Test Booklet Code & Serial No. प्रश्नपत्रिका कोड व क्रमांक

\mathbf{D}

चुकीच्या उत्तरासाठी गुण कपात केली जाणार नाही.

Paper-II LIFE SCIENCE

Signature and Name of Invigilator	Seat No.
1. (Signature)	(In figures as in Admit Card)
(Name)	Seat No.
2. (Signature)	(In words)
(Name)	OMR Sheet No.
JUN - 34219	(To be filled by the Candidate)
Time Allowed : 2 Hours]	[Maximum Marks: 200
Number of Pages in this Booklet : 24	Number of Questions in this Booklet : 100
Instructions for the Candidates 1. Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided on the top of this page. 2. This paper consists of 100 objective type questions. Each question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper II will be compulsory. 3. At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as follows: (i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet. (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet should be obtained from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted. (iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet. 4. Each question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item. Example: where (C) is the correct response.	विद्यार्थ्यांसाठी महत्त्वाच्या सूचना 1. परिक्षार्थींनी आपला आसन क्रमांक या पृष्ठावरील वरच्या कोप-यात लिहावा. तसेच आपणांस दिलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा क्रमांक त्याखाली लिहावा. 2. सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेत 100 बहुपयांयी प्रश्न आहेत. प्रत्येक प्रश्नास दोन गुण आहेत. या प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील सर्व प्रश्न प्रोडितणे अनिवार्य आहे. 3. परीक्षा सुरू झाल्यावर विद्यार्थ्याला प्रश्नपत्रिका दिली जाईल. सुरुवातीच्या 5 मिनीटांमध्ये आपण सदर प्रश्नपत्रिका उघड्न खालील बाबी अवश्य तपासून पहाव्यात. (i) प्रश्नपत्रिका उघडण्यासाठी प्रश्नपत्रिकेवर लावलेले सील उघडावे. सील नसलेली किंवा सील उघडलेली प्रश्नपत्रिकेची एकूण पृष्ठे तसेच प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील एकूण प्रश्नांची संख्या पडताळून पहावी. पृष्ठे कमी असलेली/कमी प्रश्न असलेली/प्रश्नांचा चुकीचा क्रम असलेली किंवा इतर त्रुटी असलेली सदीष प्रश्नपत्रिका सुरुवातीच्या 5 मिनटातच पर्यवेक्षकाला परत देऊन दुसरी प्रश्नपत्रिका मागवृन घ्यावी. त्यानंतर प्रश्नपत्रिका बदलून मिळणार नाही तसेच वेळही वाढवून मिळणार नाही याची कृपया विद्यार्थांनी नोंद घ्यावी. (iii) वरीलप्रमाणे सर्व पडताळून पाहिल्यानंतरच प्रश्नपत्रिकेवर ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेचा नंबर लिहावा. 4. प्रत्येक प्रश्नासाठी (A), (B), (C) आणि (D) अशी चार विकल्प उत्तरे दिली आहेत. त्यातील योग्य उत्तराचा रकाना खाली दर्शविल्याप्रमाणे ठळकपणे काळा/निळ करावा. उदा. : जर (C) हे योग्य उत्तर असेल तर.
5. Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.	
 Read instructions given inside carefully. Rough Work is to be done at the end of this booklet. 	
8. If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put	
any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification. 9. You have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the	 प्रश्नपत्रिकच्या शेवटी जोडलेल्या कोऱ्या पानावरच कच्चे काम करावे. जर आपण ओ.एम.आर. वर नमूद केलेल्या ठिकाणा व्यितिरीक्त इतर कोठेही नाव, आसन क्रमांक, फोन नंबर किंवा ओळख पटेल अशी कोणतीही खूण केलेली आढळून आल्यास अथवा असभ्य भाषेचा वापर किंवा इतर गैरमार्गांचा अवलंब केल्यास विद्यार्थ्याला परीक्षेस अपात्र ठरविण्यात येईल.
end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination. 10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.	9. परीक्षा संपल्यानंतर विद्यार्थ्यांने मूळ ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिका पर्यवेक्षकांकडे परत करणे आवश्यक आहे. तथापि, प्रश्नपत्रिका व ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेची द्वितीय प्रत आपल्याबरोबर नेण्यास विद्यार्थ्यांना परवानगी आहे. 10. फक्त निळ्या किंवा काळ्या बॉल पेनचाच वापर करावा
11. Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited.	11. कॅलक्युलेटर किंवा लॉग टेबल वापरण्यास परवानगी नाही

12.

