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<u><b>Time Allowed : 2 Hours]</b></u> Number of Pages in this Booklet : 2	D /	Nu	mber of Qu	_					: 200
Instructions for the Candidates         1.       Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the on the top of this page.         2.       This paper consists of 100 objective type question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper II will         3.       At the commencement of examination, the q will be given to the student. In the first 5 m requested to open the booklet and compulsoril follows :         (i)       To have access to the Question Bookl paper seal on the edge of this cover page a booklet without sticker-seal or open the booklet with the information print page. Faulty booklets due to missing p or questions repeated or not in serie other discrepancy should not be accep booklet should be obtained from the im the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neith Booklet will be replaced nor any extrugiven. The same may please be noted.         (iii)       After this verification is over, the OMR should be entered on this Test Booklet         4.       Each question has four alternative responses r (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as ind the correct response against each item.         Example : where (C) is the correct response.	space provided s. Each question l be compulsory. lestion booklet inutes, you are y examine it as et, tear off the e. Do not accept booklet. of questions in ed on the cover bages/questions l order or any ted and correct rigilator within her the Question a time will be Sheet Number harked (A), (B),	1. 2. 3.	•	श्र्यांसावी आसन क्र Icruा उत्तार IOO बहुप केतील स र विद्याश्र्य सदर प्रश्नन ा उघडण्य ा उघडण्य ा उघडण्य ली किंवा इतार ज्यारा नाह णे सर्व र. उत्तराप (4), (B), (0 प्य उत्तराप	महत्त्वा मांक या पत्रिकेच या पत्रिकेच या पत्रिकोच प्रश्न पत्रिका र गासाठी प्रत पत्रिका र मूद केल् ल एकूण् /कमी प्र तुटी अस् पड्ताळू पड्ताळू पड्ताळू ट) आणि वा रकान	च्या सूच च्या सूच पृष्ठावरीत । क्रमांक श्न आहेत सोडविणे । प्रत्रिका 1 उघडुले स व श्न पात्र स स्त देऊन बदलून व क्रपया वि क्रपया वि न् पाहित बदलून व पाहित व पाहित व पाहित व पाहित व पाहित व पाहित व पाहित व पाहित व पाहित	ना त्याखालं त्याखालं त. प्रत्येक अनिवाग् देली जा ालील ब वर लाव प्रश्नपटि प्रश्नपटि रेष प्रश्न तेष प्रश्न तेष प्रश्न देखरी प्र मिळणार द्यार्थ्यानं तर वा. री चार 1	कोप-या ो लिहाव 5 प्रश्नास र्य आहे. ईल. सुरु ाबी अवः केची ए पडताव पडताव पात्री का स्विचा ए पडताव पात्री का राही तर वाही तर विकल्प	त लिहावा. I. I. दोन गुण वातीच्या 5 रय तपासून त उघडावे. कारू नये क्रिजा कम मुरुवातीच्या का मागवून सेच वेळही ावी. पत्रिकेवर उत्तरे दिर्ल
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<ul> <li>conclusion of examination.</li> <li>10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.</li> <li>11. Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prob</li> <li>12. There is no negative marking for incorrect ans</li> </ul>		10. 11. 12.	फक्त निळ्या किंवा व कॅलक्युलेटर किंवा व चुकीच्या उत्तरासाठी	काळ्या ब लॉग टेबल	ॉल पेनच 1 वापरण्य	ाच वापर यास परव	करावा. ानगी नाइ		

# Law

# Paper II

## Time Allowed : 120 Minutes]

### [Maximum Marks : 200

Note: This Paper contains Hundred (100) multiple choice questions. Each question carrying Two (2) marks. Attempt All questions.

