Test Booklet Code &No. प्रश्नपत्रिका कोड व क्र.

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Paper-III

EARTH, ATMOSPHERIC, OCEAN & PLANETARY SCIENCE

Signatu	are and Name of Invigilator		Seat No.						
1. (Signature)		(In figures as in Admit Card)					ard)		
(Name	e)	Seat	No						
2. (Signa	ature)			(In	word	ls)			
(Name	e)	ON	IR Sheet No.						
MAY	- 35316		(To be	fille	d by	the	Cand	idate	e)
Time A	llowed : 2½ Hours]			[M	[axi1	nun	ı Ma	rks	: 150
Number	of Pages in this Booklet : 24	1	Number of Qu	aesti	ons i	n thi	is Bo	oklet	: 75
on the This will cover 3. At the will lareque follow (i) (iii) (iii) 4. Each (C) at the c	Instructions for the Candidates e your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided he top of this page. paper consists of 75 objective type questions. Each question harry two marks. All questions of Paper-III will be compulsory, ring entire syllabus (including all electives, without options). The commencement of examination, the question booklet be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are ested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as ws: To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet. Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/ questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet should be obtained from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted. After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet. In question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on correct response against each item. Imple: where (C) is the correct response.	1. 2. 3.	विद्याध्य परिक्षार्थींनी आपला अ तसेच आपणांस दिलेल सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेत 75 आहेत. या प्रश्नपत्रिके हे या विषयाच्या संपूर्ण परीक्षा सुरू झाल्यावर ' मिनीटांमध्ये आपण सर्व पहाव्यात. (i) प्रश्नपत्रिका स्मिल नसलेल (ii) पहिल्या पृष्ठ तसेच प्रश्नपत्रिका स्मल असलेल सुरु कमी अकम असलेल सुरु कमी अकम असलेल सुरु वातीच्या प्रश्नपत्रिका मिळणार नाह विद्यार्थ्यांनी (iii) वरीलप्रमाणे ओ.एम.आर. प्रत्येक प्रश्नासाठी (A) आहेत. त्यातील योग्य काळा/निळ करावा. उदा. : जर (C) हे योग्व	या उत्तरप ज बहुपया तील सर्वे अभ्यासः विद्यार्थ्या दर प्रश्नप उघडण्याः जिक्तेतील ससलेली नी किंवा ही तसेच सर्वे प् उत्तरपित्र , (B), (C	ंक या पृ त्रिकंचा प्रिश्त प्रश्त सो क्रमावर ला प्रश्त त्रिका उप साठी प्रश् साठी प्रश् साठी प्रश् साठी प्रश् त स्वावी वेळही व विळही व विळही व विळही व विळही व विळही व प्रशामा प्रकाना	ष्ठावरील क्रमांक त । आहेत । आहेत । डिवणे अ आधारित मित्रका वि यडून खा नपत्रिकेव । प्रमाणे प्र पर्यवेक्षा । त्यानं । पहिल् । पहिल् । पहिल् । पहिल् । अस् । पहिल् । पहिल् । पहिल् । अस् । पहिल् । पहिल् । अस् । पहिल् । पहिल् । अस् । पहिल् । पहिल् । पहिल् । पहिल् । अस्	। वरच्या व याखाली प्रत्येक मिनवार्य : आहेत. इली जाई लील बाब प्रश्नपत्रिय प्रश्नपत्रिय मिखा प्र संख्या प्रस्ति मिखा प्रश्न मिला प्र संख्या प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न मिला प्रश्न	लिहावाः प्रश्नासः र आहे. सद ल. सुरुव बी अवश्य वेले सील का स्विक केची एव पडताळून पत्रका पत्रिका पत्रिका प्रश्नप	दोन गुण रचे प्रश्न ।तीच्या 5 व तपासून उघडावे. कुण पृष्ठे १ पहावी. चूकीचा गपत्रिका न दुसरी बदलून वो कृपया
Shee	responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR et given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.		A) (B			D	<u> </u>	
6. Read 7. Roug 8. If you any r allot ident mean	I instructions given inside carefully. The Work is to be done at the end of this booklet. In write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space ted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your tity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfairnes, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.	5. 6. 7. 8.	या प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील प्रश् इतर ठिकाणी लिहीलेली आत दिलेल्या सूचना व प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्या शेवटी जर आपण ओ.एम.आ नाव, आसन क्रमांक, केलेली आढळून आल्य	उत्तरे तपा काळजीपू जोडलेल र. वर नग् फोन नंब गस अथव	सली जाण् र्विक वाच या कोऱ्या मूद केलेख र किंवा गा असभ्य	॥र नाहीत गव्यातः । पानावर ल्या ठिक ओळख प । भाषेचा	च कच्चे गणा व्यति गटेल अश् वापर किं	काम कर ारीक्त इत वी कोणर्त वा इतर गै	रावे. र कोठेही गेही खूण
end o you o to ca concl	have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed rry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on lusion of examination. only Blue/Black Ball point pen.	9.	अवलंब केल्योंस विद्य परीक्षा संपल्यानंतर विद्य परत करणे आवश्यक अ द्वितीय प्रत आपल्याबरं फक्त निळ्या किंवा व	द्यार्थ्याने म् प्राहेः तथा ोबर नेण्य काळ्या ब	रूळ ओ.ए पी, प्रश्नप गस विद्या गॉल पेन	(म.आर. (त्रिका व (थ्यांना प चाच वा	उत्तरपत्रिक् ओ.एम.उ रवानगी पर करा	का पर्यवेध भार, उत्तर आहे. वा .	भ्रकांकडे पत्रिकेची
11. Use	of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited. re is no negative marking for incorrect answers.	11. 12.	कॅलक्युलेटर किंवा र चुकीच्या उत्तरासाठी	लाग टब गुण कप	ल वापर गात केल	एयास प ी जाणा	गरवानग र नाही.	नाहा.	