There is no negative marking for incorrect answers.

Life Science

Paper II

Time Allowed: 120 Minutes] [Maximum Marks: 200

Note: This Paper contains **Hundred** (100) multiple choice questions. Each question carrying **Two** (2) marks. Attempt *All* questions.

- 1. An appropriate term for human resident flora is:
 - (A) Commensals
 - (B) Parasites
 - (C) Pathogens
 - (D) Mutualists
- 2. Transplantation of stem cell populations from genetically identical donor to the recipient is said to be:
 - (A) Autologus
 - (B) Syngeneic
 - (C) Allogeneic
 - (D) Xenogeneic
- 3. For thorough mixing of medium and inoculum the part of the fermentor useful is :
 - (A) Shaft
 - (B) Headspace
 - (C) Impeller
 - (D) Sparger

- 4. Peptide antigen assemble with class 1 MHC aided by :
 - (A) Chaperone molecules
 - (B) Immunoglobulins
 - (C) T-cell receptor
 - (D) Cytokines
- 5. Methyl transferases of restriction modification systems seem to have evolved by :
 - (A) Convergent evolution
 - (B) Divergent evolution
 - (C) Mix of convergent and divergent evolution
 - (D) Natural evolution
- 6. Which of the following is *NOT* a premating mechanism of isolation?
 - (A) Temporal isolation
 - (B) Zygotic mortality
 - (C) Behavioural isolation
 - (D) Mechanical isolation

	A clade is a set of species:	10. The zone at the edge of lake, sea or
	(A) Derived from a common ancestor	ocean which is alternatively exposed
	(B) Derived from two ancestors	to air and immersed in water is
	(C) Derived from multiple ancestors(D) Inhabiting a particular	called
8.	environment Center of origin of coffee is:	(A) Pelagic zone
	(A) Brazil	(B) Benthic zone
	(B) Peru(C) Moluccas	(C) Lentic zone
9.	(D) Ethiopia Difference between Allopatric and Sympatric speciation is with respect to:	(D) Littoral zone
		11. What is the ultimate function of any
	(i) Attainment of reproductive isolation	ecosystem ?
	(ii) Geographical separation	(A) Survival of species
	(iii) Overlap in their distribution(A) Only (i)	(B) Balance of natural system
	(B) Only (ii)	(C) Flow of energy

(D) Biological control

(C) Only (iii)

(D) (i), (ii) and (iii)

- 12. The appearance of lichens and moss where there were previously no living things is an indication of the start of:
 - (A) Intraspecific competition
 - (B) Environmental resistance
 - (C) Primary succession
 - (D) Resource partitioning
- 13. If one wishes to compare the means of two independent samples, the appropriate test statistics would be :
 - (A) F-test
 - (B) Student t-test
 - (C) Chi-square
 - (D) Correlation coefficient analysis
- 14. On an average, which ecosystem has the lowest net primary productivity per unit area?
 - (A) An open ocean
 - (B) An estuary
 - (C) A freshwater lake
 - (D) A coral reef

- 15. The population of asiatic lion is small. Therefore, there is greater chance of :
 - (A) Gene flow
 - (B) Genetic drift
 - (C) Mutation
 - (D) Selection
- 16. Which of the statements regarding DNA replication is *correct*?
 - (A) The leading strand is synthesized discontinuously from multiple primers.
 - (B) The polymerase enzyme caps the 5' end of the nascent DNA strand
 - (C) Lagging strand helicases are composed of 5 identical sub-units
 - (D) Synthesis of the leading strand requires one RNA primer