1.	Match the following and select the <i>correct</i> answer using the codes given below it :	2. 'A' bequeaths a legacy "to Thomas, the second son of my brother John". The testator has an only brother John, whose first son is named
	List I (a) Remedy for deprivation of custody of a child (b) Removal of a testamentary guardian (c) Appointment of a guardian ad- litem (d) Apostacy List II (1) Insolvency of the guardian (2) Application under sec97, 98 of Criminal Procedure Code 1973 (3) Disability of a guardian (4) Order 32 of Civil Procedure Code Codes : (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (1) (3) (4) (2) (B) (2) (1) (3) (4) (C) (4) (2) (1) (3) (D) (2) (1) (4) (3)	<ul> <li>Thomas and whose second son is named William. The person who gets a property under the bequeath is : <ul> <li>(A) William</li> <li>(B) Thomas</li> <li>(C) The testator himself</li> <li>(D) No one</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Consider the following statements and give the correct answer : <ul> <li>(I) Every petition under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 must state that there is no collusion between the petitioner and the other party to the marriage.</li> <li>(II) The statements contained in every petition under the said Act shall be verified in the manner required by law for verification of plaints.</li> <li>(III) Every proceeding under this Act shall be conducted in camera. Codes :</li> <li>(A) Content in statement I is mandatory and II, III are optional</li> <li>(B) Contents in statement I are optional and II, III are mandatory</li> <li>(D) Contents in statements I, III are mandatory</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		B [P.T.O.

- 4. Which of the following is *not* considered to be the power of a marriage officer under Special Marriage Act ?
  - (A) Discovery and Inspection
  - (B) Issuing commissions for examination of witnesses
  - (C) Maintain the marriage dissolution book
  - (D) Register marriages solemnized under this Act
- 5. A, a Hindu male during his bachelorhood adopts a son P. After some period, he marries B. He did not have any son from B, and hence adopts another son Q.

Which one of the following statements is *correct* ?

- (A) P's adoption is valid, Q's adoption is invalid
- (B) Adoption of both P and Q are valid
- (C) Adoption of P is invalid and adoption of Q is valid
- (D) Adoption of both P and Q is invalid

- 6. Which one of the following is an approved form of marriage among Hindus under uncodified law ?
  - (A) Asura
  - (B) Gandharva
  - (C) Prajapatya
  - (D) Paishacha
- 7. Which one of the following is an authoritative text for Dayabhaga school ?
  - (A) Vyavahara Mayukha
  - (B) Vivada Tandava
  - (C) Dattaka Chandrika
  - (D) Nirnay Sindhu
- 8. Which of the following is *not* a valid talaq/divorce as per Muslim Law of present time ?
  - (A) Talaq initiated by wife under the power delegated to her by her husband
  - (B) Talaq initiated by wife with an offer to relinquish her claim of dower and offer accepted by husband
  - (C) Talaq initiated by husband, by pronunciating three times in one seating
  - (D) Talaq effected by Mutual Consent of the husband and wife

 Read the Assertion (A) and Reason (R) and with the help of codes given below, point out *correct* explanation.

> **Assertion (A) :** A marriage between a man and a descendant or ascendant of his wife is void under Muslim Law.

> **Reason (R) :** There is absolute bar on marriage between the relations of affinity.

### Codes :

- (A) (A) is correct, (R) is false
- (B) (A) is false, (R) is true
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true but(R) is not a correct explanation of (A)
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are correct and(R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- 10. Which of the following is *not* a valid defence available to wife in a suit for restitution of conjugal rights ?
  - (A) It is unsafe for her to live with her husband because of his cruelty
  - (B) The husband grossly neglects the performance of the marital obligations
  - (C) The marriage is irregular
  - (D) The husband is living with his parents

- 11. What are the causes of land pollution ?
  - (A) Rising population and mining
  - (B) Industrialisation, unplanned mining, rising population and urbanisation
  - (C) Industrialisation and unplanned mining
  - (D) Only urbanisation and industrialisation
- 12. Which international convention recognised that wild animals are an irreparable part of the earth's natural system and it is an obligation of mankind to ensure that this legacy is conserved for future generations ?
  - (A) Bonn Convention
  - (B) Ramsar Convention
  - (C) Rome Convention
  - (D) Nairobi Convention

- 13. In which of the following cases the Hon'ble Supreme Court declared that intergenerational equity and sustainable development have come to be firmly embedded in our constitutional jurisprudence as an integral part of the fundamental rights conferred by Article 21 of the Constitution ?
  - (A) Samaj Parivartana SamudayaVs. State of Karnataka (2013)
  - (B) T.N. Godavarman Thirumulpad*Vs.* Union of India (2012)
  - (C) Subhash Kumar Vs. State of Bihar
  - (D) Susetha Vs. State of TN (2006)
- 14. When were the plastic waste management rules introduced by MOEF notification ?
  - (A) 2016
  - (B) 2015
  - (C) 2018
  - $(D) \ 2017$