11.

Earth, Atmospheric, Ocean & Planetary Science Paper III

Time Allowed: 2½ Hours] [Maximum Marks: 150

Note: This paper contains Seventy Five (75) multiple choice questions. Each question carries Two (2) marks. Attempt All questions.

- 1. "All points on a wave front can be regarded as point sources for the production of new spherical waves, and the new wavefront is envelop for secondary wavelet." This concept for wave propagation is given by:
 - (A) Pauli's Principle
 - (B) Huygen's Principle
 - (C) Snell's Law
 - (D) Wadath Principle

- 2. Thermohaline circulation is the:
 - (A) Small-scale circulation of the ocean driven by density differences
 - (B) Large scale circulation of the ocean driven by density differences
 - (C) Micro-scale circulation of the surface layer of the ocean
 - (D) Eddies in the ocean
- 3. The large ocean tides caused by the linear alignment of the Sun, Earth and Moon called the spring tides occurs during:
 - (A) New Moon and First quarter Moon
 - (B) Full Moon and thrid quarter Moon
 - (C) New Moon and Full Moon
 - (D) First quarter Moon and third quarter Moon

- 4. The law governing the relation between wavelength of peak emission for a black body at temperature of the body is:
 - (A) Wien's displacement Law
 - (B) Kirchhoff's Law
 - (C) Planck's Law
 - (D) Beer's Law
- 5. Sunspots which are the visible spots seen on the solar disk have an average cycle called the "Sunspot cycle" of :
 - (A) 6 years
 - (B) 11 years
 - (C) 14 years
 - (D) 2 years

- 6. Droplet growth in clouds by condensation process is :
 - (A) Directly proportional to cloud droplet radius
 - (B) Inversly proportional to cloud droplet radius
 - (C) Exponentially proportional to cloud droplet radius
 - (D) Directly proportional to the square root of cloud droplet radius
- 7. In a baroclinic atmosphere the density depends on :
 - (A) Temperature
 - (B) Pressure
 - (C) Temperature and pressure
 - (D) Temperature, pressure and acceleration due to gravity

