

Test Booklet Code & Serial No.

प्रश्नपत्रिका कोड व क्रमांक

Paper-II

CHEMICAL SCIENCE

A

Signature and Name of Invigilator

Seat No.

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(In figures as in Admit Card)

1. (Signature)

(Name)

Seat No.

(In words)

2. (Signature)

(Name)

OMR Sheet No.

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(To be filled by the Candidate)

JAN - 33218

Time Allowed : 1¼ Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Number of Pages in this Booklet : 20

Number of Questions in this Booklet : 50

Instructions for the Candidates

- Write your Seat No. and OMR Sheet No. in the space provided on the top of this page.
- This paper consists of 50 objective type questions. Each question will carry two marks. All questions of Paper-II will be compulsory, covering entire syllabus (including all electives, without options).
- At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to the student. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as follows :
 - To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal or open booklet.
 - Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to missing pages/questions or questions repeated or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should not be accepted and correct booklet should be obtained from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given. The same may please be noted.**
 - After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
- Each question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.
Example : where (C) is the correct response.

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
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- Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the **OMR Sheet given inside the Booklet only**. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- Read instructions given inside carefully.
- Rough Work is to be done at the end of this booklet.
- If you write your Name, Seat Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- You have to return original OMR Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry the Test Booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination.
- Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.**
- Use of any calculator or log table, etc., is prohibited.**
- There is no negative marking for incorrect answers.**

विद्यार्थ्यांसाठी महत्वाच्या सूचना

- परिक्षार्थीनी आपला आसन क्रमांक या पृष्ठावरील वरच्या कोपऱ्यात लिहावा. तसेच आपणांस दिलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा क्रमांक त्याखाली लिहावा.
- सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेत 50 बहुपर्यायी प्रश्न आहेत. प्रत्येक प्रश्नास दोन गुण आहेत. या प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे अनिवार्य आहे. सदरचे प्रश्न हे या विषयाच्या संपूर्ण अभ्यासक्रमावर आधारित आहेत.
- परीक्षा सुरु झाल्यावर विद्यार्थ्यांला प्रश्नपत्रिका दिली जाईल. सुरुवातीच्या 5 मिनीटांमध्ये आपण सदर प्रश्नपत्रिका उघडून खालील बाबी अवश्य तपासून पहाव्यात.
 - प्रश्नपत्रिका उघडण्यासाठी प्रश्नपत्रिकेवर लावलेले सील उघडावे. सील नसलेली किंवा सील उघडलेली प्रश्नपत्रिका स्विकारू नये.
 - पहिल्या पृष्ठावर नमूद केल्याप्रमाणे प्रश्नपत्रिकेची एकूण पृष्ठे तसेच प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील एकूण प्रश्नांची संख्या पडताळून पहावी. पृष्ठे कमी असलेली/कमी प्रश्न असलेली/प्रश्नांचा चुकीचा क्रम असलेली किंवा इतर त्रुटी असलेली सदोष प्रश्नपत्रिका सुरुवातीच्या 5 मिनिटातच पर्यवेक्षकाला परत देऊन दुसरी प्रश्नपत्रिका मागवून घ्यावी. त्यानंतर प्रश्नपत्रिका बदलून मिळणार नाही तसेच वेळी वाढवून मिळणार नाही याची कृपया विद्यार्थ्यांनी नोंद घ्यावी.
 - वरीलप्रमाणे सर्व पडताळून पहिल्यानंतरच प्रश्नपत्रिकेवर ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेचा नंबर लिहावा.
- प्रत्येक प्रश्नासाठी (A), (B), (C) आणि (D) अशी चार विकल्प उत्तरे दिली आहेत. त्यातील योग्य उत्तराचा रकाना खाली दर्शविल्याप्रमाणे ठळकपणे काळ/निळ्या करावा.
उदा. : जर (C) हे योग्य उत्तर असेल तर.