- 15. According to Section 20 of National Green Tribunal Act, 2010 the National Green Tribunal has to apply which principles ?
  - (A) Polluter pays principle and intergenerational equity principle only
  - (B) Only polluter pays principle and public trust doctrine
  - (C) Principle of sustainable development, the precautionary principle and the polluter pays principle
  - (D) Intergenerational equity and precautionary principle only
- 16. The modern conception of human rights developed in the aftermath of the :
  - (A) First World War
  - (B) Second World War
  - (C) Gulf War
  - (D) World War

- 17. Which year was designated by the General Assembly as the International Year of Disabled Persons ?
  - (A) 1980
  - (B) **1981**
  - (C) **1982**
  - (D) 1983
- The International Bill of Human Rights consists of :
  - (A) The Universal Declaration of Human Rights
  - (B) The International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
  - (C) The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
  - (D) All of the above
- 19. The World Assembly on Ageing at Vienna to focus world attention on the problems of the elderly and the aged was held in the year :
  - (A) **1982**
  - (B) **1993**
  - (C) **1966**
  - (D) 1972

- 20. The National Human Rights Commission can enquire, Suo Motu or on a petition presented to it by a victim or any person on his behalf, into a complaint of :
  - (A) Violation of human rights or abetment thereof
  - (B) Negligence in the prevention of violation of human right by a public servant
  - $(C) \quad Both \ (A) \ and \ (B)$
  - $(D) \ \ Violation \ \ by \ \ non-state \ \ sector$
- 21. Which one of the following doctrines prevailing in most of the legal systems that allows a court to hold a party liable for patent infringement even though the infringing device or process does not fall within the literal scope of a patent claim, but nevertheless is equivalent to the claimed.
  - (A) Doctrine of Literal Conflict
  - (B) Doctrine of Deceptive Similarity
  - (C) Doctrine of Equivalents
  - (D) Doctrine of Colourable Deception

22. The developing of the personality is inherent to the property right. The IPR permit and protect the developing of the personality which extends to the material things.

The above statement represents which one of the theory of IPR ?

- (A) The Utilitarian Theory of IPR
- (B) The Natural Right Theory of IPR
- (C) The Ethics and Reward Theory of IPR
- (D) The Personhood Theory of IPR
- 23. Which one of the following was *not* the subject matter of Paris Convention 1883 for the protection of industrial property ?
  - (A) Copyright
  - (B) Patents
  - (C) Trademarks
  - (D) Utility models

- 24. Which one of the following is *not* an exception given under S/52 of the Copyright Act, 1957 which allows the use of copyrighted material as "fair deal" ?
  - (A) The commercial use of copyrighted material
  - (B) The academic use of copyrighted material
  - (C) The use of copyrighted material for research purpose
  - (D) The use of copyrighted material for private use
- 25. Which one of the committee had examined the question of revision of patent law and advised the government in 1959 to retain the patent system in India, however recommended major changes in the law which formed the basis of the introduction of the Patents Bill, 1965 ?
  - (A) Dr. Bakshi Tek Chand Committee
  - (B) Justice N. Rajgopala Ayyangar Committee
  - (C) Wolfenden Committee
  - (D) Justice M.C. Chhagla Committee

- 26. While determining the cases of deceptive similarity in contesting claim of trademarks, the court while deciding the issue of "identity", "similarity", "Like to cause confusion" from the perspective of which one of the following fictitious characters ?
  - (A) An average man of ordinary intelligence with imperfect recollection
  - (B) The person ordinarily skilled in Art
  - (C) Lay observer
  - (D) A reasonable and prudence man
- 27. Which of the following has been awarded protection under the Geographical Indications of Goods Act, 1999 ?
  - (1) Dharwad Petha
  - (2) Darjeeling Tea
  - (3) Kadaknath Chicken
  - (4) Gondwana Dhokra

Choose the *correct* option :

- (A) (1), (2) and (4)
- (B) (1), (2) and (3)
- (C) (2), (3) and (4)
- (D) (2) and (4)