- 8. Somali Jet is a cross equatorial flow of low level wind in the Monsoon system originating near :
 - (A) Indonesia
 - (B) Coast of Oman
 - (C) Madagascar
 - (D) Thailand
- 9. In the Thermodynamic diagram "Tephigram" the angle between the dryadiabats and the isotherms is :
 - (A) 45°
 - (B) 90°
 - (C) 60°
 - (D) 30°
- 10. In Gradient wind:
 - (A) Pressure gradient and coriolis forces
 - (B) Pressure gradient and centrifugal froces
 - (C) Pressure gradient, centrifugal and coriolis frocess
 - (D) Coriolis and centrifugal forces are balanced

- 11. The effects of inflight icing when an aivcraft is flying through clouds containing supercooled droplets that includes:
 - (A) Drag decrease, lift decrease, weight increase
 - (B) Drag increase, lift decrease, weight decrease
 - (C) Drag increase, lift decrease, weight increase
 - (D) Drag decrease, lift increase, weight decrease

12.	In plate tectonic setting, the thickest	14.	Graphite of workable quantities can
	continental lithosphere is associated with:		be extracted from:
	(A) Ocean-ocean convergent setting		(A) Khondalites
	(B) Ocean-continent convergent setting		(B) Charnockites
	(C) continent-continent convergent setting		(C) Gondites
13.	(D) continent-continent divergent		(D) Kodurite
	releases from storage per unit surface area of the aquifer per unit fall in the head normal to the surface		Which amongst following is the
			name of Uranium mine :
			(A) Zawar
	(A) Storage coefficient (storativity)		(B) Chaibasa
	(B) Transmissivity		(C) Sittampundi
	(C) Hydraulic Conductivity		(O) Sittampundi

(D) Compressibility

(D) Jaduguda

- 16. Chromite deposits are commonly formed by:
 - (A) Hydrothermal process
 - (B) Residual concentration
 - (C) Magmatic differentiation process
 - (D) Placers
- 17. Which of the following mineral assemblages characterizes blue schist facies metamorphism.
 - (A) Plagioclase-epidote
 - (B) Lawsonite-glaucophane
 - (C) Quartz chlorite
 - (D) Quartz-spinel

- 18. "D" Layer is identified at the boundary of:
 - (A) Upper Mantle-Lower Crust
 - (B) Transition Zone
 - (C) Lower Mantle-Core
 - (D) Upper Crust-Lower Crust
- 19. Which amongst the following has highest IR absorption ?
 - (A) Alluvium
 - (B) Rocky Mass
 - (C) Water Bodies
 - (D) Sand Dunes

- 20. The carbonate compensation depth is:
 - (A) 2500 m
 - (B) 4500 m
 - (C) 1200 m
 - (D) 100 m
- 21. Which of the following process is not an important cause of subsidence during the development of a sedimentary basin.
 - (A) Cooling and contraction of the crust
 - (B) Deposition of sediments
 - (C) Erosion of sediments
 - (D) Tectonic down faulting

- 22. Spinel quartz association corresponds to metamophic PT conditions of :
 - (A) 5 kb and 700°C
 - (B) 4 kb and 500°C
 - (C) 6 kb and 900°C
 - (D) 10 kb and 700°C
- 23. In the evolution of vertibrates orthogenesis is best examplified by:
 - (A) Pigs
 - (B) Horse
 - (C) Bovids
 - (D) Elephants

- 24. Consider the following statements:
 - (1) Neaptide occurs during the lunar quadrature
 - (2) During lunar quadrature tidal producing forces supplement each other

Which statements given above is/are correct?