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
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- या प्रश्नपत्रिकेतील प्रश्नांची उत्तरे ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेतच दर्शवावीत. इतर ठिकाणी लिहिलेली उत्तरे तपासली जाणार नाहीत.
- आत दिलेल्या सूचना काळजीपूर्वक वाचाव्यात.
- प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्या शेवटी जोडलेल्या कोऱ्या पानावरच कच्चे काम करावे.
- जर आपण ओ.एम.आर. वर नमूद केलेल्या ठिकाणा व्यतिरिक्त इतर कोठेही नाव, आसन क्रमांक, फोन नंबर किंवा ओळख पटेल अशी कोणतीही खूप केलेली आढळून आल्यास अथवा असभ्य भाषेचा वापर किंवा इतर गैरमागाचा अवलंब केल्यास विद्यार्थ्यांला परीक्षेस अपात्र ठरविण्यात येईल.
- परीक्षा संपल्यानंतर विद्यार्थ्यांनि मूळ ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिका पर्यवेक्षकांकडे परत करणे आवश्यक आहे. तथापी, प्रश्नपत्रिका व ओ.एम.आर. उत्तरपत्रिकेची द्वितीय प्रत आपल्याबरोबर नेण्यास विद्यार्थ्यांना परवानगी आहे.
- फक्त निळ्या किंवा काळ्या बॉल पेनचाच वापर करावा.**
- कॅलक्युलेटर किंवा लॉग टेबल वापरण्यास परवानगी नाही.**
- चुकीच्या उत्तरासाठी गुण कपात केली जाणार नाही.**

JAN - 33218/II—A

Chemical Science
Paper II

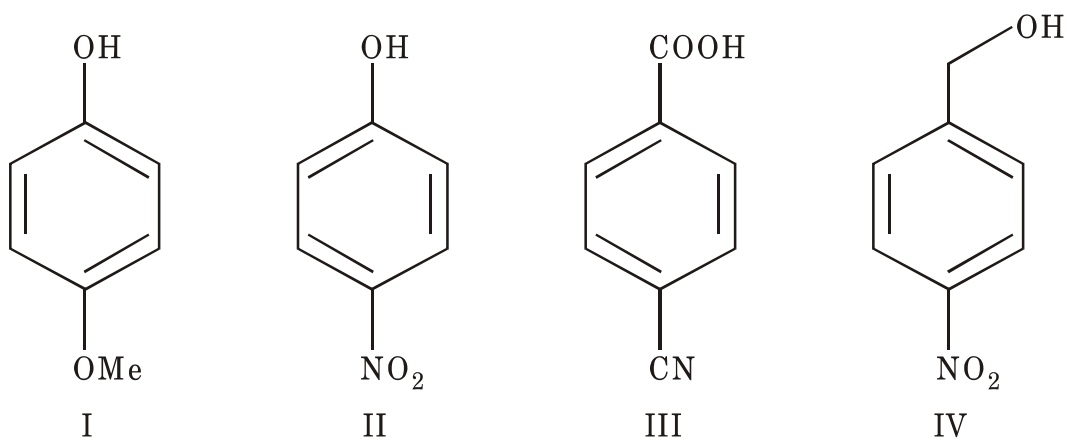
Time Allowed : 75 Minutes]**[Maximum Marks : 100****Note : This Paper contains Fifty (50) multiple choice questions. Each question carrying Two (2) marks. Attempt All questions.**

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1. The number of Metal-Metal bonds in $[\text{Re}_2\text{Cl}_8]^{2-}$ is/are :
(A) One (B) Two
(C) Three (D) Four
 2. The structure of $(\text{NH}_3)_3\text{CrO}_4$ is :
(A) Trigonal bipyramid (B) Pentagonal bipyramid
(C) Square Pyramid (D) Pentagonal Pyramid
 3. In gas chromatography, the basis of separation of the components is the difference in :
(A) Conductivity (B) Molecular Weight
(C) Molarity (D) Partition Coefficient
 4. The normality of a solution is determined by four separate titrations, the results being 0.2041, 0.2049, 0.2039 and 0.2043. The average deviation for the results is :
(A) 0.0003 (B) 0.2043
(C) 0.0006 (D) 0.0009
 5. In the Kroll process Titanium is extracted by reducing TiCl_4 with..... metal.
(A) Barium (B) Magnesium
(C) Aluminum (D) Zinc
 6. The X-band EPR spectra of phenyl radical will exhibit.....lines.
(A) 3 (B) 8
(C) 18 (D) 28
-

7. The staggered configuration of ferrocene $[\text{Fe}(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)_2]$ belong to..... symmetry group.
- (A) C_{5v} (B) C_{5h}
 (C) D_{5d} (D) D_{5h}
8. The spin only magnetic moment for a first row transition metal ion with $3F_4$ ground state term is :
- (A) 3.87 B.M. (B) 4.90 B.M.
 (C) 2.83 B.M. (D) 5.92 B.M.
9. Crystal Field Stabilization Energy for a d^3 ion in tetrahedral geometry is :
- (A) -1.2 (B) -0.8
 (C) -0.4 (D) 0.0
10. Which of the following statements is true with respect to ^{57}Fe Mossbauer spectra of (i) $\text{FeSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$, (ii) $\text{K}_4[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$, (iii) $\text{Na}_2[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_5\text{NO}] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$?
- (A) singlet in (i), doublet in (ii) and (iii)
 (B) singlet in (ii), doublet in (i) and (iii)
 (C) singlet in (i), and (iii), doublet in (ii)
 (D) doublet in (i), (ii) and (iii)
11. The geometry of the interhalogen compound BrF_3 is :
- (A) Square planar (B) Tetrahedral
 (C) Octahedron (D) Trigonal bipyramid