- 17. The transposase gene encodes an enzyme that :
 - (A) Facilitates general recombination
 - (B) Facilitates viral replication within a genome
 - (C) Facilitates site-specific integration of transposable elements
 - (D) Facilitates transport of solutes
- 18. The expression of the following genes is essential for the lysogenic path of lambda phage when it infects *E.coli*:
 - (A) N, Cro
 - (B) CI, CII, CIII
 - (C) P, O
 - (D) att, xis, inf

- 19. The phosphorus cycle is unusual in that it is entirely:
 - (A) Within the aquatic ecosystem
 - (B) Within the terrestrial ecosystem
 - (C) Sedimentary
 - (D) Gaseous
- 20. Which one of the following is a distance based method of tree construction?
 - (A) UPGMA
 - (B) Maximum parsimony
 - (C) Maximum likelihood
 - (D) Bayesian
- 21. The term anthesis refers to:
 - (A) Formation of an anther
 - (B) Opening of a flower
 - (C) Development of flower
 - (D) Dehiscence of anther

- 22. If cells of *Escherichia coli* are grown in a medium containing radioactive 32 P, the 32 P would be found in all, *except*:
 - (A) DNA
 - (B) RNA
 - (C) ATP
 - (D) Carbohydrates
- 23. The DNA profiling technique which demonstrates the similarity between different animal species with reference to some specific proteins coding sequences is known as:
 - (A) Zoo blot
 - (B) Garden blot
 - (C) Phylogenetic blot
 - (D) Animal profiling
- 24. The most important region in the atmosphere for microbial dispersal is:
 - (A) Stratosphere
 - (B) Troposphere
 - (C) Ionosphere
 - (D) Strato-ionosphere

- 25. In mammals, mature functional spermatozoa are produced in :
 - (A) Testis
 - (B) Vas deferens
 - (C) Epididymis
 - (D) Seminal vesicle
- 26. Isoenzymes are
 - (A) Oligomeric proteins which have different physico-chemical properties and catalyse the same reaction.
 - (B) Monomeric proteins which have different physico-chemical properties and catalyse the same reaction.
 - (C) Oligomeric proteins which have same physico-chemical properties and catalyse different reactions
 - (D) Monomeric proteins which have same physico-chemical properties and catalyse different reactions.

- 27. Molecular clocks located throughout the body in peripheral tissues are organized into a coherent, hierarchical system by a "master" clock is located:
 - (A) In the pineal gland
 - (B) In the adenohypophysis
 - (C) In the hypophysis
 - (D) In the supra chiasmatic nucleus (SCN) of the hypothalamus
- 28. Microtubule depolymerizing drug, such as colchicine, is expected to :
 - (A) Inhibit mitosis but allow cytokinesis
 - (B) Inhibit cytokinesis
 - (C) Allow mitosis beyond metaphase
 - (D) Induce formation of multiple contractile rings

- 29. For the reaction $A \to B$ at 298 K, the change in enthalpy is -7 kJ.mol⁻¹ and the change in entropy is -25 J.K⁻¹.mol⁻¹. How much is the free energy change and whether the reaction is spontaneous or nonspontaneous ?
 - (A) $\Delta G = 450 \text{ J.mol}^{-1}$ and reaction is not spontaneous
 - (B) $\Delta G = 450 \text{ J.mol}^{-1}$ and reaction is spontaneous
 - (C) $\Delta G = 900 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$ and reaction is spontaneous
 - (D) $\Delta G = 900 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$ and reaction is not spontaneous

- 30. The southern blotting technique depends on :
 - (A) Similarities between the sequences of probe DNA and experimental DNA
 - (B) The molecular mass of proteins
 - (C) The amino acid sequence of a protein
 - (D) Dissimilarities between the RNA and DNA
- 31. A solution is made by mixing 50 ml of 2 M K_2HPO_4 and 25 ml of 2.0 M KH_2PO_4 . The solution is diluted to a final volume of 250 ml. What is the pH of the final solution? ($P^K = 6.82$)
 - (A) 6.82
 - (B) 7.12
 - (C) 6.52
 - (D) 7.51