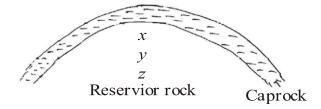
Codes:

- (A) (1) and (2)
- (B) Only (2)
- (C) Only (1)
- (D) Neither (1) nor (2)

- 25. The type of Dam prefered where the river section is wide and the foundation is unsound is:
 - (A) Gravity dam
 - (B) Embarkment
 - (C) Arch dam
 - (D) Multiple Arch dam
- 26. The main boundary thrust separates.
 - (A) Greater Himalaya and Tethys Himalaya
 - (B) Lesser Himalaya and Greater Himalaya
 - (C) Outer Himalaya and Lesser Himalaya
 - (D) Outer Himalaya and Gangetic
 Plain

27.	Induced polarisation method is best	29.	Nature of the mineral media with
	suited for exploration of:		respect to its paleo-density, viscosity,
			composition temperature and
	(A) Base metals		pressure can be directly discerned by
			studies.
	(B) Non-metals		(A) Fission track
	(C) PGE		(B) Fluid-inclusion geothermometry
			(C) Mössbaur studies
	(D) Radioactive metals		(D) DTA
28.	Rutile crystallizes in :	30.	Enechelon veins, Enechelon joints
	(A) Isometric system		and Enechelon stynolites are
			commonly formed in:
	(B) Tetragonal system		(A) Brittle shear zones
	(C) Monoclinic system		(B) Ductile shear zones
			(C) Semi-brittle shear zones
	(D) Triclinic system		(D) Brittle-ductile shear zones

31. Identify correctly the content in the porespace of x y z layers of the reservior rocks.



- (A) x-oil, y-water, z-gas
- (B) x-water, y-oil, z-gas
- (C) x-gas, y-oil, z-water
- (D) x-oil, y-gas, z-water
- 32. Gamierite is an one mineral of:
 - (A) Zinc
 - (B) Copper
 - (C) Nickle
 - (D) Manganese

- 33. The phenomenon by which minerals emit light when they are activated by an energy is called:
 - (A) Luminescence
 - (B) Play of colours
 - (C) Irridescence
 - (D) Labradorescence
- 34. Panchromatic film records the amount of light reflected from objects in various tones of :
 - (A) Blue
 - (B) Green
 - (C) Grey
 - (D) Red

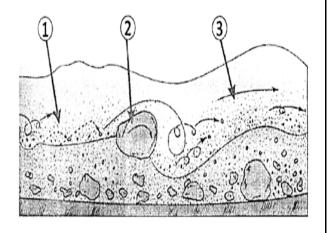
- 35. Which type of sedimentary structures is used to determine current direction?
 - (A) Ripple marks and cross bedding
 - (B) Mud cracks
 - (C) Graded bedding
 - (D) Growth bedding
- 36. A set of three photographs taken at the same time, one vertical and two at about 60° to the vertical in a direction at right angle to the line of flight is called as:
 - (A) Bimetrogon
 - (B) Trimetrogon
 - (C) Unimetrogon
 - (D) Pentametrogon

- 37. For a given discharge one of the following streams has the deepest channel gradient.
 - (A) Meandering
 - (B) Braided
 - (C) Anastomosing
 - (D) Anabranching
- 38. When the reservoir is full the maximum compressive force in a gravity dam is produced at
 - (A) The toe
 - (B) The heel
 - (C) The centre of base
 - (D) With the middle third of base

- 39. In an area a stream is neither progressively aggrading or degrading or changing its cross-section area, such streams are called:
 - (A) Alluvial streams
 - (B) Graded streams
 - (C) Anabranching streams
 - (D) Misfit streams
- 40. In arid terrains underlain by crystalline rocks, one of the following pair of landforms are commonly found.
 - (A) Pediments and inselbergs
 - $(B) \ Inselbergs \ and \ mesas$
 - (C) Cuestas and mesas
 - (D) Yardangs and pedestal rocks

- 41. are formed where pair of electrons of equivalent energy and opposite spins are shared between atoms.
 - (A) Vander Walls Bond
 - (B) Metallic Bond
 - (C) Covalent Bond
 - (D) Ionic Bond
- 42. The major deposits of Mn-ores are hosted in :
 - (A) Chattisgarh Group
 - (B) Sakoli Group
 - (C) Nandgaon
 - (D) Sausar Group

43. Name the events marked as '1', '2' and '3' for sediment transport.



- (A) (1) Bedload, (2) Saltation load,
 - (3) Suspended load
- (B) (1) Saltation load, (2) Bedload,
 - (3) Suspended load
- (C) (1) Suspended load, (2) Saltation load, (3) Bedload
- $(D) \ \ (1) \ Bedload, (2) \ Suspended \ load,$
 - (3) Saltation load

