Test Booklet Code & No. प्रश्नपत्रिका कोड व क्र.

D

Paper-II LIFE SCIENCE

Signature and Name of Invigilator		Seat No.
1. (Si	gnature)	(In figures as in Admit Card)
(Na	ame)	Seat No.
2. (Si	gnature)	(In words)
(Na	ame)	OMR Sheet No.
,	Y - 34216	(To be filled by the Candidate)
	e Allowed : 1¼ Hours]	[Maximum Marks: 100
	ber of Pages in this Booklet : 12	Number of Questions in this Booklet: 50
	ser of rages in time Bookiet. 12	
1. 2. 3. 4.	Instructions for the Candidates Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided on the top of this page. This paper consists of 50 objective type questions. Each question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper-II will be compulsory, covering entire syllabus (including all electives, without options). At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as follows: (i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet. (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/ questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet should be obtained from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted. (iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet. Each question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.	विद्यार्थ्यांसाठी महत्त्वाच्या सूचना 1. परिक्षार्थींनी आपला आसन क्रमांक या पृष्ठावरील वरच्या कोप-यात लिहावा. तसेच आपणांस दिलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा क्रमांक त्याखाली लिहावा. 2. सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेत 50 बहुपर्यायी प्रश्न आहेत. प्रत्येक प्रश्नास दोन गुण आहेत. या प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे अनिवार्य आहे. सदरचे प्रश्न हे या विषयाच्या संपूर्ण अभ्यासक्रमावर आधारित आहेत. 3. परीक्षा सुरू झाल्यावर विद्यार्थ्याला प्रश्नपत्रिका दिली जाईल. सुरुवातीच्या 5 मिनीटांमध्ये आपण सदर प्रश्नपत्रिका उघड्न खालील बाबी अवश्य तपासून पहाव्यात. (ii) प्रश्नपत्रिका उघडण्यासाठी प्रश्नपत्रिकेवर लावलेले सील उघडावे. सील नसलेली किंवा सील उघडलेली प्रश्नपत्रिको स्विकारू नये. (iii) पहिल्या पृष्ठावर नमूद केल्याप्रमाणे प्रश्नपत्रिकेची एकूण पृष्ठे तसेच प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील एकूण प्रश्नांची संख्या पडताळून पहावी. पृष्ठे कमी असलेली/कमी प्रश्न असलेली/प्रश्नांचा चूकीचा क्रम असलेली किंवा इतर त्रुटी असलेली सदोष प्रश्नपत्रिका सुरुवातीच्या 5 मिनिटातच पर्यवेक्षकाला परत देऊन दुसरी प्रश्नपत्रिका मागवून ध्यावी. त्यानंतर प्रश्नपत्रिका बदलून मिळणार नाही तसेच वेळही वाढवून मिळणार नाही याची कृपया विद्यार्थांनी नोंद ध्यावी. (iii) वरीलप्रमाणे सर्व पडताळून पहिल्यानंतरच प्रश्नपत्रिकेवर ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेचा नंबर लिहावा. 4. प्रत्येक प्रश्नासाठी (A), (B), (C) आणि (D) अशी चार विकल्प उत्तरे दिली
	Example : where (C) is the correct response.	आहेत. त्यातील योग्य उत्तराचा रकाना खाली दर्शविल्याप्रमाणे ठळकपणे काळा/निळा करावा.
_	(A) (B) (D)	उदा. : जर (C) हे योग्य उत्तर असेल तर
5. 6. 7. 8.	Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated. Read instructions given inside carefully. Rough Work is to be done at the end of this booklet. If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair	
9. 10. 11.	means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification. You have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited. There is no negative marking for incorrect answers	केलेली आढळून आल्यास अथवा असभ्य भाषेचा चार किंवा इतर गैरमागाँचा अवलंब केल्यास विद्यार्थ्याला परीक्षेस अपात्र ठरविण्यात येईल. परीक्षा संपल्यानंतर विद्यार्थ्याने मूळ ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिका पर्यवेक्षकांकडे परत करणे आवश्यक आहे. तथापी, प्रश्नपत्रिका व ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेची द्वितीय प्रत आपल्याबरोबर नेण्यास विद्यार्थ्यांना परवानगी आहे. 10. फक्त निळ्या किंवा काळ्या बॉल पेनचाच वापर करावा. 11. कॅलक्युलेटर किंवा लॉग टेबल वापरण्यास परवानगी नाही. चकीच्या उत्तरासाठी गृण कपात केली जाणार नाही.

Life Science Paper II

Time Allowed: 75 Minutes] [Maximum Marks: 100

Note: This paper contains **Fifty (50)** multiple choice questions. Each question carries **Two (2)** marks. Attempt *All* questions.