- 32. Inducible genes are transcribed because
 - (A) The inducer inactivates the repressor protein
 - (B) Repressor binds to the promoter
 - (C) Repressor binds to the operator
 - (D) Repressor-inducer bind to the operator
- 33. Two micron plasmid can be obtained from the following yeast:
 - (A) Candida shehatae
 - (B) Pichia pastoris
 - (C) Schizosaccharomyces pombe
 - (D) Saccharomyces cerevisiae

- 34. Which of the following is a phagemid vector ?
 - (A) pUC19
 - (B) pBR322
 - (C) λ EMBL3
 - (D) p Bluescript
- 35. Colocalization of two fluorescently labelled proteins in a cell is usually visualized by :
 - (A) Phase contrast microscopy
 - (B) Scanning electron microscopy
 - (C) Confocal microscopy
 - (D) Atomic force microscopy

- 36. What is the applied centrifugal field at a point equivalent to 5 cm from the centre of rotation and an angular velocity of 3000 rad $\rm s^{-1}$?
 - (A) $4.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cms}^{-2}$
 - (B) $5.4 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cms}^{-2}$
 - (C) $3.4 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cms}^{-2}$
 - (D) $6.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cms}^{-2}$
- 37. Mutation in gene rel A in bacteria results in
 - (A) Relaxed mutants
 - (B) Silent mutants
 - (C) Constitutive mutants
 - (D) Dominant mutants

- 38. Glycogen, starch and cellulose are polymers of glucose. Which of the following statements are *true* about these polymers?
 - (i) Glycogen and starch are having α 1-4 and α 1-6 glycosidic bonds.
 - (ii) Cellulose is having β 1-4 glycosidic linkage.
 - (iii) All these polymers are giving energy for the cells.
 - (iv) Glycogen is present in animals and starch in plants.
 - (v) Amylase enzyme is useful in digestion of these polymers.
 - (A) (i), (ii) and (v)
 - (B) (i), (ii) and (iv)
 - (C) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
 - (D) (ii), (iii) and (v)

- 39. The amino acid that interrupts $\alpha\text{-helix conformation in protein by}$ developing kinks in the structure :
 - (A) Serine
 - (B) Valine
 - (C) Proline
 - (D) Leucine
- 40. Which one-electron carrier protein transfers electron from photosystem

 I to photosystem II and is functionally similar to cytochrome C of mitochondria?
 - (A) Plastoquinone
 - (B) Phycobillin
 - (C) Phycoerythrin
 - (D) Plastocyanin

41.	Archegonia are absent in the ovule	43.	Which of the following is NOT
	of		caused by deficiency of mineral
	(A) Cycas		nutrition ?
	(B) Taxus		(A) Etiolation
			(B) Shortening of internode
	(C) Pinus		(C) Necrosis
	(D) Gnetum		(D) Chlorosis
42.	Membranes of which one of the	44.	Rous sarcoma virus, which induces
	following pairs are contiguous ?		the formation of sarcomas in
	(A) ER and Golgi bodies(B) Nucleus and ER(C) Golgi bodies and plasma		chickens. Which of the following is
			the product of oncogene V-src ?
			(A) Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF)
			(B) Tyrosine Kinase
	membrane		(C) Tyrosinase
	(D) Golgi bodies and lysosomes		(D) Serine Kinase

- 45. Hemophilia and colour blindness are :
 - (A) Autosomal dominant inheritance patterns
 - (B) Y-linked recessive inheritance
 - (C) X-linked recessive inheritance
 - (D) Y- and X-linked dominant inheritance respectively
- 46. Which one of the following statements is *correct*?
 - (A) Chromosomes separate in meiosis I and chromatids separate in meiosis II
 - (B) Chromosomes separate in meiosis II and chromatids separate in meiosis I
 - (C) Chromosomes separate in both meiosis I and meiosis II
 - (D) Chromatids separate in both, meiosis I and meiosis II