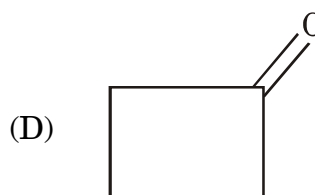
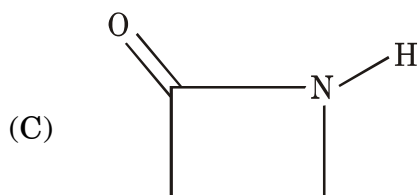
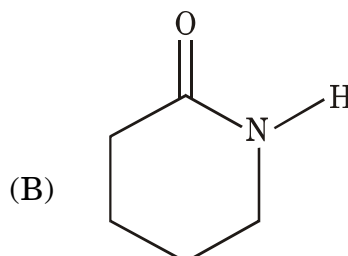
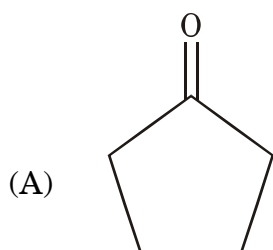
12. The IUPAC nomenclature of $[\text{Co}\cdot\text{Cl}\cdot\text{CN}\cdot\text{NO}_2\cdot(\text{NH}_3)_3]$ is :
- (A) Triamminechloridocyanidonitrocobalt (III)
(B) Chloridocyanidonitrotriamminecobalt (III)
(C) Cyanidochloridonitrotriamminecobalt (III)
(D) Triamminechloridonitrocyanidocobalt (III)
13. The cation of dichloro bis(ethylenediamine) cobalt (III) belongs to D_3 symmetry is an example of :
- (A) Coordination isomerism (B) Optical isomerism
(C) Linkage isomerism (D) Ionization isomerism
14. The 1G term of nd^2 configuration can be assigned to :
- (A) 45 microstates (B) 9 microstates
(C) 21 microstates (D) 15 microstates
15. The F—N—F bond angle in NF_3 is :
- (A) $109^\circ 28'$ (B) $107^\circ 48'$
(C) $102^\circ 30'$ (D) $104^\circ 27'$
16. The *correct* order of First Ionization energy of group 13 elements is :
- (A) $\text{B} > \text{Tl} > \text{Ga} > \text{Al} > \text{In}$ (B) $\text{B} > \text{Tl} > \text{Al} > \text{Ga} > \text{In}$
(C) $\text{B} > \text{Al} > \text{Ga} > \text{In} > \text{Tl}$ (D) $\text{B} > \text{Ga} > \text{Tl} > \text{In} > \text{Al}$
17. The ionophore valinomycin is highly selective for :
- (A) K^+ (B) Na^+
(C) Mg^{2+} (D) Ca^{2+}

18. Common feature of CO, CN⁻ and NO⁺ ligands is :
- (A) They have empty π orbitals
 (B) They act as π donor ligands
 (C) They are all weak field ligands
 (D) They decrease the value of Δ_0
19. Number of stereoisomers possible for the compound, CH₃CH = CH—CH(OH)CH = CHCH₃ is :
- (A) 4
 (B) 6
 (C) 7
 (D) 8
20. The *correct* order of acidity for the following compounds is :

