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MA	Y - 51216		(To be f	illed by	v the	Cano	lidat	e)
Time	e Allowed : 1¼ Hours]			[Maxi	mun	n Ma	ırks	:100
Num	ber of Pages in this Booklet : 16	Ν	Number of Que	stions	in th	is Bo	okle	t : 50
1. 2. 3.	 Instructions for the Candidates Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided on the top of this page. This paper consists of 50 objective type questions. Each question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper-II will be compulsory, covering entire syllabus (including all electives, without options). At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as follows: (i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet. (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/ questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet should be obtained from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted. (iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet. Each question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item. 	1. 2. 3.	विद्यार्थ्यां परिक्षार्थांनी आपला आस तसेच आपणांस दिलेल्या सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेत 50 आहेत. या प्रश्नपत्रिकेती हे या विषयाच्या संपूर्ण अ परीक्षा सुरू झाल्यावर वि मिनीटांमध्ये आपण सदर पहाव्यात. (i) प्रश्नपत्रिका उष् सील नसलेली (ii) पहिल्या पृष्ठाव तसेच प्रश्नपत्रिका प्र पृष्ठे कमी अप स्रफवातीच्या प्रश्नपत्रिका प्र मिळणार नाही विद्यार्थ्यांनी नं (iii) वरीलप्रमाणे ओ.एम.आर. उ प्रत्येक प्रश्नासाठी (A), (आहेत. त्यातील योग्य उ	। उत्तरपत्रिकेत्त बहुपर्यायी प्र ल सर्व प्रश्न मभ्यासक्रमाव द्यार्थ्याला प्रश् प्रश्नपत्रिका सङ्ण्यासाठी प्र किंवा सील म् किंवा सील केंती ल एक् स्तेतील एक् मागवृन् घ्या तसेच वेळ्ही तिंद् घ्यावी. सर्व पडतात. छत्तरपत्रिकेचा (B), (C) आर्गि	पृष्ठावरी श क्रमांक श्न आहेत सोडविणे र आधारि नपत्रिका उघडून र याप्रमाणे पा प्रश्न अ त्रुटी आ वाढवून वी. त्या वाढवून रून पहि नंबर लिह ग (D) अ	ल वरच्य त्याखाल अनिवाय ज आहेत दिली जा बालील ब केवर लाव प्रश्नपा प्रश्नपा वी संख्य सलेली प् सलेली प् सकाला नंतर प्रश् मिळणार ल्यानंतर श्वा शी चार	गी लिहाव 5 प्रश्नास र्म आहे. स ईल. सुरु ाबी अवः यलेले सीय प्रश्नांच परत देः प्नाही या च प्रश्न विकल्प विकल्प	॥. । दोन गुण । दरचे प्रश्न वातीच्या 5 श्य तपासून ल उघडावे. का जूकीचा श् नपत्रिका ज बदलून ची कृपया ची कृपया उत्तरे दिली
 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 	A B D D Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated. Read instructions given inside carefully. Rough Work is to be done at the end of this booklet. If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification. You have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination.	5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	उदा. : जर (C) हे योग्य उदा. : जर (C) हे योग्य या प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील प्रश्नां इतर ठिकाणी लिहीलेली उ आत दिलेल्या सूचना का प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्या शेवटी ज जर आपण ओ.एम.आर. नाव, आसन क्रमांक, फं केलेली आढळून आल्यास अवलंब केल्यास विद्या परीक्षा संपल्यानंतर विद्या परत करणे आवश्यक आ द्वितीय प्रत आपल्याबरोब फक्त निळ्या किंवा को	B ची उत्तरे ओ.। त्यरे तपासली ज ळजीपूर्वक व ोडलेल्या को . वर नमूद के व राम्यूद के त नमूद के . वर नमूद के . वर्षा परीक्षेस् श्र्याने मूळ अ हे. तथापी, प्रश्	एम.आर. ताणार नाई ाचाव्यातः त्या पानाव लेल्या ठि ा आवेज्ख भय भाषेच अपात्र जपत्रिका द्यार्थ्यांना	त. काणा व्य । पटेल उ ा वापर वि उरविण्या :. उत्तरर्पा व ओ.एम परवानर्ग	चे काम व तिरीक्त इ गुशी कोण् कवा इतर त येईल. त्रेका पर्य आर. उत्त्तो आहे.	करावे. तर कोठेही गतीही खूण गैरमार्गांचा वेक्षकांकडे
$10. \\ 11. \\ 12.$	Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited. There is no negative marking for incorrect answers.	10. 11. 12.	कॅलक्युलेटर किंवा ल चुकीच्या उत्तरासाठी ग्	ॉग टेबल वा	परण्यास	परवान	गी नाही.	