- 47. Maple syrup urine disease, one of the inherited metabolic disorder is caused because of blockage of oxidative decarboxylation of α -keto acids derived from valine, leucine and isoleucine. Which of the following enzyme is missing or defective in the patient?
 - (A) Homogentisate reductase
 - (B) Branched chain dehydrogenase
 - (C) Oxaloacetate decarboxylase
 - (D) Acetoacetate carboxylase
- 48. Which one of the following sequences functions as a signal for N-linked glycosylation in rough endoplasmic reticulum?
 - (A) Asn-X-Ser and Asn-X-Thr
 - (B) Asn-X-Ser and Asn-X-Pro
 - (C) Asn-X-Thr and Asn-X-Gly
 - (D) Asn-X-Gly and Asn-X-Pro

- 49. Oxysomes for F_0 - F_1 particles are present on :
 - (A) Thylakoids
 - (B) Outer mitochondrial membrane
 - (C) Outer chloroplast membrane
 - (D) Inner mitochondrial membrane
- 50. What is the sequence of cell organelles getting separated during cell fractionation by differential centrifugation?
 - (A) Nucleus, mitochondria, microsomes, cytosol
 - (B) Cytosol, nucleus, microsomes, mitochondria
 - (C) Microsomes, mitochondria, cytosol, nucleus
 - (D) Cytosol, microsomes, mitochondria, nucleus
- 51. By what process does Thorium-230 decay to radium-226 ?
 - (A) Gamma emission
 - (B) Alpha emission
 - (C) Beta emission
 - (D) Electron capture

- 52. Which of the following is the most suitable mode to study protein conformational changes and to probe the location of active sites and coenzymes in fluorescence spectroscopy?
 - (A) Quenching
 - (B) Quantum yield
 - (C) Intrinsic fluorescence
 - (D) Extrinsic fluorescence
- 53. Which of the following is NOT a method used in mass spectroscopy for introducing the sample without thermal decomposition?
 - (A) MALDI
 - (B) Electrospray
 - (C) Plasma desorption
 - (D) Pyrolysis
- 54. In polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, the breakdown of disulfide linkages in protein is carried out by using:
 - (A) TEMED
 - (B) Bisacrylamide
 - (C) β-mercaptoethanol
 - (D) SDS

- 55. *Helianthus annuus* flowers track the sun. This phenomenon is known as:
 - (A) Phototropism
 - (B) Photoperiodism
 - (C) Positive heliotropism
 - (D) Negative heliotropism
- 56. Which one of the following is produced during water stress and that brings stomatal closure?
 - (A) Ethylene
 - (B) Abscisic acid
 - (C) Ferulic acid
 - (D) Coumarin
- 57. Which of the following enzymes is *not* a part of fatty acid synthetase complex ?
 - (A) Enoyl reductase

 - (C) β-keto acyl reductase
 - (D) Acetyl transacylase

- 58. Reducing power required for biosynthesis of fatty acids in liver is provided by:
 - (A) TCA cycle
 - (B) β-oxidation of fatty acid
 - (C) Hexose monophosphate shunt
 - (D) Glycogenolysis
- 59. Starting with a fertilized egg (zygote), a series of sequential five cell divisions would produce an early embryo with how many cells?
 - (A) 8
 - (B) 16
 - (C) 32
 - (D) 64
- 60. If the Golgi apparatus is associated with secretion, we would expect it most abundantly in :
 - (A) Muscle
 - (B) Blood
 - (C) Gland
 - (D) Bone

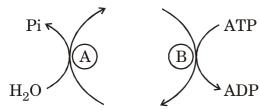
- 61. Which one of the following is NOT a function of kidney ?
 - (A) Thermoregulation
 - (B) Coordinated muscle movement
 - (C) Blood pressure control
 - (D) Maintaining ionic balance and pH of the blood
- 62. Somatostatins and opioids are examples of:
 - (A) Purine neurotransmitters
 - (B) Peptide neurotransmitters
 - (C) Amino acid neurotransmitters
 - (D) Mono amine neurotransmitters

- 63. Nucellar polyembryony is common in species of :
 - (A) Citrus
 - (B) Citronella
 - (C) Croton
 - (D) Crotallaria
- 54. The conformation of the polypeptide chain is determined by the torsion or rotation angles around C_{α} -N and C_{α} -C bonds of each amino acid participating in it. Which of the following pairs of amino acids is conformationally the most and the least restricted amino acids?
 - (A) Glycine and Proline
 - (B) Proline and Alanine
 - (C) Alanine and Proline
 - (D) Proline and Glycine