- 44. The assemblage olivine + augite is characteristic of all basaltic rocks formed under crustal conditions regardless of their degree of silica saturation. Above a pressure of 2.9 GPa however, this assemblage is no longer stable in the presence of CO₂ vapor phase; instead it is converted to:
 - (A) Enstatite + dolomite
 - (B) Olivine + dolomite
 - (C) Augite + dolomite
 - (D) Augite enstatite
- 45. Choose the correct order of succession (from bottom to top) of the groups of the Vindhyan super group.
 - (A) Semri-Kaimur-Rewa-Bhander
 - (B) Semri-Rewa-Kaimur-Bhander
 - (C) Bhander-Rewa-Semri-Kaimur
 - (D) Bhander-Rewa-Kaimur-Semri

1 6.	The modal composition	on of a sand	47.	Which of the following rocks is
	stone is as follows :			phosphatic ?
				(A) Diatomite
	Quartz	90%		(B) Enevinite
	Feldspar	1%		(C) Chalk
	Rock Fragment	1%		(D) Guano
	Matrix	8%	48.	The age of deep waters channel and
				fan complexes consisting
	The rock may be classified as:			hydrocarbon reservoirs in K-G basin
	(A) Quartz Arenite			is:
	(B) Lithic Wacke	lro.		(A) Pliocene-Pleistocene
	(b) Littlic wacke			(B) Late palacocene
	(C) Arkose			(C) Cretaceous
	(D) Gray Wacke			(D) Early Jurassic

- 49. Which of the following is the principal reservoir rocks of Cambay

 Basin ?
 - (A) Kadi Formation
 - (B) Tarapur Shale
 - (C) Broach Formation
 - (D) Jambusar Formation
- 50. During the process of maturation of kerogen, significant generation of oil occurs at temperatures.
 - (A) below 60°C
 - (B) between 60°C to 120°C
 - (C) between 120°C to 225°C
 - (D) above 225°C

- 51. The taxodont dentition in Bivalvia is characterised by :
 - (A) Series of alternating teeth and sockets
 - (B) Two equally developed teeth
 - (C) Cardinals and laterals
 - (D) Small, curved teeth
- 52. The topmost unit of the marine cretaceous rocks of Cauvery basin is:
 - (A) Dalmiapuram Formation
 - (B) Uttatur Formation
 - (C) Ariyalur Formation
 - (D) Niniyur Formation

- 53. Consider the following:
 - (1) Palacozoic era started about600 Ma
 - (2) Reptiles evolved during carboniferous period
 - (3) Permian was the longest period in palaeozonic era

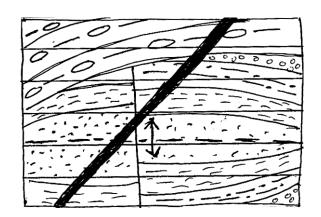
Which one of the following statements is *correct*?

Codes:

- (A) (1) and (2) only
- (B) (2) and (3) only
- (C) (1) and (3) only
- (D) (1), (2) and (3) only

- 54. Sequence boundaries form as a result of:
 - (A) Relative rise in sea-level
 - (B) Global climate change
 - (C) Relative drop in sea level
 - (D) Global atmospheric change
- 55. The age of Syringothyris limestone is:
 - (A) Permian
 - (B) Devonian
 - (C) Silurian
 - (D) Cambrian

56. On the basis of cross cutting relationship, which one of the following statements is correct?



- (A) Folding—Faulting—
 Unconformity—Intrusion
- (B) Faulting—Folding—
 Intrusion—Unconformity
- (C) Faulting—Folding—
 Unconformity—Intrusion
- (D) Folding—Faulting—
 Intrusion—Unconformity

57	Cross	bedding	ia	9	
or.	CIUSS	beduing	ID	а	٠

- (A) Scalar property
- (B) Vector property
- (C) Either scalar or vector property
- (D) Linear property