- 1. Which of the following is *not* a component of sustainable development policy?
 - (A) Economic development
 - (B) Environmental protection
 - (C) Community development
 - (D) Over-utilization of natural resources
- 2. Which process introduces new alleles in a population ?
 - (A) Natural selection
 - (B) Mutation
 - (C) Genetic drift
 - (D) Genetic recombination
- 3. The active anti-cancer agents vinblastine and vincristine are obtained from:
 - (A) Carthamus tinctorius Linn.
 - (B) Cassytha filiformis Linn.
 - (C) Catheranthus roseus (L.) G.
 Dom
 - (D) Castanea sativa Mill

- 4. Drosophila pseudoobscura and Drosophila persimilis are called as:
 - (A) identical species
 - (B) sibling species
 - (C) biological species
 - (D) polytypic species
- 5. Which of the following is a natural system of classification of Angiosperms?
 - (A) Bessey's system
 - (B) Bentham and Hooker's system
 - (C) Engler and Prantl's system
 - (D) Hutchinson's system
- 6. Which of the following has the highest percentage of endangered animal species?
 - (A) Fishes
 - (B) Amphibia
 - (C) Reptiles
 - (D) Mammals

7.	Numerical taxonomy is based on	11.	Sex in Drosophila is determined by :
	evidence:		(A) X/A ratio
	(A) Cladistic		
	(B) Phenetic		(B) 22/2W chromosomes
	(C) Phylogenetic		(C) XX/XY chromosomes
	(D) Systematic		(D) E :
8.	Molecular systematics makes use of for identification of microbes.	12.	(D) Environmental regulation The 50 S ribosomal subunit is
	(A) 16s rDNA sequences		present in:
	(B) Alu repeats		(A) Prokaryotic cell only
	(C) Insertion sequences		(D) D +1 1 1 1 1
	(D) Satellites		(B) Both prokaryotic cell and
9.	Which of the following is not an in		eukaryotic cell
	situ strategy of conservation?		(C) Eubacteria only
	(A) Protected area		(D) Eukaryotic cell only
	(B) Terrestrial biosphere reserve		(D) Bukaryoute ten omy
	(C) Marine biosphere	13.	Which of the following is not an
	(D) Field gene bank		attribute of adaptive immune
	Which popular data matrix is		response?
	available for numerical taxonomy today ?		(A) Specificity
	(A) DELTA		(B) Diversity
	(B) GAMMA		(C) Sensitivity
	(C) THETA		•
	(D) FDGII OM		(D) Memory

(D) EPSILON

14.	Caspases are the effectors of	16.	The terminal caspase of intrinsic
	apoptosis belonging to the family of:		pathway is:
			(A) Caspase 9
	(A) Lipases		(B) APAF-1
	(B) Proteases		(C) Caspase 3
	(C) Kinases		(D) Caspase 8
	(D) Phosphotases	17.	Dorsal lip of blastopore of frog is
			equivalent to of chick embryo.
15.	Which of the following proteins,		(A) Koller's sickle
	integrins interact with, during cell-		(B) Hensen's node
	cell interactions with respect to		(C) Area opaca
ma	mammalian calla 2		(D) Area pellucida
	mammalian cells ?	18.	A competitive inhibitor of an
	(A) Fibronectins		enzyme:
	(B) Tubulins		(A) Decreases the K_m
	(C) Myosins		(B) Decreases the V_{max}
			(C) Increases both \boldsymbol{V}_{max} and \boldsymbol{K}_{m}
	(D) Myelins		(D) Increases the K

19.	Which of the following compounds	22.	"Synonymous codons" for amino
	is not an inhibitor of electron		acids in the "Genetic code" depict
	transport chain ?		that:
	(A) Rotenone		(A) Higher frequency of the codon
	(B) Antimycin A		results into higher percentage
	(C) Cyanide		of the amino acid in the
	(D) Dinitrophenol		proteins
20.	A solution of acidic buffer with a pH		(B) Mutation at the third position
	of 4.0 is times more acidic		of the codon may not result into
	than same buffer with a pH of 6.0.		defect in the protein
	(A) 2		(C) Mutation at the first position of
	(B) 100		the codon may not result into
	(C) 1000		defect into the protein
			(D) tRNA anticodon does not bind
	(D) 10		to the third position of the codon
21.	Which of the following coenzymes is	23.	A molecule of arachidonic acid
	involved in transamination reaction	20.	contains double bonds.
	of amino acid metabolism?		contains double bonds.
	(A) Pyridoxal phosphate		(A) 2
	(B) Thiamine pyrophosphate		(B) 3
	(C) NADH		(C) 4
	(D) Biotin		(D) 8

- 24. In CO_2 fixation pathway in crassulacean plants, which of the following is the acceptor of CO_2 ?
 - (A) Ribulose 1, 5 bisphosphate
 - (B) Phosphoenol pyruvate
 - (C) Ribulose 5 phosphate
 - (D) Oxaloacetate
- 25. Aldolase is an enzyme that catalyzes conversion of fructose 1,6 bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3 phosphate and dihydroxy acetone phosphate. It belongs to which of the following enzyme class?
 - (A) Oxidoreductases
 - (B) Ligases
 - (C) Hydrolase
 - (D) Lyases