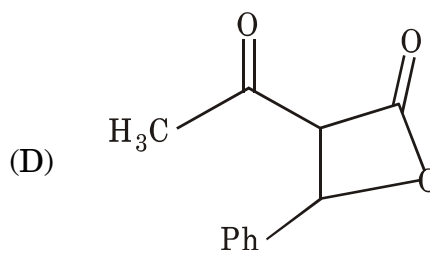
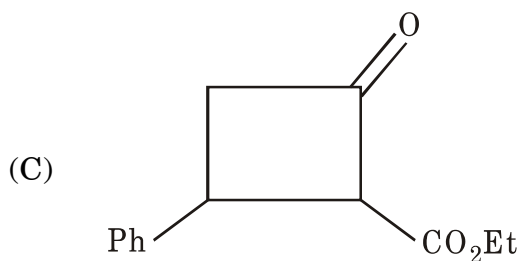
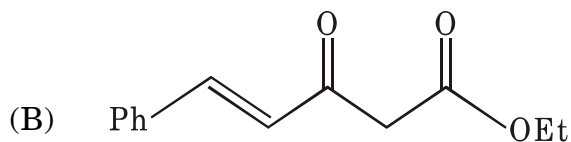
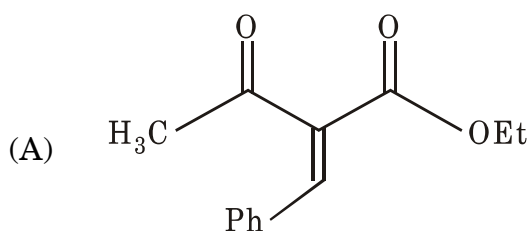
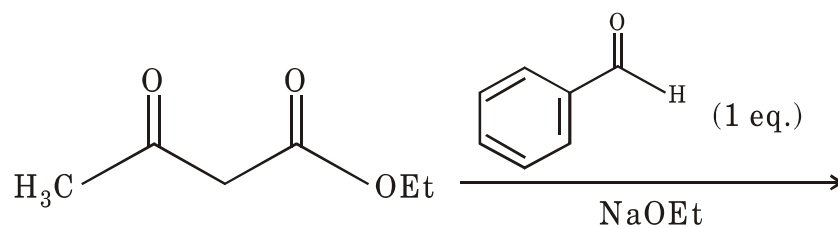


- (A) III > I > II > IV
 (B) II > III > I > IV
 (C) IV > II > I > III
 (D) III > II > I > IV

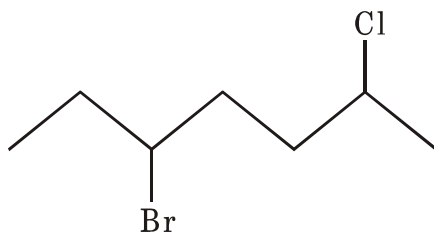
23. Amongst the following, the compound that will show IR absorption band at 1780 cm^{-1} is :



24. Major product of the following reaction is :



25. The *correct* IUPAC nomenclature of the following compound is :

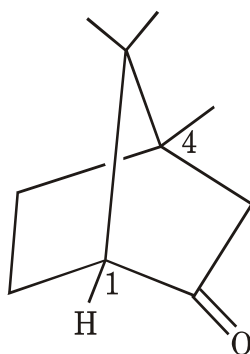


- (A) 5-Bromo-2-chloroheptane (B) 2-Chloro-5-bromoheptane
 (C) 3-Bromo-6-chloroheptane (D) 6-Chloro-3-bromoheptane