- 65. Prostaglandin H₂ synthase a key enzyme in the synthesis of prostaglandins from linear fatty acid has two types of catalytic activities. They are:
 - (A) Cyclooxygenase and Reductase
 - (B) Monooxygenase and Reductase
 - (C) Monooxygenase and Peroxidase
 - (D) Cyclooxygenase and Peroxidase
- 66. Glucose-6-Phosphate



Fructose-6-Phosphate



Fructose-1, 6-bisphosphate



Glyceraldehyde-3-Phosphate +

Dihydroxyacetone Phosphate

Such a set of opposing reaction shown as (A) and (B) in above figure is an example of :

- (A) Reversible reaction
- (B) Substrate cycle
- (C) Product cycle
- (D) Enzyme cycle

- 67. In a normal kidney Bowman's capsule, the blood is filtered and the filtrate contains :
 - (A) RBC, haemoglobin, water, glucose and small molecular weight proteins
 - (B) Water and glucose
 - (C) Water, glucose and large molecular weight proteins
 - (D) Only water
- 68. In tender coconut, initially the endosperm is:
 - (A) Free nuclear
 - (B) Cellular
 - (C) Helobial
 - (D) Both cellular and helobial

- 69. The lymphatic system has the following functions *except*:
 - (A) It maintains the balance of fluid between the blood and tissues, known as fluid homeostasis.
 - (B) It forms part of the immine system and helps defend against bacteria and other pathogens.
 - (C) It facilitates absorption of fats and fat-soluble nutrients in the digestive system.
 - (D) It facilitates exchange of gases in tissues.
- 70. Which is the source of foodstuff 'Nori'?
 - (A) Porphyra
 - (B) Polytrichum
 - (C) Potamogeton
 - (D) Pteridium

- 71. Liver is the principal site of synthesis of:
 - (A) Plasma albumin
 - (B) Plasma globulin
 - (C) Vitamin B₁₂
 - (D) Vitamin C
- 72. Which one of the following mutagens can add alkyl group to guanine resulting in direct mispairing with thymine?
 - (A) 5-bromo uracil
 - (B) UV-rays
 - (C) Acridine orange
 - (D) EMS
- 73. Hox genes are critical for the proper placement of segment structures of animals during early embryonic development *except*:
 - (A) Different vertebrae of humans
 - (B) Caecum in humans
 - (C) Antennae in fruit flies
 - (D) Wings in fruit flies

- 74. Mutation in which one of the following proteins will inhibit recognition of mismatched base pairs during DNA repair?
 - (A) Mut H
 - (B) Mut S
 - (C) Uvr D
 - (D) Mut L
- 75. is involved in the specification of germ cells in all animals studied.
 - (A) Sry
 - (B) Sox 9
 - (C) Wnt 4
 - (D) Vasa
- 76. The lagging strand of DNA is replicated in short pieces because :
 - (A) Of limitation of space
 - (B) Otherwise the helix will become distorted
 - (C) DNA polymerase can synthesize in one direction only
 - (D) To make proof-reading of code easier

- 77. In the ATP synthase of mitochondria subunit has the ATP/ADP binding site.
 - (A) Alpha
 - (B) Beta
 - (C) Gamma
 - (D) Delta
- 78. In electron microscopy the fixative used for plant materials is :
 - (A) Alcohol
 - (B) Acetic alcohol
 - (C) Glutaraldehyde
 - (D) Formaldehyde
- 79. Continuous activity of cambium in the stem leads to:
 - (A) Diffuse porous wood
 - (B) Ring porous wood
 - (C) Fibrous wood
 - (D) Semi ring porous wood
- 80. In *Leishmania* it was shown that the minicircles:
 - (A) Encode guide RNA (gRNA) molecules involved in the RNA editing of maxicircle cryptogene
 - (B) Encode guide RNA (gRNA) molecules involved in the RNA editing of minicircle cryptogene
 - (C) Encode micro RNA
 - (D) Encode noncoding RNA