- 28. It has been observed that India has been traditionally one of the soft target of biopiracy. Which among the following is the reason for it ?
  - (A) Because India was the colony under British Government and therefore open to Bio-piracy for European Nation
  - (B) Because India has large amount of Biodiversity
  - (C) Because Government of India has Liberal approach for its resources and therefore it is easy to carry away the Bio-diversified material
  - (D) Because National Bio-diversity authority is not effectively established in India to control the Bio-piracy
- 29. What is the maximum penalty for damage to computer, computer system, unauthorised access, download of data, infecting with virus, denial of access etc. as per S-43 of the Information Technology Act, 2000 ?
  - (A) 2 lakhs
  - (B) 50 lakhs
  - (C) 1 crore
  - (D) 5 crores

- 30. In order to safeguard the secure use of the electronic medium and for promotion of e-governance and e-commerce, which of the following authority has been empowered to prescribe the modes or methods for encryption u/s 84A of the Information Technology Act, 2000 ?
  - (A) The controller of certifying authority
  - (B) The adjudicating officer appointed by Central Government
  - (C) The Ministry of Information and Technology in consultation with Department of Telecommunication
  - (D) Central Government
- 31. 'A firm having market power substantial enough to act independent of the competitive forces that prevail in the relevant market.' What does this statement refer to ?
  - (A) Cartel
  - (B) Dominant position
  - (C) Market equilibrium
  - (D) Predominant nature of activity

- 32. An insurer is absolved from the liability under section 149 (2) (a) of the Motor Vehicle Act, 1988 if :
  - (A) Motor vehicle developed a fault while it was in use
  - (B) The driver was skilled and possessed valid licence
  - (C) No part committed any breach of condition of contract of insurance
  - (D) The owner was aware that the driver has fake driving licence and still he permitted the driver to drive the vehicle
- 33. In Canada, Federation is primarily contained in the ......
  - (A) Constitution Act, 1982
  - (B) Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms
  - (C) British North America Act, 1867
  - (D) Crown Proceeding Act
- 34. The Presidential system is a form of Government in which :
  - (A) Ministers are collectively responsible to the legislature
  - (B) President is indirectly elected
  - (C) Total executive responsibility is assigned to the President as an individual
  - (D) Head of the State is merely a constitutional head

- 35. The term 'Separation of Powers' is ascribed to political philosopher :
  - (A) A. V. Dicey
  - (B) Beron de Montesquieu
  - (C) Lord Denning
  - (D) Voltaire
- 36. Dicey enumerated the doctrine of ..... which involved three distinct proportions or kindred conceptions.
  - (A) Separation of powers
  - (B) State action
  - (C) Rule of law
  - (D) Political question
- 37. 24th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1971 inserted Art, 13(4) in the Indian Constitution to overrule the view taken by the Supreme Court of India in the case of :
  - (A) Sajjan Singh Vs. State of Rajasthan
  - (B) Keshavand Bharati Vs. Union of India
  - (C) Minerva Mills Vs. Union of India
  - (D) Golak Nath Vs. State of Punjab

- 38. The first 10 amendments to the United States Constitution passed are known collectively as :
  - (A) Voting Rights
  - (B) Women Rights
  - (C) Bill of Rights
  - (D) Abolition of Slavery
- 39. Which of the following statements is *not* true about the appointment of members of Lokpal ?
  - (A) Total number of members shall not exceed right
  - (B) Out of total at least fifty percent shall be Non-Judicial Members
  - (C) Members shall not be a person who has been removed or dismissed from the service of the Union or a State
  - (D) Members shall not be of less than 45 years of age
- 40. ..... was the first country to adopt the institution of Ombudsman in 1809.
  - (A) Finland
  - (B) Sweden
  - (C) Denmark
  - (D) Norway

- 41. Who propounded 'Minimum content theory of natural law' ?
  - (A) H. L. A. Hart
  - (B) Lon Fuller
  - (C) John Finnis
  - (D) Julius Stone
- 42. According to Hugo Grotius, the purpose/s of social contract :
  - (A) Internally for the justification of the absolute duty of obedience of the people to the government
  - (B) Internationally to create a basis for legally binding and stable relations among the states
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) None of the above
- 43. Who propounded the theory of Pain and Pleasure ?
  - (A) Jeremy Bentham
  - (B) Austin
  - (C) Kant
  - (D) Finnis