26. Number of signals observed in the ^1H NMR spectrum is *p*-tolualdehyde is :

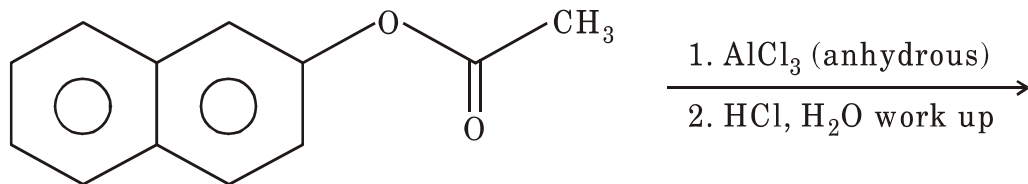
- (A) 3 (B) 4
 (C) 5 (D) 6

27. The *correct* absolute configuration for the chiral centers in the following compound is :



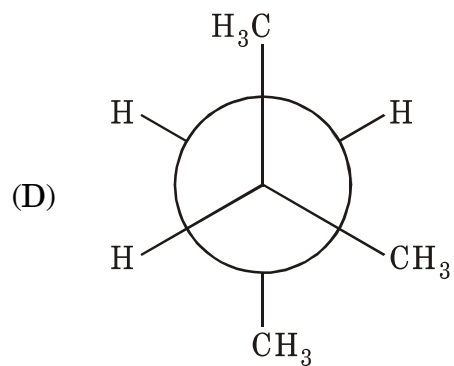
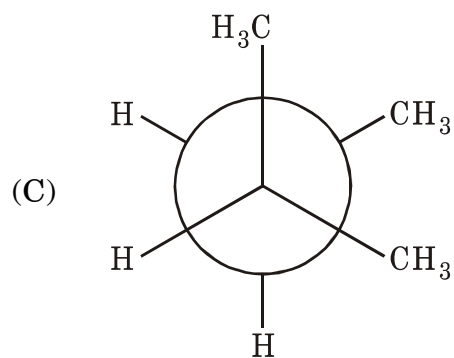
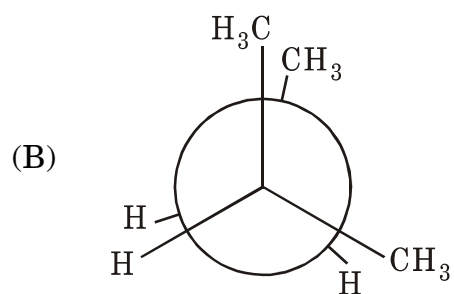
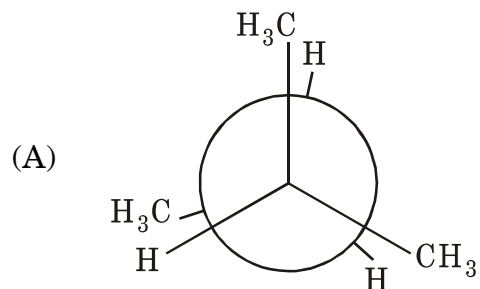
- (A) 1S, 4S (B) 1S, 4R
 (C) 1R, 4R (D) 1R, 4S

28. Major product formed in the following reaction is :

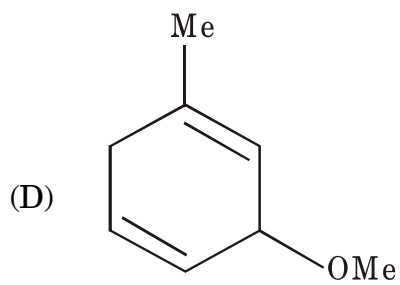
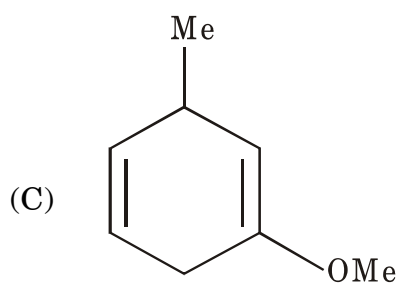
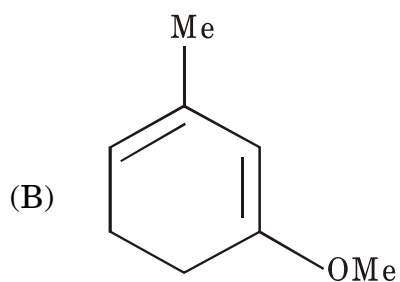
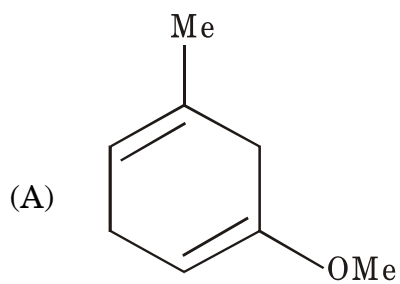
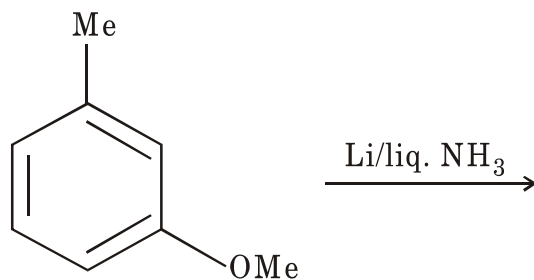


- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)