58. Ophiomorpha is a:

- (A) Foraminifera
- (B) Ichnofossil
- (C) Ostracoda
- (D) Algae
- 59. Snow ball earth existedperiod.
 - (A) 2300 Ma
 - (B) 700 Ma
 - (C) 360 Ma
 - (D) 540 Ma

			ı					
60.	The	characteristic	mineral	62.	Low-angle	Normal	faults	are
	assem	blage of khondalite	e is:		called:			
	(A) G:	amet—Feldspar			(A) Thrusts			
	(B) Biotite—Orthopyroxene				(B) Lags			
					(C) Horst a	nd Grabbe	en	
	(C) Plagioclase—Clinopyroxene		(D) Listric f		faults			
	(D) Co	ordierite—Spinel	6	63.	The effective	shear stre	ess on a p	olane
61.	A transform fault is a :		will be maxii	mum whei	n the pla	ne is		
01.	Transform radio is a .				inclined to th	ne compres	sion dire	ction
	(A) St	trike-slip fault			at an angle	of:		
	(B) Dip-slip fault			(A) 90°				
					$(B) > 45^{\circ}$			
	(C) Oblique-slip fault (D) Up-slip fault			(C) $< 45^{\circ}$				
				(D) 45°				

- 64. Which of the following formulae for 'Normalised Vegitation Index (NDVI)' is correct:
 - (A) NDVI = (near IR visible red)/
 (near IR + visible Red)
 - (B) NDVI = (Far IR Near IR)/(Far IR + Near IR)
 - (C) NDVI = (visible Red visible
 green)/(visible red + visible
 green)
 - (D) NDVI = (visible blue visible
 green)/(visible blue + visible
 green)
- 65. One of the following is not correct about coral reefs:
 - (A) They are confined to tropical coastlines
 - (B) They were responsible for formation of much of the limestone
 - (C) They exist only in deep water
 - (D) They provide information about the history of ocean basins and sea level changes

- 66. Majorite is stable at the depth of:
 - (A) 400 km
 - (B) 230 km
 - (C) 100 km
 - (D) 660 km
- 67. Archaean crust is characterised by:
 - (A) Abundant ultra high pressure rocks
 - (B) Abundant ophiolites
 - (C) Abundant TTG-greenstone sequences
 - (D) Abundant blue schists

- 68. With decreasing normative anorthite content the sodic series passes from :
 - (A) alkali basalt—hawaiite—

 mugerite—benmoreite—

 tratchyte
 - (B) alkali basalt—trachybasalt—tristanite—tradryte
 - (C) alkali basalt—trachybasalt—benmorite—trachyte
 - (D) alkali basalt—tristanite—
 mugerite—trachyte

- 69. The age of the oldest granetic rocks of singhbhum Craton is about :
 - (A) 2.5 Ga
 - (B) 2.5 Ma
 - (C) 3.5 Ga
 - (D) 3.5 Ma
- 70. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
 - (A) Stream discharge increases with stream order
 - (B) Drainage density is highest over resistant rocks
 - (C) Drainage density is inversely related to infilteration
 - (D) Dendritic drainage network is more common over areas of uniform lithology

71.	Pyrope garnet and chrome diopside	73.	The characteristic mineral assemblage of eclogite facies is:
	are characteristics minerals of:		(A) Lawsonite glaucophane
	(A) Kimberlite		(B) Chlorite epidote
	 (B) Komatiite (C) Ophiolite (D) Boninite The stress must be increased above yield stress for plastic deformation to advance is called: 		(C) Omphacite garnet(D) Garnet diopside
			The trace element that discriminates plume and arc sources
			is:
72.			(A) Nb (B) Sr
			(C) Ba
			(D) Th
	(A) Strain hardening	75.	⁴ He nucleus that escapes from decaying heavy radiogenic isotope is called:
	(B) Stress hardening		(A) alpha particle
	(C) Rheologic yield		(B) gamma radiation(C) X-ray
	(D) Ductile deformation		(D) beta particle

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