- 44. Which book is *not* authored by Julius Stone ?
  - (A) Human Law and Human Justice
  - (B) Legal System and Lawyer's Reasonings
  - (C) Social Dimensions of Law and Justice
  - (D) Law in the Making
- 45. The jural opposite of 'Power' is :
  - (A) Disability
  - (B) Liability
  - (C) Privilege
  - (D) Immunity
- 46. ..... sees Nagel's claim about states as 'a piece of empirical political sociology'.
  - (A) Julius
  - (B) Thomas Hobbes
  - $(C) \ Cohen$
  - (D) Rawls
- 47. The status of legal person is determined by :
  - (A) Natural law
  - (B) Legislation
  - (C) Precedent
  - (D) Custom

- 48. Which is not an essential of ownership ?
  - (A) The owner has a right to possess the thing which he owns
  - (B) The owner has the right to use and enjoy the thing owned
  - (C) The owner has the right to consume, destroy or alienate the thing
  - (D) Ownership is determinate in duration
- 49. 'The task of social engineering is to build as efficient structure of the society as possible with minimum friction and waste', said by :
  - (A) Prof. H.L.A. Hart
  - (B) Karl Marx
  - (C) Roscoe Pound
  - $(D) \ Lon \ Fuller$

- 50. Hans Kelsen regards law as :(A) Natural science
  - (B) Positive science
  - (C) Normative science
  - (D) Physical science
- 51. Which of the following rights is guaranteed only to the citizens ?
  - (A) Right to life and personal liberty
  - (B) Right to equality
  - (C) Right to freedom of speech and expression
  - (D) Right to freedom of religion
- 52. The President shall be elected by the members of an electoral college consisting of ......
  - (A) The elected members of both Houses of Parliament
  - (B) The elected members of the Legislative Assemblies of the States
  - (C) The elected members of both Houses of Parliament and the elected members of the Legislative Assemblies of the States
  - (D) The elected members of the Lok Sabha

- 53. Article 254(2) provides that where a state law with respect to a matter in the Concurrent List contains any provision repugnant to the provisions of a previous central law, with respect to that matter :
  - (A) The state law will prevail without the assent of the President
  - (B) The state law prevails if having been reserved for the consideration of President and has received his assent
  - (C) The state law will not prevail
  - (D) Both the laws will not prevail
- 54. Which of the following writs can be issued by the High Court to restrain a tribunal from acting under an unconstitutional law ?
  - (A) Writ of Prohibition
  - (B) Writ of Habeas Corpus
  - (C) Writ of Certiorari
  - (D) Writ of Mandamus
- 55. Prior to the 44th Amendment, Article 352(1) provided that the President could make a proclamation declaring Emergency on the ground of :
  - (A) War, External Aggression or Internal Disturbance
  - (B) War, External Aggression or Armed Rebellion
  - (C) External Aggression, Armed Rebellion, Internal Disturbance
  - (D) War, Armed Rebellion, External Aggression

- 56. Article 371(2) enables the President to lay special responsibility on the Governor of which states for the development of certain areas of that states ?
  - (A) Nagaland and Mizoram
  - (B) Maharashtra and Gujrat
  - (C) Maharashtra and Andhra Pradesh
  - (D) Sikkim and Karnataka
- 57. The present Election Commission of India consists of :
  - (A) Chief Election Commissioner only
  - (B) Chief Election Commissioner and two Election Commissioners
  - (C) Chief Election Commissioner and one Election Commissioner
  - (D) Three Election Commissioners
- - (A) Administrative power
  - (B) Administrative procedure
  - (C) Administrative organisation
  - (D) Administrative duties