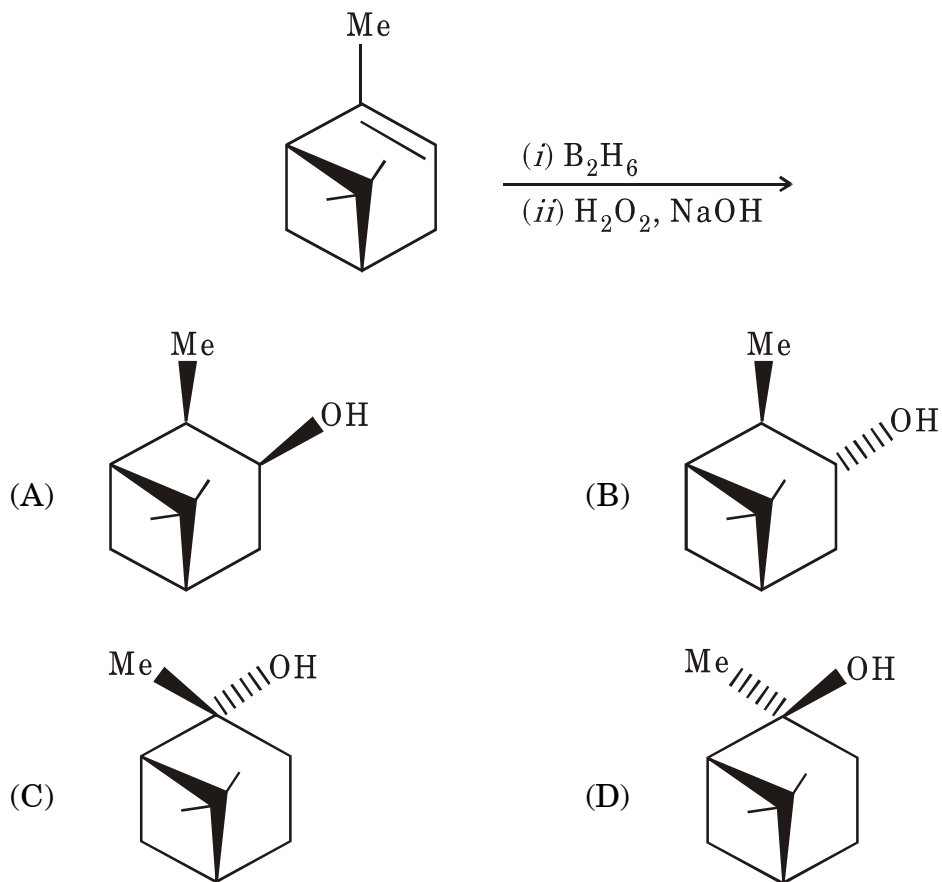
31. The least stable conformation of 2-methylbutane is :



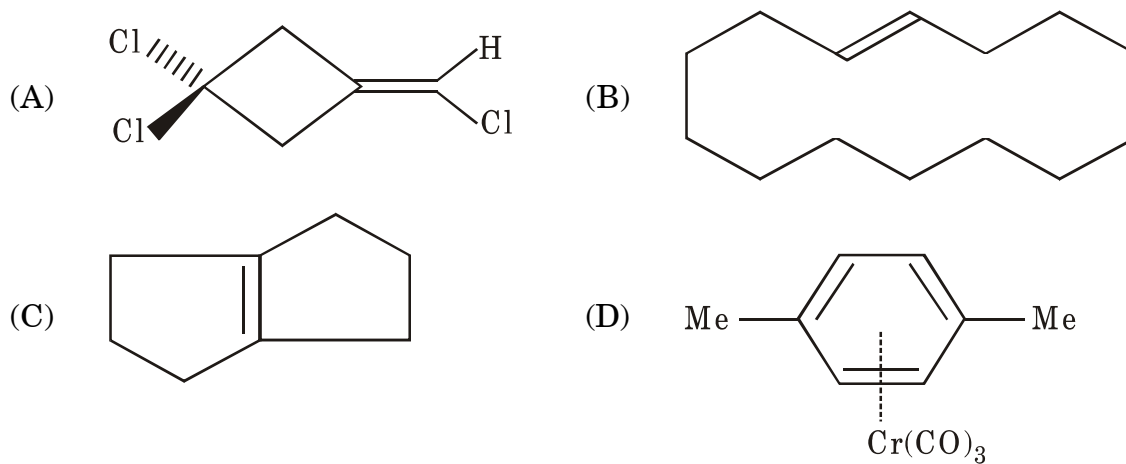
32. The major product formed in the following reactions is :