- 81. With reference to plants, micropropagation *in vitro* means :
 - (A) Propagation of tiny plants
 - (B) Production of a large number of progeny plants
 - (C) Production of plants at microlevel
 - (D) Production of plants from microspores
- 82. If red and white seed colour shows a ratio of 1:4:6:4:1 in F_2 generation, it is due to :
 - (A) Duplicate genes
 - (B) Polygenic trait controlled by three genes
 - (C) Epistatic genes
 - (D) Polygenic trait controlled by two genes

- 83. The process of neoplastic cells moving through the circulatory system and becoming lodged in a vessel causing obstruction is referred to as:
 - (A) Anaplasia
 - (B) Neoplasia
 - (C) Thrombosis
 - (D) Embolism
- 84. Double lines in pedigree analysis shows:
 - (A) Sex unspecific
 - (B) Unaffected offspring
 - (C) Marriages between related individuals
 - (D) Marriages between unrelated individuals

- 85. Down's syndrome is caused due to aberration in :
 - (A) Chromosome 2
 - (B) Chromosome 20
 - (C) Chromosome 21
 - (D) X-Chromosome
- 86. The enzyme useful in conversion of penicillin G to 6-aminopenicillonic acid is:
 - (A) Penicillin acylase
 - (B) Penicillinase
 - (C) Carboxypeptidase
 - (D) Aminopeptidase
- 87. A small organic non-protein molecule that carries chemical groups between enzymes is:
 - (A) Cofactor
 - (B) Coenzyme
 - (C) Catalyst
 - (D) Substrate

- 88. The key element in the magnetic sensor system of pigeons and migrating birds is:
 - (A) Columella
 - (B) Cochlea
 - (C) Lagena
 - (D) Extracolumella
- 89. X-rays induce mutagenic changes by:
 - (A) Transitions
 - (B) Frame shifting
 - (C) Transversions
 - (D) Chromosomal breakage
- 90. Which of the following sn RNAs pair to form the catalytic active site during pre-mRNA splicing?
 - (A) U6-U2
 - (B) U1-U2
 - (C) U6-U4
 - (D) U5-U4

91.	The progeny of a single homozygous	94.	Eating meat from cattle with bovine
	self-pollinated plant is called		spongiform encephalitis can cause a
	as		variant of in humans.
	(A) Inbred line		(A) Kuru
	(B) Isogenic line		
	(C) Pureline		(B) Fatal familiar insomnia
	(D) Near-isogenic line		(C) Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
00	<u>-</u>		(D) Geistmann-Straussler-Scheinker
92.	Female gametophyte in <i>Gnetum</i> at		syndrome
	later stage is:	95.	Saffron is produced from the flowers
	(A) Uninucleate	50.	of
	(B) Binucleate		01
	(C) Eight nucleate		(A) Mesua ferrea
	(D) Multinucleate		(B) Crocus sativus
93.	The of the influenza-		(C) Nelumbo nucifera
	enveloped virus appear to be		(D) Mammea suriga
	involved in attachment to the host	96.	Lyme disease is spread by :
	cell receptor site.	<i>3</i> 0.	
	(A) Pili		(A) Bed bugs
	(B) Fimbriae		(B) Leech
	(C) Haemagglutinin		(C) Mosquito
	(D) Neuraminidase		(D) Ticks

97.	Which of the following pairs is NOT	99. Chromosomal elimination is one of
	correct ?	the strategy to develop
	(A) C_3 plants - Maize	(A) Polyploids
	(B) C_4 plants - Kranz anatomy	(B) Amphidiploid
	(C) Calvin cycle - PGA	(C) Haploid
	(D) Hatch and slack cycle - Oxaloacetic	(D) Autopolyploid
	acid	100. Which component of prokaryotic
98.	Delay in senescence in the plants is	RNA polymerase facilitates the
	caused by:	recognition of promoter sequences?
	(A) IBA	(A) α subunit
	(B) IAA	(B) β subunit
	(C) Cytokinin	(C) σ subunit
	(D) Gibberellin	(D) λ subunit

ROUGH WORK