used to measure :
  - (A) Relative humidity
  - (B) Atmospheric pressure
  - (C) Relative density of liquid
  - (D) Amount of actual evapotranspiration
- 75. What is the *correct* order of the Earth's atmospheric layers from bottom to top ?
  - (A) Troposphere  $\rightarrow$  Stratosphere  $\rightarrow$ Mesosphere  $\rightarrow$  Thermosphere  $\rightarrow$  Exosphere
  - (B) Exosphere  $\rightarrow$  Thermosphere  $\rightarrow$ Mesosphere  $\rightarrow$  Stratosphere  $\rightarrow$ Troposphere
  - (C) Troposphere  $\rightarrow$  Stratosphere  $\rightarrow$ Thermosphere  $\rightarrow$  Mesosphere  $\rightarrow$  Exosphere
  - (D) Stratosphere  $\rightarrow$  Troposphere  $\rightarrow$ Mesosphere  $\rightarrow$  Thermosphere  $\rightarrow$  Exosphere

- 76. Which one of the following is the *correct* chemical formula for PAN (Peroxyacetyl nitrates)
  - (A)  $C_2H_6O_5N$
  - (B)  $CO_2H_5NO_2$
  - (C) CH<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>N
  - (D)  $C_2H_3O_5N$
- 77. Stratospheric ozone is known to protect the life on the earth from ...... radiation.
  - (A) Visible
  - (B) Ultraviolet
  - (C) Infrared
  - (D) Microwave
- 78. Arrange the following gases in the increasing order of their life-time in the atmosphere :

(A)  $CO_2 < CH_4 < CO$ (B)  $CO_2 < CO < CH_4$ (C)  $CH_4 < CO_2 < CO$ (D)  $CO < CH_4 < CO_2$ 

- 79. Photovoltaic cells are used to convert ...... energy into electrical energy.
  - (A) Tidal
  - (B) Hydro
  - (C) Solar
  - (D) Wind
- 80. Tropical cyclones occur on :
  - (A) Meso-scale
  - (B) Micro-scale
  - (C) Planetary-scale
  - (D) Synoptic-scale
- 81. An aerosol having dry aerodynamic diameter of 3.8 µm falls in the :
  - (A) Aitken mode
  - (B) Nucleation mode
  - (C) Coarse mode
  - (D) All of the above
- 82. What is expanded form of CPCB ?
  - (A) Central Pollution Control Board
  - (B) Central Public Control Board
  - (C) Central Pollution Control Bureau
  - (D) Commission for Pollution Control Board
- 83. How many bromine atoms are there in 2.44 mol Br : (A)  $14.69 \times 10^{22}$  atoms (B)  $146.9 \times 10^{24}$  atoms (C)  $14.69 \times 10^{23}$  atoms (D)  $1.46 \times 10^{23}$  atoms Which of the following is not a 84. nuclear disaster ? (A) Chernobyl (B) Love Canal (C) Three Mile Island (D) Fukushima 85. The mass of 10 litres of oxygen which has density of 1.43 g/L, will be : (A) 10 g (B) 1.43 g (C) 14.3 g (D) 1 g 86. Number of unpaired electrons in  $Fe^{++}$  is : (A) 2
  - (B) 3
  - (C) 4
  - (D) 5

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
88. Feldspar is : (D) 0.001%	
(A) $Al_2SiO_4(OH)_2$ 92. One Tg is equal to :	
(B) $SiO_2$ (A) $10^6$ g (B) $10^9$ g	
(C) KAlSi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> (C) $10^{12}$ g	
$(\mathbf{D})$ Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	
(D) $10^{15}$ g 89. Quarry is an : 93. Unit of turbidity of water	r is :
(A) Open coal mine (A) NTU	
(B) Underground coal mine (B) FTU	
(C) Open pit for rock mining (C) JTU	
(D) Explosive mine (D) All of the above	

- 94. Which is the most common in the sea water ?
  - (A) Calcium chloride
  - (B) Magnesium chloride
  - (C) Ammonium chloride
  - (D) Sodium chloride
- 95. If the wet weight of the waste was 102.2 kg and the dry weight is 81.4 kg, calculate the percent of moisture content of the waste :
  - (A) 5.1%
  - $(B) \ \ 10.15\%$
  - (C) 20.35%
  - (D) 25.22%
- 96. What is the temperature required to have fusion reaction in the Sun ?
  - (A)  $10^{10}$  °K
  - (B)  $10^8 \, {}^{\circ}\mathrm{K}$
  - (C)  $10^6 \, ^{\circ}\mathrm{K}$
  - (D)  $10^4 \, {}^{\circ}\mathrm{K}$
- 97. The solar radiation incident on a surface per unit time is termed as :
  - (A) Insolation
  - (B) Irradiance
  - (C) Radiation
  - (D) Conduction

- 98. Which one of the following is a lotic ecosystem ?
  - (A) Lake
  - (B) Pond
  - (C) Pool
  - (D) River
- 99. Excess level of nitrate in the drinking water causes ..... to human infants.
  - (A) Itai-Itai
  - (B) Blue baby syndrome
  - (C) Fluorosis
  - (D) Nerve damage
- 100. Which one of the following is observed when analysed organically polluted water ?
  - (A) low D.O. and low BOD
  - (B) high D.O. and high BOD
  - (C) low D.O. and high BOD
  - (D) both D.O. and BOD equal

[P.T.O.

# **ROUGH WORK**