33. Major product formed in the following reaction is :

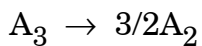


34. Chiral compound amongst the following is :

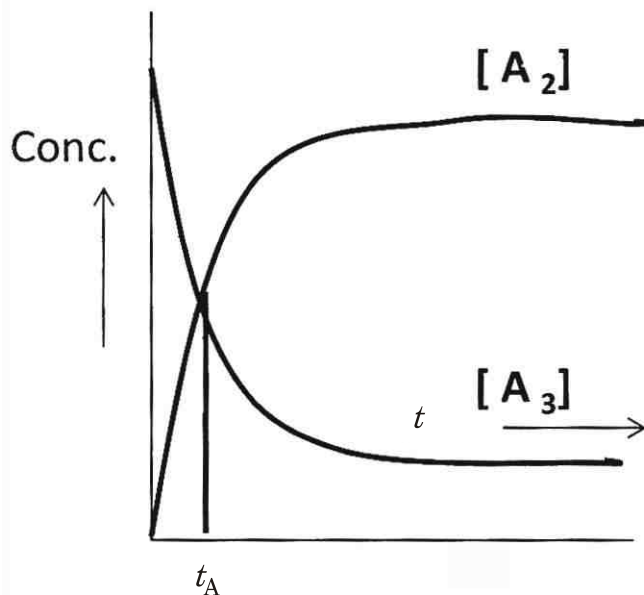


35. The freezing point of a mixture containing 1.60 g of naphthalene (molar mass = 128 g mol^{-1}) and 20 g of benzene (molar mass = 78 g mol^{-1}) is 2.8°C and that of pure benzene is 5.5°C . The value of the molal freezing point depression constant of benzene is :
- (A) $4.3^\circ\text{C kg mol}^{-1}$ (B) $4.3^\circ\text{C g mol}^{-1}$
 (C) $4.3^\circ\text{C mol kg}^{-1}$ (D) $5.1^\circ\text{C mol g}^{-1}$
36. The vapour pressure of 0.5 M aqueous KNO_3 solution is 749.7 torr at 100°C . The activity of water in this solution at 100°C is :
- (A) 0.9218 (B) 1.0023
 (C) 1.0230 (D) 0.9864
37. When an ideal kept in a closed container at constant volume was cooled from 50°C to 25°C , it will lead to :
- (A) Increase in the numbers of collisions per unit time
 (B) Increase in the mean free path of the gas
 (C) Increase in the average velocity of the gas
 (D) Decrease in the average velocity of the gas

38. For the decomposition reaction



The following concentration Vs. time profiles were obtained. At time t_A , percentage of A_3 decomposed is :



- | | |
|--------|--------|
| (A) 75 | (B) 50 |
| (C) 25 | (D) 10 |

39. In the reaction :



When the reaction is in equilibrium, which of the following will increase the amount of ClF_3 ?

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (I) Increasing the temperature | |
| (II) Increasing the volume of the reactor | |
| (III) Removing Cl_2 | |
| (IV) Adding F_2 | |
| (A) I, II and III | (B) IV only |
| (C) I and IV | (D) II and IV |

40. In the reaction :



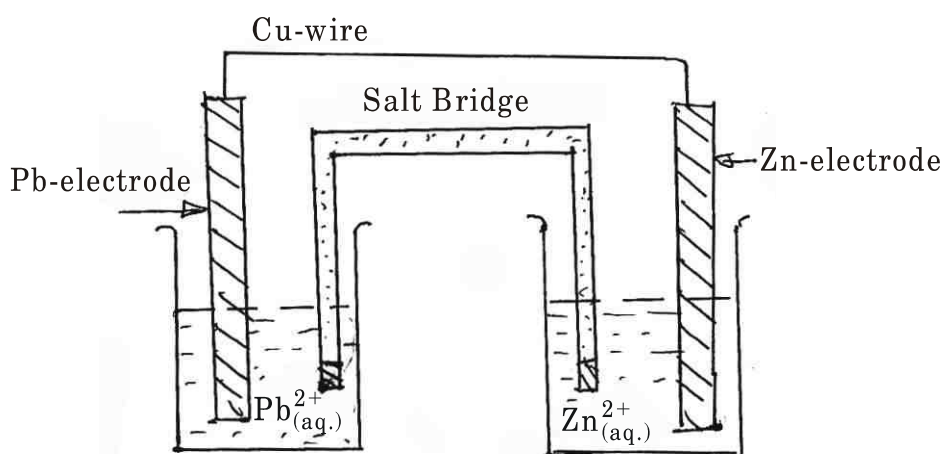
Which element represented by X is industrially used to produce Zn metal ?

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| (A) Cu | (B) C |
| (C) Hg | (D) Pb |

41. Which of the following is *not* a redox reaction ?

- (A) $\text{CuO} + \text{H}_2 \longrightarrow \text{Cu} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- (B) $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 3\text{CO} \longrightarrow 2\text{Fe} + 3\text{CO}_2$
- (C) $2\text{K} + \text{F}_2 \longrightarrow 2\text{KF}$
- (D) $\text{BaCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \longrightarrow \text{BaSO}_4 + 2\text{HCl}$

42.