- 59. A. K. Kraipak V. Union of India is a case related to :
  - (A) Tortious liability of state
  - (B) Delegated legislature
  - (C) Abuse of Discretion
  - (D) Rule against bias
- 60. A law which gives uncanalised power/discretion to an authority to refuse licence to carry a normal trade on its subjective consideration, without provision for review by the superior authority is to be held as ......
  - (A) Reasonable restriction
  - (B) Unreasonable restriction
  - (C) Constitutional
  - (D) Non-arbitrary power
- 61. Who said that the supreme will of the state by consenting to be bound by customary or conventional rules of international law, places limitation on sovereignty ?
  - (A) Anzilotti
  - (B) Hegel
  - (C) Jellinik
  - (D) Bynkershoek

- 62. Which one of the following is *not* the essential attribute custom as a source of international law ?
  - (A) Antiquity
  - (B) Continuity
  - (C) Consistency
  - (D) Maneuverability
- 63. When in the opinion of the recognizing state, the state or government to be recognized formally fulfils the requirements of statehood it grants which type of recognition ?
  - (A) De facto recognition
  - (B) De jure recognition
  - (C) Conditional recognition
  - (D) Ad hoc recognition
- - (A) Immigration
  - (B) Refuge
  - (C) Internal displacement
  - (D) Migration

- 65. In which landmark case the International Court of Justice dealt with extra-territorial or diplomatic asylum ?
  - (A) Caroline Case
  - (B) Luther V. Sagor
  - (C) Haya de la Torre Case
  - (D) Abu Salem Case
- 66. The advisory opinion of ICJ may be sought by whom ?
  - (A) The General Assembly and Security Council only
  - (B) The General Assembly, Security Council, other organs of UNO and specialized agencies or other members of the United Nations family if authorised by the General Assembly
  - (C) The specialised agencies only
  - (D) The Security Council and specialised agencies only
- 67. A forcible or dictatorial interference by a state in the affairs of another state calculated to impose certain conduct or consequences on that other state is known as ......
  - (A) Retorsion
  - (B) Reprisal
  - (C) Blockade
  - (D) Intervention

- 68. Who was the first Director General of World Trade Organization ?
  - (A) Mike Moore
  - (B) Roberto Azvedo
  - (C) Pascal Lamy
  - (D) Peter Sutherland
- 69. What are the persons who are uprooted from their home country and find themselves seeking asylum and protection in another country called ?
  - (A) Prisoners of war
  - (B) Refugees
  - (C) Aliens
  - (D) Offenders
- 70. Which one of the following is a major challenge in enforcement of International humanitarian law ?
  - (A) Consent of parties involved
  - (B) Internal armed conflict
  - (C) Non-cooperation of states
  - (D) All of the above

71. Read Assertion (A) and Reason (R) and with the help of codes given below point out the *correct* explanation.

Assertion (A) : In murder both the elements of intention and knowledge are required to be proved the intention to injure and the knowledge about the consequences of injury relating to a particular victim.

**Reason (R) :** The word 'knowledge' imparts ascertaining and not merely probability.

### **Codes** :

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are individually true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are individually true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true

72. Match List I with List II and select the *correct* answer using the codes given below it :

### List I

- (a) Mens rea
- (b) Motive
- (c) Law presumes innocence
- (d) Knowledge of the act to be unlawful

### List II

- (1) Always not necessary
- (2) Condition precedent for any offence
- (3) Relevant and to impute intention
- (4) Until crime is proved beyond doubt

### Codes :

	( <i>a</i> )	( <i>b</i> )	( <i>c</i> )	(d)
(A)	(2)	(1)	(4)	(3)
(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(C)	(2)	(1)	(4)	(3)
(D)	(1)	(2)	(4)	(3)

- 73. Which one of the following will amount to criminal conspiracy ?
  - (A) Two or more persons agreed to commit a criminal act in furtherance of their common intention
  - (B) Intention of each of the accused persons is known to the rest of them and is shared
  - (C) Unity of criminal behaviour actuated by common consent
  - (D) Agreement to commit an offence even if no overt act is done to carry out the agreement
- 74. If a criminal act is done by several persons in furtherance of common intention of all, each of such persons is liable for :
  - (A) Abetment to commit such an offence
  - (B) Conspiracy to commit such an offence
  - (C) The part of the act done by him
  - (D) As if whole of the act is done by him alone
- 75. Which of the following offences is punishable at preparation stage ?
  - (A) Murder
  - (B) Theft
  - (C) Cheating
  - (D) Dacoity