- 26. A top athlete has a resting heart rate of 50 beats and cardiac output of 5 liters. What is his stroke volume?
 - (A) 50 mL
 - (B) 100 mL
 - (C) 200 mL
 - (D) 70 mL
- 27. The widest spectrum of physiological effects is caused by:
 - (A) Somatotropin
 - (B) Somatostatin
 - (C) Insulin
 - (D) Thyroxine
- 28. Filtration of blood through the glomerulus of a kidney under normal conditions is:
 - (A) a chemical process
 - (B) an energy dependent process
 - (C) a physical process
 - (D) a carrier-mediated process

- 29. The terms synapse and synapsis are respectively used in relation to:
 - (A) nervous system and chromosomal pairing
 - (B) cell fusion and nuclear fusion
 - (C) transcription and cell motility
 - (D) metabolism and protein synthesis
- 30. Which of the following molecules have cytoplasmic receptors?
 - (A) Thyroxine and Oestrogen
 - (B) Growth hormone and Progesterone
 - (C) Oestrogen and Progesterone
 - (D) Growth hormone and Oestrogen

- 31. _____ was the first growth hormone to be studied in plants.
 - (A) Gibberellin
 - (B) Cytokinin
 - (C) Auxin
 - (D) Abscisic acid
- 32. In epistasis:
 - (A) One gene mask the effect of another gene
 - (B) Two genes are complementary to each other
 - (C) Extra-nuclear genes are involved
 - (D) Suppressor genes are activated

- 33. Centromeres of mammalian chromosomes are characterized by:
 - (A) facultative heterochromatin and mid-replicating
 - (B) constitutive heterochromatin and late-replicating
 - (C) facultative heterochromatin and early-replicating
 - (D) DNA sequences with high recombination frequency
- 34. The product of transcription is a
 - (A) RNA
 - (B) functional mRNA
 - (C) pre-mRNA
 - (D) Sn RNAs

- - (A) Back cross
 - (B) Test cross
 - (C) Two-way cross
 - (D) Three-way cross
- 36. Which enzyme repair cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers?
 - (A) AP endonucleases
 - (B) DNA photolyases
 - (C) Dam methylases
 - (D) DNA polymerase II
- 37. Human monochromosomal hybrids for genome mapping are prepared by use of :
 - (A) Microcell mediated gene transfer
 - (B) Lipofection
 - (C) Retroviral vectors
 - (D) Electroporation

38.	Which is the most common transposable element in human?	41.	geographic isolation, in presence of barrier to gene flow is known as
	(A) AC elements(B) DS elements		speciation. (A) Isopatric (B) Allopatric
	(C) Alu	42.	(C) Sympatric
	(D) Ty elements		(D) Allelopatric
39.	What is the basic structural unit of chromatin?		Which of the following is used to assess whether or not a population is evolving?
	(A) DNA		(A) Extent of reproductive isolation among individuals in an
	(B) Chromatin fibre		allopatric population
	(C) Histones		(B) Genetic drift(C) Proportion between aquired
	(D) Nucleosome		variations
40.	The centre of origin of potato is:		(D) Hardy-Weinberg equation
	(A) Brazil		Coacervates were formed by:
	(B) Central Asia		(A) DNA(B) gamma radiations
	(C) Peru		(C) polymerization only
	(D) North-east Asia		(D) polymerization and aggregations

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44.	Which one of the following population of two species, one is inhibited and the other remain unaffected?	48.	Many of the tropical lakes rarely undergo vertical circulation of water Such lakes are termed
	(A) Parasitism		(A) amictic
	(B) Predation		(B) holomictic
	(C) Ammensalism		(C) monomictic
	(D) Commensalism		(D) oligomictic
45.	When a population remains on the ascending part of the logistic growth curve, it is known as:		Which of the following is <i>not</i> are endangered species?
	(A) K-strategists		(A) The rhesus macaque, Macaca
	(B) r-strategists		mulatta
	(C) Stationary phase		(B) Kashmir gray langur
	(D) Lag phase		Semnopithecus ajax
46.	First life on earth was:	50.	(C) Lion-tailed macaque, Macaco silenus
	(A) Cyanobacteria		
	(B) Saprophytes		(D) Hoolock gibbon, Hoolock
	(C) Chemo-heterotrophs		hoolock
	(D) Photo-autotrophs		is a very sensitive
47.	Which of the following is an edaphic factor ?		bioindicator of sulphur dioxide pollution in the air.
	(A) Light		(A) Wild rice
	(B) Rainfall		(B) Water cabbage
	(C) Soil		(C) Lichen

(D) Wind

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(D) False Ashoka

ROUGH WORK