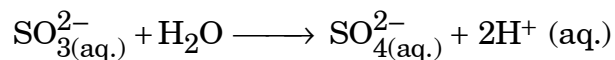


Which of the following statements best describes the flow of electrons in the above electrochemical cell ?

- (A) From Pb electrode to Zn electrode through the Cu wire
 - (B) From Pb electrode to Zn electrode through the salt bridge
 - (C) From the Zn electrode to Pb electrode through the salt bridge
 - (D) From Zn electrode to Pb electrode through Cu wire
43. A radioactive substances has half life of 140 days. The fraction of the substance that will remain after 2 years and 250 days is :

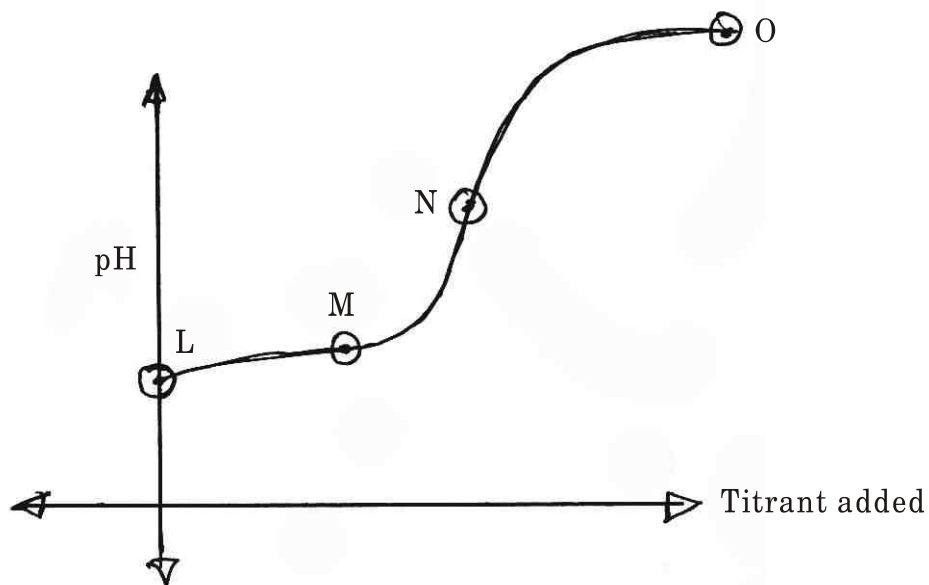
- (A) 1/7
- (B) 1/14
- (C) 127/128
- (D) 1/128

44. To balance the following reaction :



one needs to :

- (A) Add $2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ to the left side
 (B) Add $2e^-$ to the right side
 (C) Add $2e^-$ to the left side
 (D) Multiply both sides by a factor of 2
45. When a small amount of copper powder is added to ZnSO_4 solution, what would be the observation ?
 (A) Effervescence (B) Precipitation of a white solid
 (C) Formation of a blue solution (D) No reaction
46. General acid (A) Base (B) titration curve is represented as follows :



What should be the equation for estimation of pH at point (L) :

- (A) $\text{pH} = \text{pK}_w + \log [\text{B}]$ (B) $\text{pH} = \frac{1}{2}\text{pK}_a + \frac{1}{2}\text{pK}_w$
 (C) $\text{pH} = \frac{1}{2}\text{pK}_a - \frac{1}{2} \log [\text{A}]_{\text{initial}}$ (D) $\text{pH} = \text{pK}_a$

47. The stoichiometric point of the titration of 25.0 mL, 0.100 M HClO with 0.10 M NaOH_(aq) occurs when the molar concentration of NaClO is 0.050 M. The pH of this solution is about (given pK_a of HClO = 7.43; log 0.05 = - 1.301)
- (A) 2.63 (B) 3.94
(C) 10.10 (D) 11.36
48. Hydride ion (H⁻) is :
- (A) Not isoelectric with He (B) Bronsted-Lowrry base of H₂
(C) Bronsted acid of OH⁻ (D) A Lewis acid
49. The pH of 0.2M HCN_(aq.) is (pK_a of HCN = 9.31; log₁₀ 2 = 0.3010 and log₁₀ 0.2 = - 0.6990) :
- (A) 5.0 (B) 9.6
(C) 8.6 (D) 4.3
50. Which of the following is the strongest conjugate base ?
- (A) ClCH₂COO⁻ (B) Cl·CH₂·CH₂COO⁻
(C) CH₃COO⁻ (D) Cl₂CHCOO⁻

JAN - 33218/II—A

ROUGH WORK