- 'A' beat his wife. She fell down and became unconscious. Believing her to be dead and to save himself from being arrested for murder, 'A' hanged her to the fan with rope. Postmortem report disclosed her death from hanging. 'A' is liable for :
  - (A) Murder
  - (B) Culpable homicide
  - (C) Causing death by negligence
  - (D) Grievous hurt
- 77. 'Z' dies in possession of furniture and money. His servant 'A', before the money comes into the possession of any person entitled to such possession, dishonestly misappropriates the same causing.
  - (A) An aggravated form of misappropriation as per section 404 of IPC
  - (B) A type of possession by some process as per section 405 of IPC
  - (C) No offence because the property in question was entrusted to 'A' before the death of 'Z'
  - (D) No offence because the property in question was possessed by some casualty

- 78. Which of the following Sections of IPC deals with 'stalking' ?
  - (A) Section 354-A
  - (B) Section 354-B
  - (C) Section 354-C
  - (D) Section 354-D
- 79. Awarding a lesser punishment on special grounds is known as .........
  - (A) Reprieve
  - (B) Respite
  - (C) Remission
  - (D) Commutation
- 80. The term 'Victim' has defined under :
  - (A) Section 2 (wa) Cr.P.C.
  - (B) Section 2 (wb) Cr.P.C.
  - (C) Section 2 (xa) Cr.P.C.
  - (D) Section 2 (za) Cr.P.C.
- 81. "Tort is an infringement of a right in *rem* of a private individual, giving a right of compensation at the suit of injured party."

This definition has been given by :

- (A) Sir John Salmond
- (B) Winfield
- (C) Fraser
- (D) Sir Frederick Pollock

82. "Tort is a civil wrong for which the remedy is a common law action for unliquidated damages and which is not the exclusive breach of contract or breach of trust or merely equitable obligation."

The above definition is given by :

- (A) Winfield
- (B) Sir Frederick Pollock
- (C) John Salmond
- (D) Lord Atkin
- "There is no Law of Tort, but there is a Law of Torts."

Which legal thinker propounded this view ?

- (A) Granville Williams
- (B) Sir John Salmond
- (C) Winfield
- (D) Sir Frederick Pollock

84. Match the pairs :

### List I

- (a) Mutual agreement to do something in satisfaction of the cause of action
- (b) Actual payment of the sum agreed upon
- (c) Surrending the right of action against the wrong doer
- (d) Neglect to enforce the right to take action for a length of time

#### List II

- (1) Acquiescence
- (2) Release
- (3) Accord
- (4) Satisfaction

Choose the *correct* option :

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (4) (2) (1) (3)
- (B) (3) (4) (2) (1)
- (C) (3) (2) (4) (1)
- (D) (1) (4) (2) (3)

85. Match the pairs :

### List I

- (a) Damnum sine injuria
- (b) Strict liability
- (c) Injuria sine damnum
- (d) Inevitable accident

### List II

- (1) Ashby V. White
- (2) Gloucester Grammar School Case
- (3) Stanley V. Powell Case
- (4) Donghue V. Stevenson
- (5) Ryland V. Fletcher Case

#### Choose the *correct* option :

- $(a) \quad (b) \quad (c) \quad (d)$
- (A) (3) (1) (2) (5)
- (B) (2) (5) (4) (1)
- (C) (2) (5) (1) (3)
- (D) (2) (3) (1) (5)
- 86. Which one of the following cases discusses "Negligence" ?
  - (A) Ryland V. Fletcher
  - (B) Donghue V. Stevenson
  - (C) Ashby V. White
  - (D) Vaugan V. Menlov 1837

87. On April fool's day, the local newspaper published the news regarding the murder of Prime Minister of Democratic of Industan, para-materia to India. The people found Prime Minister alive on the television on the same day. Hence, Democratic Janta Dal (DJD) a party of Prime Minister instituted suit against the owner and editor and editor of such local newspaper.

> In the light of above facts, which of the following statements stands *correct* ?