Management Paper II

Time Allowed : 75 Minutes]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note : This Paper contains Fifty (50) multiple choice questions. Each question carries Two (2) marks. Attempt *All* questions.

- 1. Which of the following is *not* a correct reflection of firm's micro-environment ?
 - (A) Competitive Environment
 - (B) Supplier Environment
 - (C) Socio-cultural Environment
 - (D) Customer Environment
- The strategic brand management process involves four main steps.
 Which of the following would NOT be among those steps ?
 - (A) Measuring customer brand knowledge
 - (B) Identifying and establishing brand positioning
 - (C) Planning and implementing brand marketing
 - (D) Measuring and interpreting brand performance

- 3. A body massage oil advertisement has a picture of a young man laying on his back and dreamily looking at clouds in the sky. Though not readily obvious to the casual reader, there is a message in the coulds that says "r - e - l - a - x". This would be an example of which of the following :
 - (A) Selective distortion
 - (B) Cognitive dissonance
 - (C) Selective retention
 - (D) Subliminal perception
- - (A) homogeneous
 - (B) heterogeneous
 - (C) diffused
 - (D) scattered

- 5. Which of the following type of tests matches to a question that shows a picture and respondents are asked to make up a story about what they think is happening or may happen in the picture ?
 - (A) Word association
 - (B) Completely unstructured question
 - $(C) \ Story \ completion$
 - (D) Thematic Appreciation Test
- 6. Which of the following layout is most appropriate for project type production system ?
 - (A) Product Layout
 - (B) Process Layout
 - (C) Stationary/Fixed Position Layout
 - (D) Line Layout

- 7. Which of the following is a quantitative method for determining location of a facility ?
 - (A) Centre of Gravity Method
 - (B) Transportation Method
 - (C) Assignment Method
 - (D) Decision Making Method
- 8. The critical path in a project network is :
 - (A) Path with the shortest length
 - (B) Path with the longest length
 - (C) Path which moves through all of the activities
 - (D) Path which moves through none

of the activities

-	5	[P.T.O.	
	(D) All non-zero		(D) Reverse hypothesis
	(C) All zero		(C) Null hypothesis
	(B) Either zero or positive		(B) Integrated hypothesis
	(A) Either zero or negative		(A) Forward hypothesis
	values are :		variable 'B' is an example of :
	optimal if all the improvement index	12.	Variable 'A' is independent of
10.	The solution by MODI method is <i>not</i>		(D) 'Q'
	(D) Linearty		(C) 'Z'
	(C) Divisibility		(B) 't'
	(B) Probability		(A) 'F'
	(A) Proportionality		in mean.
	problems ?		for testing the hypothesis, difference
	assumption of linear programming		30, usually test is used
9.	Which of the following is <i>not</i> an	11.	When the sample size is less than

 Maximum value coefficient of correlation 'r' can assume is

(A) 2

(B) 1.5

- (C) 1.0
- $(D) \ 0$
- 14. In MS project, the view that exhibits the network diagram is
 - (A) Resource sheet
 - (B) PERT chart
 - (C) Gantt chart
 - (D) Task sheet
- 15. Which of the following is *not* a type of information system ?
 - $(A) \ MIS$
 - (B) DSS
 - (C) ESS
 - $(D) \ LPP$

- 16. In the case of internal expansion strategy the firm does the following :
 - (A) The firm wishes to follow expansion strategy based on its own resources
 - (B) The firm collaborates with its own customer companies to follow expansion
 - (C) The firm requests and enters into collaboration with the government of the home country for expansion
 - (D) The firm enters into collaboration with its own suppliers to expand

- 17. Which one of the following is the true reflection of backward vertical integration strategy ?
 - (A) When the company adds to its business domain, the activities which takes it closer to market when adding value along vertical chain
 - (B) When the company adds to its business domain, the activities which takes it closer to the source of supply of raw materials when adding value along vertical chain
 - (C) By acquiring the business of competitors at same level of value addition chain
 - (D) When the firm adds to its business the production of products of very high value

- 18. Which one of the following is *not* Porter's generic strategy ?
 - (A) Differentiation
 - (B) Cost leadership
 - $(C) \ Internationalization$
 - (D) Focus
- 19. Special Drawing Rights (SDRs) are related to :
 - (A) The World Bank
 - (B) The Reserve Bank of India
 - (C) The International Monetary Fund
 - (D) The World Trade Organization
- 20. For BCG model, which one of the following statements is *untrue* ?
 - (A) One of the dimensions for constructing the BCG model is the degree of competitive intensity
 - (B) One of the dimensions for constructing the BCG model is relative market share
 - (C) In all probability Dog division is a fit case for divestment
 - (D) It is a 4 celled matrix

- 21. Outside Agency or Individual when provides capital to Entrepreneur knowing that it has risk of loosing capital or opportunity to gain large profit, such capital is called as
 - (A) Share capital
 - (B) Equity based capital
 - (C) Venture capital
 - (D) Private funding
- 22. The author of book "INNOVATION AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP" is
 - (A) F.W. Taylor
 - (B) Peter Drucker
 - (C) Elton Mayo
 - (D) C.K. Prahlad
- 23. The person who places resources for higher order economic returns is called as
 - (A) Scientist
 - (B) Sociologist
 - (C) Entrepreneur
 - (D) Management thinker

- 24. Among the following which one is *not* source of innovation ?
 - (A) Bright Idea
 - (B) New Knowledge
 - (C) History
 - (D) Change in Market Structure
- 25. Incongruity is
 - (A) Source of Entrepreneurship
 - (B) Source of innovation
 - (C) Source of leadership
 - (D) Source of motivation
- 26. Which approach to ethical decision making is referred to as the "Calculus of pain" ?
 - (A) Justice approach
 - (B) Utilitarianism
 - (C) Individualism
 - (D) Rights approach

- 27. A positive role model for corporate whistleblowers is
 - (A) Sherron Watkins
 - (B) Kenneth Lay
 - (C) Milton Friedman
 - (D) Jack Welch

28. Those groups of individuals with a vested interest in the performance

of a firm are referred to as :

- $(A) \ Stockholders$
- (B) Stakeholders
- (C) Employees
- $(D) \ Customers$

- 29. A company facing complex ethical issues in different markets may find a corporate credo is not specific enough. To provide more concrete guidelines and formulas for employee conduct, they may develop
 - (A) Code of ethics
 - (B) An ethical policy statement
 - (C) A value statement
 - (D) A mission statement
- 30. Research indicates that social responsibility
 - (A) Requires narrow focus on producing goods and services for profit only
 - (B) Is related to higher financial performance
 - (C) Does not include caring for the natural environment
 - (D) Does not impact organisational ability to recruit better candidates

As per Keynesian theory of Income	33.	C.W. Cobb and P.H. Douglas
letermination the economy is		contributed a theory on
livided into :		function.
(A) Four sectors		(A) Consumption
(B) Six sectors		(B) Production
(C) Three sectors		(C) Supply
D) Five sectors		(D) Demand
The relationship between the price	34.	Law of Diminishing Marginal
and quantity demanded is called :		Return has statges.
(A) Law of demand		(A) Two
(B) Laws of return		(B) Four
(C) Law of supply		(C) Three
D) Law of pricing		(D) Five
	 determination the economy is divided into : A) Four sectors B) Six sectors C) Three sectors D) Five sectors The relationship between the price and quantity demanded is called : A) Law of demand B) Laws of return C) Law of supply D) Law of pricing 	 determination the economy is livided into : A) Four sectors B) Six sectors C) Three sectors D) Five sectors The relationship between the price 34. and quantity demanded is called : A) Law of demand B) Laws of return C) Law of supply

- 35. Which one of the following costs is an explicit cost ?
 - (A) Cost of raw materials
 - (B) Wages taken by entrepreneur himself
 - (C) Interest on capital supplied by owner
 - (D) Rent of premises owned by entrepreneur
- 36. Organization's learning based on improving organizations capacity to achieve its known objectives is a characteristic of :
 - (A) Double Loop
 - (B) Single Loop
 - (C) Triple Loop
 - (D) Basic Loop
- 37. The conflict where the individual is motivated to approach two or more positive but mutually exclusive goals is :
 - (A) Approach-approach conflict
 - (B) Approach-avoidance conflict
 - (C) Avoidance-avoidance conflict
 - (D) Barrier-approach conflict