- (A) DJD will win the case as the newspaper intended to cause it emotional distress
- (B) DJD will lose due to absence of locus standi
- (C) DJD will lose unless they can show that the Prime Minister is alive
- (D) DJD will lose unless it prove malice behind the publication of news item

- 88. 'X' erected a building overhanging the land of another. Which of the following statements is correct ?
  - (A) "X" is liable for the nuisance as he disturbs the enjoyment of land to another
  - (B) "X" is liable for the negligence as he has not taken prior permission before erection
  - (C) "X" is liable for the act of trespass
  - (D) "X" is not liable for anything as erected building is hardly created any legal damage to another
- 89. The state constructed a reservoir for the supply of drinking water for the village. The overflow channel from reservoir was partially constructed and then was left incomplete. Due to rain, the water overflowed and plaintiff's land and crops were damaged.

In the light of above facts, if the plaintiff brings suit against state, consider the following statements :

- (1) The state can raise the plea of sovereign immunity
- (2) The state can raise the plea of act of God, as overflow of water is natural phenomenon
- (3) The state can raise the plea of inevitable accident
- (4) The state can't raise any plea as in the given fact, negligence is apparent

In the light of above, choose the *correct* option from the following : (A) Only (1) is correct

- (A) Only (1) is correct (B) Order (2) is correct
- (B) Only (2) is correct (C) (1) (2) and (2) are
- (C) (1), (2) and (3) are correct
- (D) Only (4) is correct

- 90. The maximum period of limitation to file a complaint before the Consumer Dispute Redressal Agencies :
  - (A) Within six months from the date of incidence
  - (B) Within two years from the date of cause of action
  - (C) Within three years from the date of incidence
  - (D) No limitation period prescribed to file a complaint at National Consumer Dispute Redressal Agencies
- 91. Read Assertion (A) and Reason (R) and with the help of the codes given below point out the *correct* explanation.

**Assertion** (A) : An article displayed at the window of shop is only on invitation to make an offer.

**Reason** (**R**) : The person pick the article and tender at shopkeeper to purchase is an offer based on the price tag.

### Codes :

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are correct and(R) is a good explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are correct and(R) is not a good explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true

- 92. Which of the following statements is *true* as to Minor's Contract under the Contract Act, 1872 ?
  - (A) It can be enforced after he attains majority
  - (B) Minor is liable to pay compensation after he attains majority
  - (C) It cannot be validated even after he attains majority
  - (D) Minor is liable to repay the amount under the contract to the opposite party.
- 93. No one can enrich at the expense of the other signifies.
  - (A) Damages
  - (B) Penalty
  - (C) Quasicontract
  - (D) Compensation
- 94. Which of the following is *not* a ground for the termination of an agency ?
  - (A) Revocation and Renounciations
  - (B) Death or unsound mind
  - (C) Agent's interest coupled with subject-matter of agency
  - (D) Agent adjudicated as an insolvent

- 95. The term 'Unpaid Seller' has been defined in which section of the Sale of Goods Act, 1930 ?
  - (A) Section 44
  - (B) Section 45
  - (C) Section 46
  - (D) Section 47
- 96. The maximum number of partners in limited liability partnership is :
  - (A) 10
  - (B) 20
  - (C) 30
  - (D) No limit
- 97. The term 'Allonge' under Negotiable Act, 1881 means :
  - (A) a piece of paper attached to the negotiable instrument for the purpose of further negotiation
  - (B) a paper attached with negotiable instrument when it was with full negotiations
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - $(D) \quad Either \ (A) \ or \ (B)$
- - (A) Red herring prospectus
  - (B) Shelf prospectus
  - (C) Abridged prospectus
  - (D) Deemed prospectus

- 99. Which of the following powers is to be exercised by resolution at board meetings ?
  - (A) to make calls, to authorise buy back of shares and sale of undertakings of the company
  - (B) to diversify the business of the company, to approve amalgamation, merger and reconstruction and to issue securities including debentures
  - (C) to give time for repayment of debt from a director, to make calls and to authorise buy back of shares
  - (D) to borrow money, to sell undertaking of the company and to invest compensation money in otherwise
- 100. The activities to be undertaken by corporate social responsibility committee of a company are specified in which Schedule of Companies Act, 2013 ?
  - (A) Schedule V
  - (B) Schedule III
  - (C) Schedule VI
  - (D) Schedule VII

# ROUGH WORK