38. Match the following "Big Five" personality traits and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

Traits

- (a) Conscientiousness
- (b) Emotional stability
- (c) Agreeableness
- (d) Extraversion
- (e) Openness to Experience Characteristics

- (1) Clam, secure, happy, unworried
- (2) Dependable, hardworking, organized, self-disciplined, responsible
- (3) Curious, intellectual, creative, cultured, artistically sensitive flexible, imaginative
- (4) Sociable, outgoing, talkative, assertive, gregarious
- (5) Cooperative, warm, caring, good-natured, courteous, trusting

Codes

(a)) (b)	(c)	(d)	(<i>e</i>)
(A) (2)) (1)	(5)	(4)	(3)
(B) (1)) (3)	(4)	(5)	(2)
(C) (3)) (5)	(2)	(1)	(4)
(D) (5)) (2)	(3)	(4)	(1)

[**P.T.O**.

- 39. Role Analysis Technique (RAT) is used as intervention in :
 - (A) Management Development
 - (B) Performance Appraisal
 - (C) Organisational Development
 - (D) Conflict Management and Dispute Resolution
- 40. Power of one's expectations refers to :
 - (A) Pygmalion Effect
 - (B) Perceptive Effect
 - (C) Halo Effect
 - (D) Negative Effect
- 41. is not a part of training evaluation criteria.
 - (A) Learning
 - (B) Relevance
 - (C) Reaction
 - (D) Results

42. Match the following its appropriate definition and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

Concepts

- (a) Stereotyping
- (b) Reliability
- (c) Assessment Centre
- (d) Simulation Exercise

Definition

- (1) A technique that evaluates employee potential through multiple types of group and individual exercises and multiple raters
- (2) The consistency of scores obtained by the same person when rested with identical or equivalent tests
- (3) A test that duplicates many of the activities and problems an employee faces while at work
- (4) Attributing characteristics to individuals based on their inclusion or membership in specific group

Codes :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(A)	(2)	(1)	(3)	(4)
(B)	(4)	(2)	(1)	(3)
(C)	(1)	(4)	(2)	(3)
(D)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(4)

- 43. Under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, the employer is not liable to pay the compensation where :
 - (A) The injury does not lead to partial or total disablement for a period exceeding 3 days
 - (B) The injury does not lead to partial or total disablement for a period exceeding 5 days
 - (C) The injury does not lead to partial or total disablement for a period exceeding 4 days
 - (D) The injury does not lead to partial or total disablement for a period exceeding 2 days

- 44. is one of the functions
 - of Trade Union.
 - (A) Economic Functions
 - (B) Militant or protective or Intra-

mutual functions

- (C) Zonal Functions
- (D) Trading Functions
- 45. Which of the following is *not* the theory of Labour Welfare ?
 - (A) The functional theory
 - (B) The philanthrophic theory
 - (C) Placating theory
 - (D) Haynes Manit theory

In India, NIFTY and SENSEX are	48.	Financial leverage is calculated
calculated on the basis of : (A) Market capitalisation		as : (A) EBIT ÷ Contribution
		(B) EBIT ÷ PBT
		(C) EBIT ÷ Sales
(B) Paid up capital		(D) EBIT ÷ Variable Cost
(C) Free-float capitalisation	49.	SEBI was given statutory powers as
		on :
(D) Authorised share capitalWhich is the most expensive source		(A) Jan. 30, 1991
		(B) Jan. 30, 1992
		(C) Jan. 20, 1992
of funds ?		(D) Jan. 30, 1990
(A) New equity shares	50.	Mutual funds are regulated by :
		(A) SEBI
(B) New preference shares		(B) Association of Mutual Funds in
(C) New debts		India (AMFI)
		(C) IRDA
(D) Retained earnings		(D) RBI
	 calculated on the basis of : (A) Market capitalisation (B) Paid up capital (C) Free-float capitalisation (D) Authorised share capital Which is the most expensive source of funds ? (A) New equity shares (B) New preference shares 	 In India, NIFTY and SENSEX are calculated on the basis of : (A) Market capitalisation (B) Paid up capital (C) Free-float capitalisation (D) Authorised share capital (D) Authorised share capital Which is the most expensive source of funds ? (A) New equity shares (B) New preference shares (C) New debts

ROUGH WORK

ROUGH WORK